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GARDEN Book •

ALBAMONT GARDENS
Campton, New Hampshire

ALBAMONT GARDENS

In the White Mountains

CAMPTON • NEW HAMPSHIRE

Telephone: CAMPTON 40

HOW TO ORDER

We respectfully request customers to follow these instructions and to fill out order sheets carefully.

Early Orders—Kindly send in your order as soon as convenient after receiving catalog. Our rush season comes in the months of March and April. Orders received earliest secure the promptest shipment and from our complete stocks.

Order Sheet—Use the order sheet accompanying this catalog. Please fill in all particulars carefully and distinctly with your Zone Number and keep a copy of your order.

Seed and Bulb Orders should have the quantity required written distinctly in the column provided for same, with prices. Flower seeds should be ordered by name.

Plant and Tree Orders should be written on the order sheet, and should state quantity, size or age required of each variety, with the price for same carried out. No plants, trees or shrubs sent C.O.D.

C. O. D. Orders—Owing to the extra cost of collecting we will not fill any C.O.D. mail order for less than \$5.00. We do not prepay any C.O.D. orders and will not ship plants, trees, shrubs or other perishable goods C.O.D.

Mistakes—These will happen in spite of all care. Write us at once with copy of original order if possible, and mistakes will be promptly rectified. Please do not return goods until you hear from us.

Order Trees, Shrubs and Hardy Vines, if possible, before end of May—it gives us more time for selecting, packing and shipping when the planting season opens up. Early orders receive first attention.

All Trees, Shrubs and Hardy Plants are shipped as soon as weather permits. Tender plants from greenhouses for bedding, etc., are shipped after frosts are past, usually after May 15th. State plainly date and manner of shipping you wish.

Parcel Post—Fourth class mail matter, which includes seeds, plants, bulbs, roots, books, tools, insecticides (that are non-poisonous), odorless fertilizers and requisites, may be forwarded by domestic parcel post within the United States. We recommend this mode of conveyance for all seeds and bulbs, where weight permits, also implements, insecticides, etc., where we give available weights throughout the catalog.

Please mark Zone Number in the space provided for same on the top right hand corner of all orders which you send to us.

Express Shipments—General orders for Garden Seeds, where Peas, Beans and Corn form a large proportion, are best sent this way. Orders over **5 lbs.** weight going to 5th Zone and beyond, will travel cheaper by express than by parcel post.

Send remittance by registered letters or postoffice or express money orders. Do not send loose currency or stamps in letter, unless registered. Registered letters can be sent from any postoffice, and your receipt sent you by return mail if demanded by you, by which you know it has reached us. Make money orders payable to "Albamont Gardens." (Mark your Zone Number on order).

FREE DELIVERY

All Flower Seeds prepaid.

All Vegetable Seeds up to 2 lbs. prepaid. Over 2 lbs. by express or freight at buyer's expense.

All Bulbs, and Dahlias, bought at single and dozen prices are prepaid to 5th Zone from Campton. Larger quantities by express at buyer's expense.

All Roses shipped F.O.B. Campton, N. H.

All Trees and Shrubs, F.O.B. Campton, N. H.

All Plants, Perennial and Annual, including Cannas, by express at buyer's expense, F.O.B. Campton, N. H.

All Plant Collections shipped by express at buyer's expense, F.O.B. Campton, N. H.

Insecticides and Fertilizers are F.O.B. Campton, N. H., and shipped at buyer's expense.

On all orders of Lawn Grass Seeds amounting to \$2.00 or over, we prepay transportation within 300 miles of Campton, N. H.

These **Special Free Deliveries** do not include C.O.D. shipments, which travel at buyer's expense.

By Express—We advise for safety against injury, to use express shipments on parcels weighing over 15 lbs. or on all breakable ware.

OUR TERMS

Customers not having an account are requested to send cash with order or furnish reference. We prefer not to send C.O.D., but if wanted by that method, customers should enclose one-fourth of the amount in remittance with order. *No trees, plants or other perishable stock and no order less than \$5.00 are sent C.O.D.*

OUR RESPONSIBILITY

It is so manifestly impossible for a seller of any perishable article to be responsible for what may happen to it after it leaves his hand, specially one like seeds, which are planted in the ground under varying conditions of soil and climate, that we, in common with all American seed houses, disclaim responsibility as to the crop which may be raised from seeds which we sell.

At the same time, in case of any failure to secure proper results caused from some inherent fault in the seeds themselves, Albamont Gardens accepts responsibility, *not for crop, but to the extent of the amount of money paid* for the seeds, *if we are immediately advised* in case of any failure.

We wish it understood that all our stocks are sold under the following conditions:

We do not warrant in any way, expressed or implied, the contents or the description, purity, productiveness or any other matter of any seeds, bulbs, plants, shrubs or trees sold by us, and we will not be in any way responsible for the crop. If the purchaser does not accept these goods on above terms, no sale is made thereof, and he must return them at once, and money will be refunded. Subject to above conditions, we make this sale at the moderate prices at which we sell our goods.

PARCEL POST RATES BY ZONES

Domestic Parcel Post Rates		First	Each
	On Seeds, Plants, Bulbs, Roots, Books, Tools, etc. within U.S. and Possessions	pound or fraction	additional pound or fraction
First Zone—Campton, N. H., or 50 miles thereof...		7c.	1c.
Second Zone—within 50 to 150 miles of Campton, N. H.		7c.	1c.
Third Zone—within 150 to 300 miles.... <i>(See our Prepaid Offer above for Zones 1 to 3)</i>		8c.	2c.
Fourth Zone—within 300 to 600 miles...		8c.	4c.
Fifth Zone—within 600 to 1000 miles...		9c.	6c.
Sixth Zone—within 1000 to 1400 miles...		10c.	8c.
Seventh Zone—within 1400 to 1800 miles...		12c.	10c.
Eighth Zone—all over 1800 miles and Canada.....		13c.	12c.

All parcels under 8 ozs. are carried everywhere regardless of Zone rates at 1c. for 2 ozs. Packages of such size Albamont Gardens prepays *free*—but seeds ordered, at peck, bushel or 5-lb. rates, or bought in even larger quantities at cheaper prices, should go by freight when possible, at buyer's expense.

ALBAMONT FLOWERS

We Announce a Most Complete Flower and Plant Service

FRESH cut flowers for all occasions, funeral flowers in sprays, beautiful baskets or artistic designs at very reasonable prices. Free delivery of flowers anywhere within 100 miles.

Our own line of flower seeds carefully selected to produce the best results in northern New England, and comprising the finest sorts of all the old garden favorites together with the most striking novelties of recent introduction, including many wonderful improved varieties offered for the first time this year.

There are no fresher, higher quality flower seeds than we offer.

Vegetable Seeds of dependable quality in all leading sorts.

Summer Flowering Bulbs—Cannas, Hardy Lilies, Dahlias, Gladiolus, Tuberoses and Tuberous Rooted Begonias.

Perennials of all kinds, including our famous Albamont Delphiniums.

Hardy Shrubs, Vines and Evergreens.

Wonderful assortment of big, husky Geraniums for planting out Decoration Day.

The most beautiful colored collection of Pansies you ever have seen—big, rugged plants that have been in our beds at Campton through the Winter. Ready to transplant to your garden in May. They are sure to grow and bloom profusely, because they are native grown.

Extra strong Tomato Plants grown individually and thoroughly hardened off so you can plant them out about June 1st and begin picking ripe Tomatoes about July 10th, and continue all Summer. The kind that does not check, but grows right along.

Italian Broccoli, Cauliflower, Cabbage, Kale, Pepper and other vegetable plants ready May 15th.

Aster, Calendula, Cannas, Cosmos, Larkspur, Marigold, Petunia, Snapdragon, Salvia, Zinnia and other annual flowering plants ready May 15th.

Fertilizers and Insecticides, everything for the garden beautiful. Catalog on request from the largest greenhouse plant and flower garden North of Concord.

In this catalog we make no attempt to offer ordinary sorts of seeds and plants of mediocre value. On the contrary we offer only varieties of real proven merit, and which are particularly suited to our northern New England conditions.

All of our plants are grown right here at Campton, in such a way as to give them unusual health and vigor.

Many of our seeds are grown here also, particularly such outstanding specialties as Albamont Wonder Tomatoes, Albamont Burbank Sweet Corn and Albamont Masterpiece String Beans.

In making our seed selections, we have been governed by one thing only and that is quality—supreme high quality.

As a result, we feel we offer you the best seeds money can buy and at prices no higher than you would pay for ordinary stuff of unknown or doubtful origin put out in large gaudy packets that have little seed in them.

During recent years there have been great changes in the flower buying public's mind. They have been astonished at the wonders the Master Plant Breeders have worked in many old time favorites.

Delphiniums have been developed in a remarkable manner and we at Albamont consider we have the finest selection of this wonderful flower.

Zinnias have leaped into the forefront of popularity, due largely to the work of Bodgers of California. Their Gold Medal, Giant Dahlia Flowered Zinnias which we offer, are without a peer. And the various other types of Zinnias we offer are also all grown by Bodger. Zinnias, undoubtedly, produce the maximum of flowers with the minimum of trouble and disease in production of any flower in existence, and you have never seen real Zinnias until you have seen these grown from genuine Bodger seed.

Larkspurs are another exceptional annual which are easy to grow and produce wonderful results either in the garden or as cut flowers.

The new, upright stock flowered sorts are truly wonderful. Such varieties as Los Angeles, Miss California, Improved Exquisite Pink, Improved Exquisite Rose, Carmine King, White Spire, Lilac Spire and Blue Spire are of outstanding merit.

Calendulas with their bright shades of orange have also been greatly improved and we offer all the finest sorts.

California Poppies are very hardy, make fine cut flowers if cut just as they come in bloom, and offer an unusually wide range of beautiful colors.

The Larkspur illustrated in color on the front cover page is the new variety Los Angeles, listed on page 9

GENERAL LIST OF FLOWER SEEDS

ACROCLINIUM

The Acrocliniums are perhaps the most valuable of the Everlastings, bearing pretty rose pink and white flowers which should be cut before they become fully expanded, and dried for Winter decorations. They are among the most rapid growing annuals, flowering in six or seven weeks from the time of sowing. 1 foot.

Mixed. Pkt. 10c., $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 35c.

AGERATUM

Half hardy annual. Easily raised from seed sown early in a hotbed or in the house and planted out of doors in May. Blooms from early Summer until frost. The dwarf varieties are excellent for edging and border work; the tall sorts for cutting.

Blue Perfection. Dark, large, 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Pkt. 15c., $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 75c.

Dwarf Blue. Dark blue. Habit very dwarf and compact; fine bedding variety. 9 in. Pkt. 15c., $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. \$1.00.

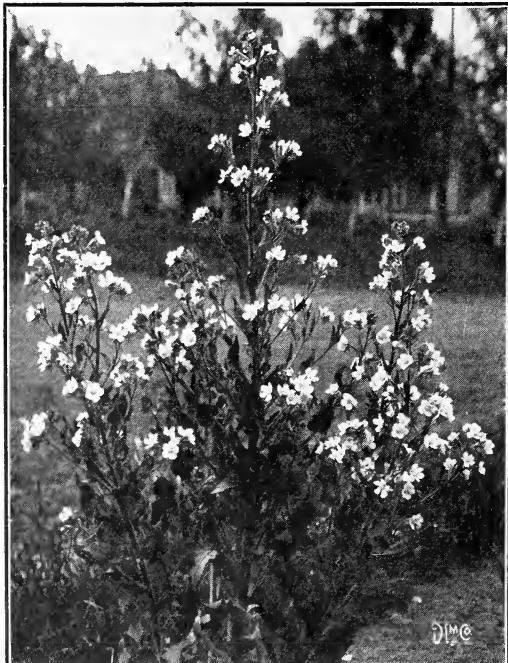
ALYSSUM, SWEET

Hardy annual. One of the best known annuals; used extensively for bordering and edging, also valuable for cutting. Flowers from early Summer till late Fall.

Benthami. Fragrant, 10 in. Pkt. 10c., oz. 50c., 4 ozs. \$1.50.



AGERATUM, BLUE PERFECTION



ANCHUSA, ANNUAL BLUE

ANCHUSA

Annual Blue. A very showy variety with rich, dark blue flowers borne on long stems. Excellent for bees. 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Pkt. 25c., $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 75c.

ASTERS

One of the very best annuals for cut flowers. The Aster is of easy culture and very popular. Plants from seed sown in open ground in May bloom freely in September and October. For July and August flowers, sow in March or April in coldframe, spent hotbed, or in pots or boxes in the house. Cover the seeds about $\frac{1}{2}$ inch deep with rich, light soil and when the plants have three or four leaves, transplant about 18 inches apart each way into well prepared beds. Manure too fresh or used in too large quantities sometimes induces disease in Asters. When used, they should be thoroughly well decayed and mixed with the soil.

NEW AND IMPROVED STRAINS

CALIFORNIA GIANT ASTERS

Superb Asters of the Crego type. The immense flowers resemble Japanese Chrysanthemums and are borne singly on rigid, upright stems; unsurpassed for table decoration. The petals are beautifully twisted and interlaced. 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ feet.

Mixed. Pkt. 50c.

ASTERS—Continued**IMPROVED CALIFORNIA SUNSHINE ASTERS**

A new and distinct type of dainty single flowers with crested and quilled golden yellow centers. Of branching habit, long stemmed and very decorative. Particularly fine for cutting.

Mixed. Pkt. 25c.

CALIFORNIA GIANT SINGLE

We are offering this wonderful Aster for the first time this year. It was developed out of the California Giant Double type. The flowers are large, measuring 3 to 4 inches across, with stems 18 to 24 inches in length. The petal has a slight twist, which adds a piquant touch to its beauty. The white blossoms resemble Shasta Daisies in appearance, but their greater length of stem makes them more graceful and better adapted to florists' use. In the garden Aster, California Giant Single adds a charming note of simplicity among the fuller types of Asters. We believe this new, single type of Aster is destined to become very popular.

Mixed. Pkt. 15c.

CREGO'S GIANT ASTERS

A magnificent Aster of the Comet type. Well branched, with long, strong stems and large, loose, feathery heads. 2 feet.

Mixed. Pkt. 15c.

GIANT COMET ASTERS

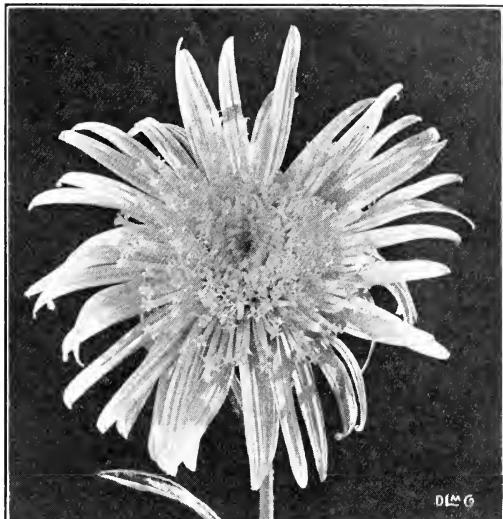
Elegant flowers with long, wavy, twisted petals like Japanese Chrysanthemums. They are admirable for vases and table decorations, producing a striking and exceedingly graceful effect. 2 feet.

Mixed. Pkt. 15c.

Collection of 6 separate varieties, our selection, 75c.



GIANT SINGLE ASTERS



IMPROVED CALIFORNIA SUNSHINE ASTERS

GIANT PEONY FLOWERED ASTERS

(Late Flowering)

An improved American Beauty type. The flowers are of immense size, very double and are borne on long stems, free from laterals. Keeps well after cutting.

Pkt.

Azure Fairy. Clear azure blue.....\$0.35

Maidens Blush. Delicate flesh..... .35

Swansdown. Pure white..... .35



CALIFORNIA GIANT ASTERS (See page 2)

ASTERS—Continued

MORETON PINK

A most beautiful Aster of the Giant Comet type. Large, loosely arranged blossoms of deep, rich, radiant pink. Plant is of branching habit and blooms profusely. Pkt. 15c.

OSTRICH FEATHERED ASTERS

(Midseason Flowering)

Extremely graceful Aster, with large, loose, feathery heads, unrivaled for table decoration; flowers double and semi-double. The branching habit makes this a conspicuous border plant. Height 18 inches. Pkt.

Crimson	\$0.10	Light Blue	\$0.10
Rose Pink.....	.10	White.....	.10
Dark Blue.....	.10	Rose.....	.10
Shell Pink.....	.10	Mixed.....	.10

ANTIRRHINUM (Snapdragon)

Half hardy perennial. Usually treated as an annual. One of the finest flowers for cutting in existence, bearing long spikes of gorgeously colored flowers. Grown extensively under glass in the Winter. Seed sown in the house or hotbed during February or March will flower in July and continue until frost.

NEW GIANT FLOWEDED

These new varieties are indescribably beautiful and surpass any so far introduced in brilliance and beauty. The individual blooms are huge and are closely set on the 3 feet long spikes. Marvelous either in the garden or cut for home decoration. May be grown as successfully under glass as out of doors. These varieties have exceptional merit.

Pkts. only, each 25c.

Apple Blossom. Rosy pink; yellow lip.
Canary Bird. Soft canary yellow; deeper yellow lip.
Cattleya. Exquisite rosy lilac.
Copper King. A velvety copper scarlet.
Defiance. Brilliant scarlet.



CREGO GIANT ASTERS (See page 3)

Golden Queen. Deep golden yellow; rosy lilac throat.

Gotelind. Bright orange. Very effective.

Old Gold. Deep yellow, flushed rose.

Purple King. Deep velvety purple.

Ruby. A gorgeous shade of ruby red.

Snowflake. Pure white with yellow throat.

The Rose. Beautiful clear rose pink.

Mixed. A well blended mixture.

BALSAM

Half hardy annual. Of pyramidal growth bearing double, Roselike flowers which cover the whole plant; bloom profusely all Summer. Delights in rich soil and full sun.

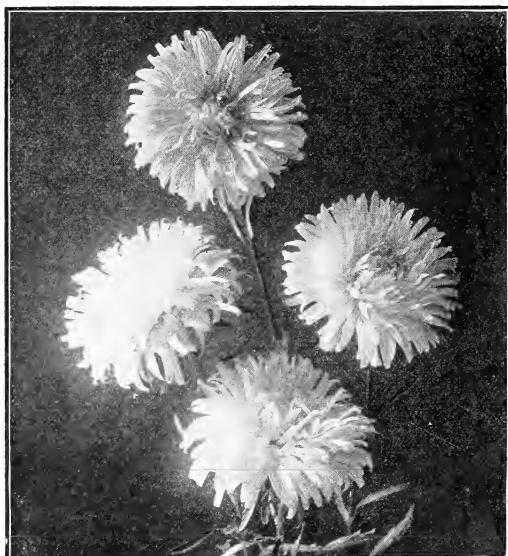
Improved Double Camellia Flowered. In its extraordinary size, perfect form and brilliant colors, this fine strain of Balsam surpasses all others. Height 18 in. Pkt. 15c.

CALENDULA

Very hardy annual, 1 foot high, blooming freely practically the whole Summer. It is one of the easiest culture and is desirable for rather inferior soils, where less sturdy flowers do not thrive. Calendulas make one of our finest garden flowers. A hard frost will not hurt them.

Campfire. A Calendula of vigorous growth; the flowers borne on stout stems, are flat and are undoubtedly larger than those of any type previously introduced. The color is a brilliant orange with a scarlet sheen and a full yellow center. Excellent for growing under glass. Pkt. 15c. $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 50c.

Radio. The flowers are globular in shape and made up of beautifully quilled petals, producing a novel appearance quite unlike any other Calendula. The color of Radio is dark orange, but the depth of the flower accentuates this color. Pkt. 15c. $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 50c.



GIANT COMET ASTERS. (See page 3)

CALENDULA—Continued

Ball's Orange. Deep glowing orange; large, double flowers. Pkt. 15c., $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 50c.

Ball's Gold. Deep golden yellow flowers borne on long stems. Pkt. 15c., $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 50c.

Ball's Supreme. Rich light orange with dark brown center. Pkt. 15c., $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 50c.

Orange King. Bears giant flowers sometimes 3 in. in diameter. Color pure orange. Pkt. 10c., oz. 40c.

Lemon Queen. Like the above, but of pure lemon. Pkt. 10c., oz. 40c.

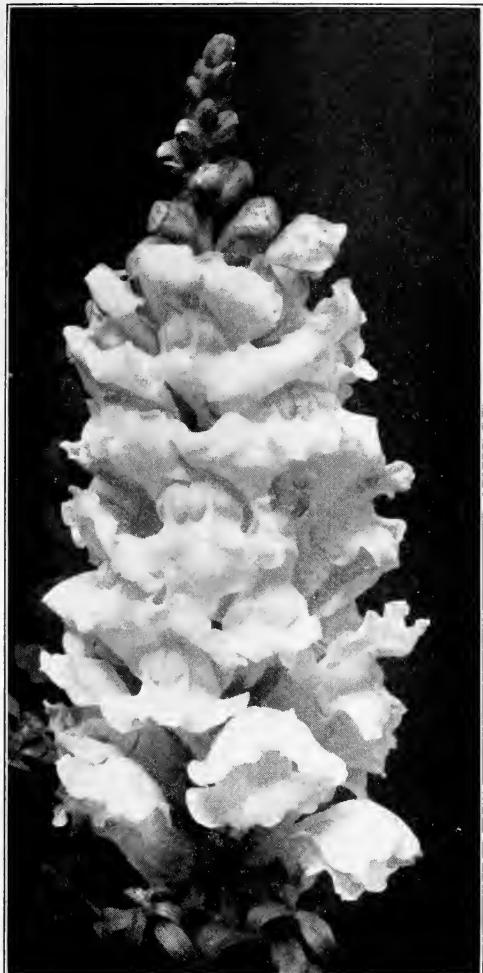
Meteor. Creamy center edged with orange. Pkt. 10c., $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 25c.

Giant Orange. This is a very choice strain. It is quite distinct from any other variety. The color is a very deep orange. The flowers are extra large and borne on good stout stems. Pkts. 25c.

Double Mixed. A good mixture. Pkt. 10c., oz. 25c.



CALENDULA "CAMPFIRE" (See page 4)



GIANT FLOWERED ANTIRRHINUM (See page 4)

CALLIOPSIS (Coreopsis)

Charming free flowering hardy annuals, blooming early and continuously until frost. The flowers are showy in the garden and most useful for cutting. 1 to 2 ft.

Pkt. $\frac{1}{4}$ oz.

Special Mixture. This special mixture contains all the most desirable and brightest varieties in many combinations of color. \$0.25 \$0.75

Morning Star. A pure lemon yellow form of the preceding. Exceptionally useful for cutting. 2 ft.25 .75

Coronata. Yellow, spotted crimson. 1 ft.10 .40

Drummondii, Golden Wave. Rich, golden yellow flower with chestnut brown center. 1 ft.10 .40

Mixed. Oz. 75c. .10 .25

CANDYTUFT UMBELLATA

This charming annual should be freely planted in all gardens for display or for cutting purposes. The flowers are borne in umbels and when the plant is in full bloom it is indeed beautiful. Beds or borders of solid colors are most attractive and we suggest solid colors further for the reason that when one color is planted in a row or bed, the plants are of uniform height, presenting a most pleasing appearance. Local florists find it a most satisfactory cut flower and it is planted quite freely for that purpose. Seed germinates in 5 to 10 days and it may be started in beds or flats and transplanted when several leaves are formed.

Pkt. Oz.

White	\$0.10	\$0.40
Pink.....	.10	.40
Crimson.....	.10	.40
Flesh Pink.....	.10	.40
Lavender.....	.10	.40
Rose Cardinal.....	.10	.60
Umbellata Mixed.....	.10	.30

CANTERBURY-BELLS

(Campanula Medium)

Well known, beautiful, hardy Biennials. Like all of this class, may be sown where they are to remain any time after Midsummer, or in beds in the Spring for transplanting. The Calycanthema (Cup-and-saucer) class is so named because of the broadening of the calyx into a saucer-shaped secondary flower. In permanent situations, plants should stand 18 to 20 inches apart. All varieties succeed best in a rich, rather sandy well drained soil. Pkt. $\frac{1}{8}$ oz.

Prize Mixture. A superb mixture of all classes, single, double, and Cup-and-saucer.

Single Mixed Colors	.10	.20
Double Mixed Colors	.10	.25
Calycanthema. Rose pink	.10	.30
Calycanthema (Cup-and-saucer).		
Mixed colors	.10	.30
Calycanthema. Blue	.10	.30
Calycanthema. White	.10	.30

CARNATION

Well known and very popular half hardy perennial which until the introduction of the Marguerite class was mainly grown by the florist in the greenhouses and occasionally by the amateur in pots in the house. The Marguerite class, including the original and later introductions of similar type, are treated as annuals, blooming in about four months from seed, which may be sown in the open ground early in the Spring, usually by May 1st, but preferably earlier in the house and plants set in the open about the middle of May, as this greatly lengthens the period of blooming. By cutting off the flower stems early in the Fall and potting the plants they will bloom freely through the Winter if kept in a cool room. The Carnation requires a rich soil, and in such, the plants should stand about 12 inches apart.

Marguerite Improved Semi-dwarf. An improved strain, blooming four months after sowing. Flowers are larger, a greater proportion double and the variety of colors much greater than those of the original. Pkt. 10c., $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 30c.

Marguerite Giants. Flower approaches in form, size, fragrance and beauty those grown by the florist. Great variety of color. Blooms four months after sowing. Pkt. 10c., $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 40c.

Chaubaud's Giant Perpetual. A new strain, remarkable for its combination of earliness with the continuity of bloom and perfection of flowers of the perpetual type. Blooms four or five months after sowing. Flowers large, a high percentage double. Deliciously fragrant and greatly varied in coloring. Pkt. 15c.

CENTAUREA CYANUS

(Cornflower or Bachelor Button)

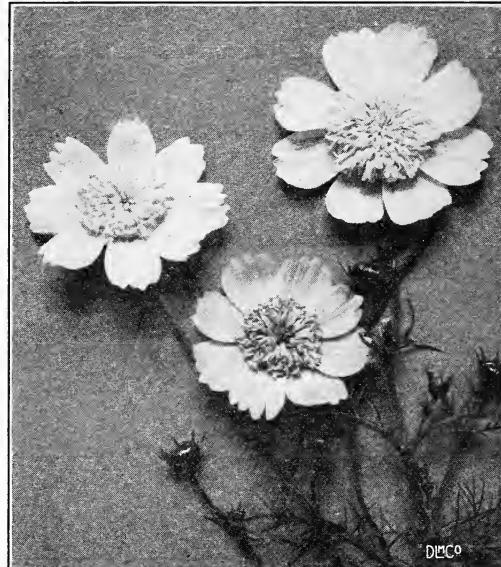
This old-fashioned hardy annual is still a great favorite for cutting purposes. The deep rich blue is the most popular. The mixture contains shades of pink, white, lavender and blue. Height 2 to 3 feet.

Double Blue. A selection of the old- Pkt. $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. fashioned Bachelors Button, producing a large percentage of beautiful double flowers. Oz. \$1.75, \$0.15 \$0.50

Double Pink 15 .60

Double White 15 .60

Double Mixed 15 .50



DEC'D

COSMOS, COMMON CRESTED OR ANEMONE-FLOWERED

COSMOS

One of our most useful and beautiful Autumn flowers. The feathery foliage makes a highly desirable background for other annuals, and the dainty flowers are most gracefully poised on long, slender stems, ideal for cutting. To get it in bloom early, the seed should be sown in May in the open ground, where the plants are desired to bloom, and the seedlings allowed to grow and flower without being transplanted. However, it may be transplanted at any time, even when in flower and will continue to grow without check.

EARLY GIANTS

An early flowering strain of the Giant Cosmos, bearing large flowers of perfect form. The plants of this type are bushy, grow about 4 feet high and begin blooming in July.

Pink **White** **Crimson** **Mixed**
Each of the above colors and Mixed, pkt. 15c., $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 75c.

CRESTED, or ANEMONE-FLOWERED

A very beautiful, early flowering race. The flowers are double crested with a row of guard petals around the base, which makes them very effective. They will not all be of the crested type, but a good percentage can be expected. 4 feet.

Pink Beauty. Soft pink.

White Queen. Pure white.

Crimson. A handsome shade.

Mixed.

Each of the above colors and Mixed, pkt. 25c.

Lady Lenox. Flowers of extraordinary size and beauty. Light pink, a shade much in demand for table decoration. Late. 6 ft. Pkt. 15c., $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 75c.

Klondyke. Yellow, grows 4 ft. high. Pkt. 15c.

CYNOGLOSSUM

Amabile (Chinese Forget-me-not). A recent introduction from China, forming strong plants about 18 in. high and producing, during the Summer months, sprays of bright blue Forget-me-notlike flowers. Pkt. 15c.

DAHLIA

This popular plant is easily raised from seed and flowers the same season.

Coltness Hybrids. A splendid new class of single Dahlias of compact habit, growing to a height of about 18 in. and bearing a continued succession of bloom from July until frost. The flowers are about 3 in. in diameter, mostly in shades of red. Seeds sown indoors in March or April bloom the same season. Pkt. 25c.

DIDISCUS

Caeruleus (Blue Lace Flower). This beautiful Lace Flower is a very attractive cut flower of a lovely blue shade and is most effectively used when mixed in bouquets. The culture is easy and being a hardy annual may be planted from early Spring to late Summer. If you like to raise your own cut flowers you'll be glad to have this in your collection. Pkt. 25c., $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 75c.

DELPHINIUM (Perennial Larkspur)

One of the finest perennials, very easily grown and so hardy as usually to require no Winter protection. No perennial bed or border can be considered complete without it. Remarkable for its wide variation in height, habit of growth, foliage, size of the blooms, and their arrangement on the spikes. Bonemeal alone or mixed with wood ashes has proven to be the best fertilizer. Seed can be sown in greenhouses in February to produce plants to flower in August. Seed sown outside in specially prepared beds before Midsummer should produce plants that will bloom the following Spring.

Hollyhock (Wrexham) Strain. Hardy perennial. The worth of this gigantic spirelike type has been recognized everywhere, seeds and plants eagerly sought after and choice specimens obtained highly prized. We have seen on exhibition some truly handsome spikes that have completely captivated the observer. Grow some in your own garden. The earlier you start the seed, the better. Pkt. 50c. and \$1.00.

The World's Finest Mixture (Blackmore & Langdon's Strain). The fact that this strain is disseminated by this celebrated English firm is recommendation enough. Magnificent spikes of flowers measuring 24 to 30 in. in length, the individual flowers measuring 2 in. in diameter. 50c. and \$1.00.

Albamont Mixture. Saved from the choicest and best varieties and the most beautiful shades and colorings. Pkt. 25c. and 50c., $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. \$1.00, oz. \$3.50.

Blue Butterfly (Chinense). Its spikes of intense gentian blue are produced freely above delicate, feathery foliage. Very useful as a cut flower. Though a perennial it can be treated as an annual, for sown early it will bloom in August. 18 in. Pkt. 15c., $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. \$1.00.

ESCHSCHOLTZIA (California Poppy)

One of the best annuals, having delicate silvery foliage and large, Poppylike flowers, running chiefly in shades of yellow. It blooms profusely from June until frost, and is beautiful for borders and for large beds. Sow where it is to flower and thin to 6 inches apart. It cannot be successfully transplanted. 1 foot. Pkt. $\frac{1}{4}$ oz.

Frilled Pink. Delicate pink flowers with fluted petals.....	\$0.25	\$0.75
Carmine King. Rosy crimson.....	.10	.50
Orange Flame. Vivid orange scarlet.....	.25	....
Rose Cardinal. Pretty rose colored flowers.....	.10	.50
Golden West. Bright orange yellow....	.15	.50
Rosy Queen. Bright rosy pink.....	.15	.60
The Geisha. Large, fluted flowers, inside brilliant golden, outside intense orange crimson.....	.15	.60
Vesuvius. Rich Wallflower red.....	.15	.50
Lovely. Rose pink, suffused salmon....	25	....
Mikado. Brilliant orange crimson, very showy.....	.15	.75
Californica (True California Poppy). Yellow, orange center..... Oz. 60c.	.10	....
Californica alba. Pure white. Oz. 60c.	.10	....
Crocea floreplena. Double, orange....	.15	....
Special Mixture. Including all the new shades.....	.25	.75
Mixed. Oz. 50c., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.50	.10	....

Ramona (Novelty). This variety stands out as a distinct and very charming type in the frilled class. It is a single but the frills give it the appearance of a semi-double. The color is a glittering coppery gold with pink shadings. Very attractive.... 25 .



DELPHINIUM (Perennial Larkspur)

EUPHORBIA

Hardy annuals with ornamental foliage growing about 2 feet high.

Variegata (Snow-on-the-mountain). Variegated green and white foliage. Excellent for bouquets. Pkt. 10c., $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 30c., oz. \$1.00.

GAILLARDIA (Blanketflower)

The Gaillardia is almost unique in varied brilliancy of coloring—the blending of the rich shades of brown, maroon, and gold being particularly striking. Useful for beds, borders and cutting. Height 2 to 3 feet.

ANNUAL VARIETIES

Picta Lorenziana Double. Large heads of bright yellow and red flowers, very double with quilled petals, suitable for bouquets. Should be sown where plants are to remain. Pkt.

Double Ruby	\$0.15
Double Yellow.....	.15
Double Lemon.....	.15
Double Mixed.....	.15

Picta Single Mixed. Showy strain producing large flowers of various colors. Pkt. 10c., $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 35c.

PERENNIAL VARIETIES

Tangerine. Compact flowers of various shades of tangerine orange. Very graceful. Pkt. 25c.

Portola Hybrids. A new variety with flowers 4 in. across. They are very striking in appearance, the petals being of brilliant scarlet, tipped golden yellow. Pkt. 25c.

The Dazzler. New giant red Gaillardia with orange tips. Makes an extremely attractive table decoration. Pkt. 25c.

Grandiflora Single Mixed. Single perennial variety of varying shades of reddish brown and yellow. Pkt. 10c., $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 25c.



PERENNIAL GAILLARDIA (Blanketflower)



ESCHSCHOLTZIA (California Poppy) (See page 7)

GODETIA

A hardy annual, very valuable for bedding and borders. For mass effects in shades of rose, red or pink, it is unexcelled. The sainty cup-shaped flowers cover the compact growing plants. The seed should be sown in the Fall or early Spring.

Pkt.

Dwarf Single Mixed. Height 10 to 15 in....\$0.10
Tall Single Mixed. Height 18 to 24 in..... .10

Azalea Flora. New dwarf double variety. Flowers are carmine and when the plant is in full bloom, it is nothing but one mass of flowers. Highly recommended for pot culture.. .15
Tall Double Carminea..... .10
Tall Double Rosea..... .10
Tall Double Mauve..... .10
Tall Double Crimson..... .10
Tall Double Mixed..... .10
Double Azalea Flowered Cherry Red.... .25

GYPSOPHILA (Babysbreath)

Pretty free flowering annuals with extremely light, feathery flowers, useful for bouquets. 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ feet.

Elegans, grandiflora, Covent Garden Strain. An improved pure white form of free and easy culture. Several sowings should be made to keep up a supply. Pkt. 10c., $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 30c., oz. 50c.

HESPERIS (Sweet Rocket)

Hardy perennial. Flowers early in the Spring, thriving in any common soil; very fragrant.

Matronalis, Finest Mixed. 2 to 3 ft. Pkt. 10c., oz. 30c.

HELICHRYSUMS (Everlastings)

The best known of all the Everlastings. They should be gathered when partially unfolded and suspended with their heads downward in a cool place. They prefer a rich, loamy soil. 1 to 2 feet

Pkt. $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. Oz.

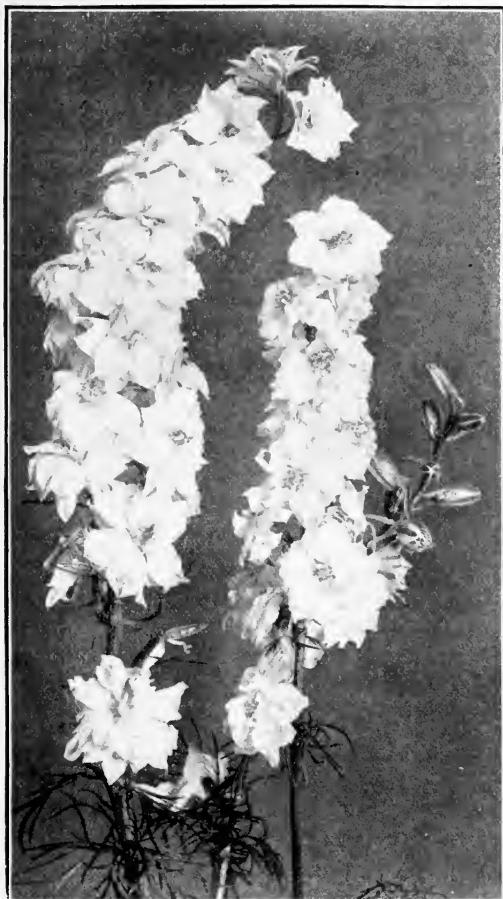
Fireball. Crimson.....	\$0.10	\$0.40	\$1.25
Golden Globe. Yellow.....	.10	.40	1.25
Roseum. Rose.....	.10	.40	1.25
Choice Mixed......	.10	.30	1.00

HOLLYHOCKS

A hardy perennial of upright, stately growth, 5 to 8 feet high, unequalled for a background or covering ugly places. The seed may be sown in the Fall and will bloom the following Spring. If sown in the early Spring many will flower in the Summer. The seed is generally sown in seed beds and transplanted where they are to grow.

Pkt. $\frac{1}{4}$ oz.

Double Maroon	\$0.10	\$0.75	
Double Newport Pink.....	.10	.75	
Double Rose.....	.10	.75	
Double Scarlet.....	.10	.75	
Double White.....	.10	.75	
Double Yellow.....	.10	.75	
Double Mixed.....	.10	.55	



LARKSPUR (Annual Delphinium)

LARKSPUR (Annual Delphinium)

Hardy annual. These handsome annuals are very effective in clumps among hardy perennials or shrubbery to lend a touch of color. The tall, graceful spikes are much prized for cutting. Sow early so the seed can have ample time for germination.

TALL BRANCHING, DOUBLE STOCK FLOWERED

This strain is the very best for cutting as it can be depended upon to supply a large quantity of bloom all through the Summer. 3 feet.

Mixed. Pkt. 15c.

NEW AND EXCEPTIONAL VARIETIES

Pkt.

Exquisite Pink Improved. A new strain of the annual variety Exquisite Pink, retaining the same charming color—a delicate soft pink shaded salmon—but in a vastly improved form which compares favorably with the stately perennial varieties. It grows to a height of about 24 in. and is particularly suitable for pot culture, as well as bedding, on account of its close branching habit.....\$0.25

Exquisite Rose. A lovely rose pink, several shades deeper than Exquisite Pink Improved. The plants have the same compact but upright habit and bear the same resemblance as the latter to the form of the perennial Delphinium, and it is equally as good for both bedding and pot culture.....\$0.25

La France. A new annual Larkspur of more vigorous habit and taller growth than almost any of the other light shades of stock flowered varieties on the market today. The large, beautifully formed, double flowers, of a pleasing, salmon pink shade, are well placed on long stems and present a wonderful appearance.....\$0.25

Lilac Spire. Base branching type of Larkspur, a new race of upright growth producing more and longer flower stems for cutting, with exquisite lilac colored spikes.....\$0.25

White Spire. Dazzling pure white similar in habit to above.....\$0.25

Blue Spire. Dark blue, similar to the above..\$0.25

Los Angeles. Rich salmon overlaid rose with dark green foliage. The acme of perfection..(See color illustration on front cover.)\$0.25

Miss California. A very rich, deep pink on a salmon ground, upright or Delphinium type.....\$0.25

Carmine King. Deep carmine rose, upright or Delphinium type, much superior to and darker than the old lustrous carmine.....\$0.25

Lustrous Carmine......\$0.25

LAVATERA (Annual Mallow)

The Lavateras or Annual Mallows are showy and effective plants covered with bloom all Summer. For large borders and cutting. Pkt. $\frac{1}{4}$ oz.

Rosea splendens (L. trimestris splendens). Large, rosy pink flowers; superb for cutting. 3 ft.....\$0.15 \$0.60

Splendens, Sunset. Deep rose pink. 3 ft.....\$0.25 .75

MARIGOLD (*Tagetes*)

For adding shades of yellow to the garden in late Summer and Autumn the African and French Marigolds are unsurpassed. They make attractive beds when grown together, the dwarf French sorts being used for edging; both sorts are also very desirable for borders or for brightening up any bare or colorless spots. Sowing should not be made outdoors until danger from frost is past.

The African varieties produce large, self colored blossoms and are very effective in large beds or borders. The French type have smaller flowers and some of the varieties are beautifully striped.

DOUBLE AFRICAN—3 feet Pkt.

Giant Orange. The plants are of compact, bushy habit with enormous flowers of globular form and densely double. $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. \$1.25, \$0.25

Giant Lemon. Charming shade. $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. \$1.25, .25

Eldorado Mixture. Enormous flowers. $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 50c., oz. \$1.50, .15

Dwarf Orange Prince. We feel that we can confidently predict for this variety a great measure of popular favor. The symmetrical compact plants do not exceed 2 ft. in height, bearing from ground to summit large, well-formed flowers of glowing orange, quite equal in size, shape and quality to those of the finest tall sorts. .35

DOUBLE FRENCH VARIETIES

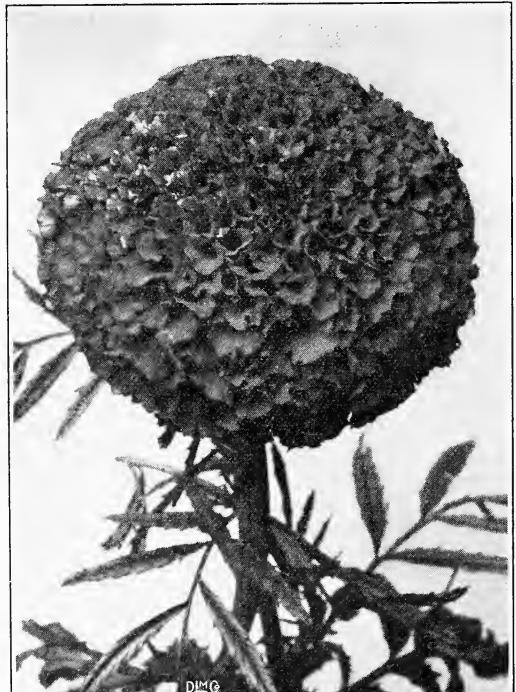
Pkt. $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. Oz.

Dwarf Lemon. 1 ft. \$0.10 \$0.30 \$1.00

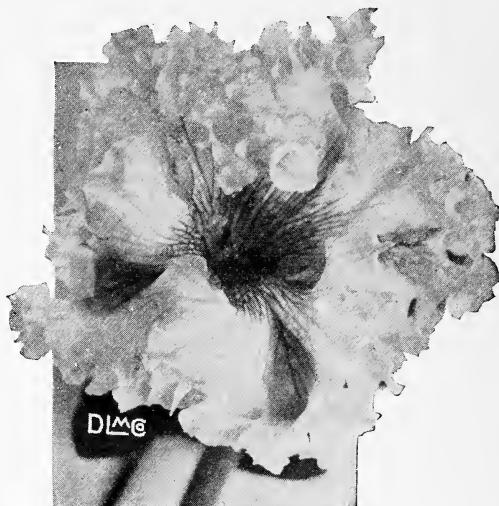
Dwarf Mahogany. 1 ft.10 .30 1.00

Dwarf Orange. 1 ft.10 .30 1.00

Dwarf Choice Mixed.10 .30



DOUBLE AFRICAN MARIGOLD "Giant Orange"



PETUNIA (See page 11)

MIGNONETTE (*Reseda odorata*)

No flower garden is complete without this fragrant plant. Seed should be scattered freely in flower and shrub borders, also on dry banks, margins of gravel walks, or in any dry, sunny situation. Difficult to make it grow satisfactorily if transplanted.

Giant. A robust growing variety with enormous flower spikes of a rich reddish green color and delightfully fragrant. Sown outdoors it produces trusses of the largest size and is prized at the Summer resorts for cutting. Pkt. 25c., $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 60c., oz. \$2.00.

Selected Machet. This strain has been obtained by a specialist in Europe through careful selection for a number of years. It is of strong growth and very hardy, producing dense trusses of reddish green, fragrant flowers. Pkt. 15c., $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 60c.

GIANT FLOWERING NASTURTIUMS

Easily grown annuals, succeeding best in a moderately good soil and sunny location. Grow quickly from seed sown outdoors as soon as the ground can be worked, and produces a profusion of brilliant bloom from early Summer until frost. The long-stemmed flowers are excellent for cutting; in fact, the more freely they are picked the more freely they are produced.

TALL, or CLIMBING VARIETIES

Suitable for covering fences, rockeries, trellises or waste places that may not be very fertile. 10 to 12 feet.

Tall Blue Ribbon Mixture. Its quality is unexcelled, every precaution being taken to blend nothing but the best and largest flowering varieties in the finest assortment of colors obtainable, of the free flowering, and true climbing type. Pkt. 10c., oz. 20c., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 50c., lb. \$1.50.

DWARF, or BEDDING VARIETIES

Very popular and widely planted. Grow only 12 to 18 inches high.

Dwarf Blue Ribbon Mixture. Admired for their wondrous colors. Pkt. 10c., oz. 20c., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 50c., lb. \$1.50.

PETUNIA

A splendid race of plants, rich and varied colors, and profuse flowering with their charming and tender looking flowers, they are very beautiful for groups in the open. Sow seed early in Spring, scatter thinly on an even surface and barely cover the seed with sand. If intended for the open ground, plant out into a frame to be kept until planting out time. If for pots, pot singly into small pots in strong, rich soil mixed with sand and shift as the plants grow larger. In starting Petunia seed it is well to remember the rule that small flower seeds should be planted to a depth of about twice the breadth of the seed itself, which means that these should be merely pressed into the soil and receive a very light covering of sand. A burlap bag placed on top the seed bed will assist in germination. Remove the bag when sprouts appear and keep thoroughly moist. Dust with sulphur to prevent "damping off." When planting out double or ruffled varieties it is advisable to use the smaller plants in preference to the strong ones.

FANCY DOUBLE VARIETIES Pkt.

Carnation Flowered. Medium growing variety and very floriferous. The exquisite Carnationlike flowers range from light pink to deep rose. Excellent for pot culture as well as open ground.....\$0.50

Superb Double Fringed Mixed. One of the finest strains of Petunias in existence. The double flowers are very large, full and symmetrically formed, having the edges of the petals beautifully fringed..... .50

RUFFLED AND FRINGED VARIETIES

Copper Rose. Extremely attractive color and a distinctly new shade in the Ruffled Giants.....\$0.50

Fimbriata Coerulea. Steel blue in color and very attractively and deeply fringed..... .50

Giants of California. A California introduction. An extremely fine type of this well known flower. A mixture which will be appreciated by all growers of Petunias..... .35

Giants of California, Yellow Throated. A specially reselected mixture of Giant Fringed. The flowers are large and ruffled in pleasing light shades, all having yellow throats..... .35

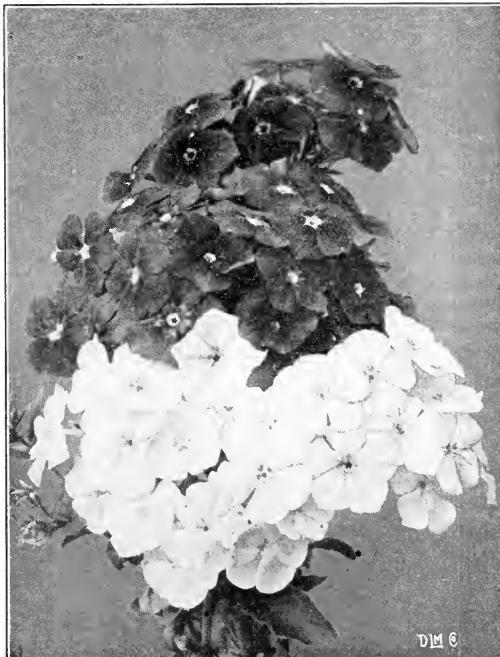
New Dwarf California Giants (Ramona Strain). By far the best and most popular strain for pot culture or edgings, the dwarf, compact plants bearing quantities of marvelously colored flowers of the largest size—altogether a triumph of the plant breeder's art..... .50

Pink Triumph. Elegant large flowers of a clear pink and delicately fringed; very attractive..... .35

Romany Lass. Very striking color of deep crimson with striped purple throat; ruffled..... .50

Ruffled Giants. A beautiful, deep throated new strain with flowers that are ruffled, fluted and fringed. Solid intense colors.... .25

Theodosia. Very fascinating fringed Petunia of a soft rose pink, beautifully veined.... .50



PHLOX DRUMMONDI

STANDARD BEDDING VARIETIES Pkt.

General Dodds. A rich, blood red; this is a fine color. The flowers are large and erect and the plants large and free blooming....\$0.10

Howard's Star Improved. Large, velvety purple with a white star. Makes a very striking and attractive bed or border..... .15

Lord Courtenay. A fine, brilliant rose color with yellow throat. One of the finest varieties we offer. The flowers are large and showy and produced abundantly on large, sturdy plants..... .15

Nana Erecta Rosy Morn. Of the same, compact growth as Nana Erecta Snowball, but of lovely pink color with contrasting white throat. An improved strain..... .20

Rose of Heaven. A very striking variety of a rich and brilliant rose..... $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. \$1.00, .15

Violacea. Very compact and free flowering. An exceptionally beautiful steel blue or deep violet..... $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. \$1.00, .20

PHLOX DRUMMONDI

An extremely beautiful class of plants producing an abundance of bloom through the Summer. The flowers which are borne in immense trusses, are found in a variety of beautiful colors. Hardy annuals. 1 foot.

Pkt. 10c., $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 75c., oz. \$2.50

Blood Red (Black Warrior)	Pure White
Blush Pink	Scarlet
Dark Scarlet, white eye	Striped
Pink	White, purple eye
Purple	Yellow

Prize Strain. Mixed from the most beautiful and brilliant colors.

POPPY

The Annual Poppies are a class of flowers having a wide range of beautiful colors from pure white through the most delicate blush tints to the brilliant shades of rose and scarlet. There are also deep crimsons as well as many flowers striped, blotched, or edged with harmonizing and contrasting shades.

Our new strains of Poppies produce softer and more pleasing shades than we have offered hitherto. Sowing in May and again several times during Spring produces continuous bloom from early Summer until frost. The seed should be sown where the plants are to bloom, as Poppies do not take kindly to transplanting. Cover seed very lightly, and firm the soil with a flat board. When large enough thin out the plants. A sandy loam and early Spring sowings produce best flowers.

SINGLE ANNUAL VARIETIES

Selected Shirley Mixed. An extra choice strain of these charming Poppies. We pay special attention to the selection of colors which contain pure white, pink, terra cotta, salmon, chamois, rosy carmine to deepest crimson, and rosy red. Many of the flowers are beautifully flaked or edged with white. 1½ ft. Pkt. 10c., ¼ oz. 35c., oz. \$1.00.

Wild Rose. Rose-pink. Pkt. 25c., ¼ oz. 75c.

DOUBLE ANNUAL VARIETIES

Carnation Flowered Mixed. The flowers of this variety are large and finely fringed. 2 ft. Pkt. 10c., ¼ oz. 20c., oz. 60c.

Eldorado Double Shirley. A new creation in annual Poppies. A marvel of beauty throughout the Summer; flowers are double and semi-double. This strain includes an almost endless variety of colors. They should be sown as early in the Spring as one can work the ground. Pkt. 25c., ¼ oz. 60c., oz. \$2.00.

Mikado (Striped Japanese Poppy). Scarlet and white. This magnificent Poppy is like a Japanese Chrysanthemum. The flowers are brilliant scarlet and white with elegant curved petals. 1 ft. Pkt. 10c., ¼ oz. 25c., oz. 75c.

Peony Flowered Mixed. Immense, showy, double globular flowers resembling a double Peony. 1½ ft. Pkt. 10c., ¼ oz. 25c., oz. 75c.

French Ranunculus Flowered, Mixed (P. Rhoeas ranunculiflorum). African Rose. A charming race, with thin, paperlike petals. Pkt. 10c., ¼ oz. 35c.

ICELAND POPPY (Perennial)

Nudicaule, El Monte. An enchanting tangerine-orange that can be brought into flower from seed within six months. Promises to be as popular as the Gerbera, now accepted as a florist cut flower. Originator's seed. Pkt. 50c.

RHODANTHE (Swan River Everlasting)

Annual. Belongs among the pretty and desirable smaller flowered Everlastings. Sow seed outdoors.

Maculata, Double Flowering Rose. Fine for outside border or for greenhouse flowering during the Winter.

Separate Colors or Mixed. Pkt. 10c., ¼ oz. 50c.

SALPIGLOSSIS (Painted Glories)

Highly ornamental half hardy annual with large, veined, funnel shaped flowers; much prized for cutting; very showy in beds or border. A bed of these beautiful plants is one of the most striking features of the garden during June, July and August. Salpiglossis may be had in separate colors as well as mixed and very wonderful effects are possible with either one color or a combination of two or three of these separate varieties.

Giant Mixed. Including all the finest colors. Pkt. 25c., ¼ oz. \$1.00.



SHIRLEY POPPIES (Annual)



CARNATION FLOWERED POPPIES



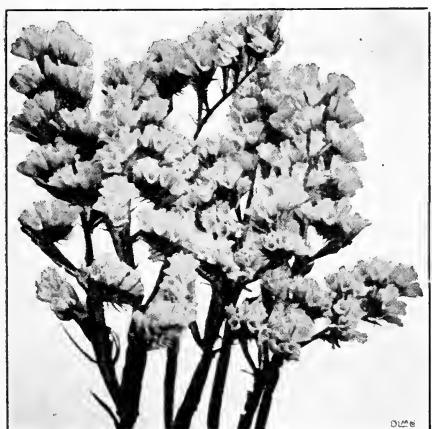
SALVIA SPLENDENS

SALVIA (Flowering Sage)

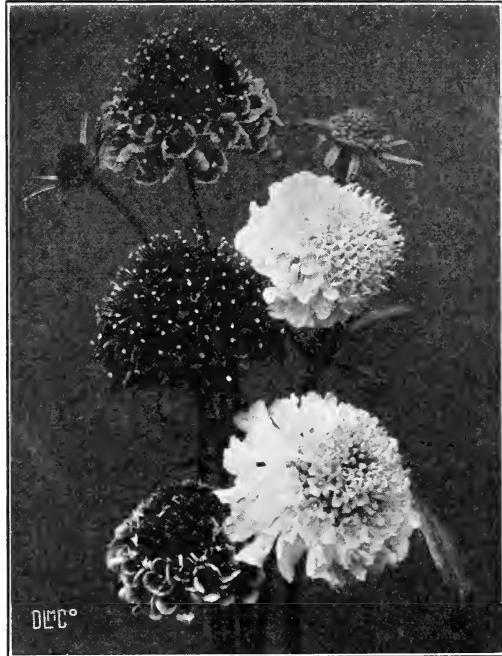
The Salviae are among our most popular and useful half hardy perennial bedding plants. They are easily raised from seeds sown in February or March in the greenhouse or hotbed, the seedlings being transferred to the open garden about the end of May. They bloom profusely from July until frost.

Splendens, Bonfire. A magnificent type of the flowering Scarlet Sage with large flower spikes of the brightest scarlet. The plants are of bushy habit and in late Summer and Fall are literally covered with bloom. 2 ft. Pkt. 15c., $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 85c., $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. \$1.50.

Splendens. A tall growing variety with immense flower trusses of dazzling scarlet. 3 ft. Pkt. 10c., $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 60c., $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. \$1.00.



STATICE (Sea-lavender)



ANNUAL SCABIOSA (Mourning Bride)

SAPONARIA

Vaccaria rosea. The light, graceful sprays of this annual are invaluable for vases, especially in arrangement with other cut flowers. Sowings should be made in succession for a continual supply of flowers. Height 2 ft. Pkt. 10c., $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 25c.

GIANT ANNUAL SCABIOSA

(Mourning Bride, Pincushion Flower)

The symmetrical rounded heads from which the stamens stick up so prominently remind one of miniature pincushions. Though favorites for showy groups in the garden, Scabiosas have their greatest value as cut flowers because they remain fresh so long. Sow the seed outside when danger from frost is over. Keep the flowers picked to prolong the flowering season. 2½ feet.

Giant Loveliness. A glorious new col. Pkt. $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. or in annual Scabiosa, the blossoms ranging through varying shades of soft delicate salmon rose. One of the most beautiful ever introduced \$0.25

Peach Blossom. A beautiful shade of Peach blossom pink, of large size and long stems. An excellent cut flower. .25 \$1.00

Perfection Mixture. Includes only the finest colors of the large flowered Scabiosas in great variety. .15 .50

Shasta. Immense flowers of pure white .25 .75

STATICE (Sea-lavender)

Handsome plants producing panicles of pretty little flowers all Summer. Very good in borders and rockwork.

Pkt. $\frac{1}{4}$ oz.

Sinuata Blue \$0.15 \$0.50

Sinuata Rose15 .50

Sinuata White10 .35

Sinuata Yellow10 .35

Sinuata Mixed10 .35

STOCKS (Gilliflower)

Stocks are universally admired and have for long occupied a prominent position in almost every garden. For beauty, dazzling effect, and long, continuance of bloom, they are unsurpassed, while their delightful fragrance renders them indispensable for bouquets, vases, etc.

GIANT PERFECTION TEN-WEEKS

A splendid double flowered strain; especially adapted for bedding or pot culture.	Pkt. $\frac{1}{8}$ oz.	
Chamois Rose	.25	\$0.25
Dark Blue	.25	1.00
Crimson	.25	1.00
Flesh Color	.25	1.00
Light Blue	.25	1.00
Pure White	.25	1.00
Rose	.25	1.00
Scarlet	.25	1.00
Yellow	.25	1.00
Finest Mixed, All Colors	.25	1.00

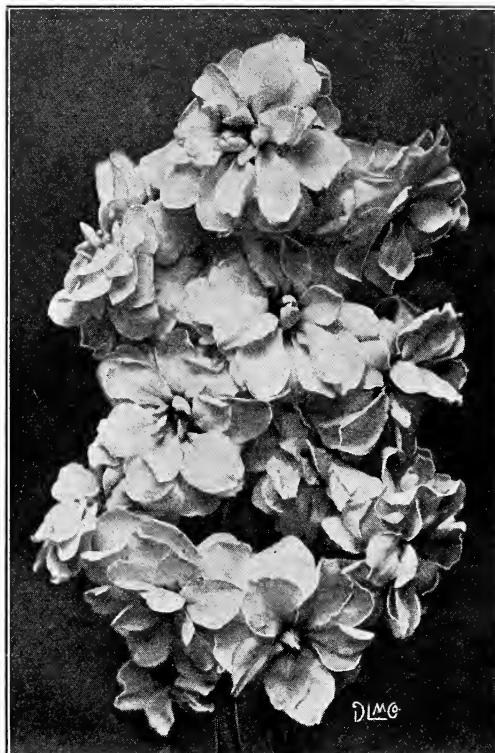
GIANT FLOWERING TEN-WEEKS

A splendid early blooming variety, extensively used for pot culture and Summer bedding. 1 ft. Pkt. 15c., $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. \$1.00.

GIANT FLOWERING BEAUTY STOCKS

A magnificent race of recent introduction, with long trusses of extremely double flowers of delightful fragrance. The plants attain a height of about 1½ feet and are of sturdy growth. They are unexcelled for forcing in the greenhouse in Winter and are equally good when planted in the garden, coming into bloom a little later than the Ten-weeks section and lasting until late in the season.

Mixed. Pkt. 25c., $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. \$1.25.



STOCKS, GIANT FLOWERING TEN-WEEKS (Gilliflower)

SWEET PEAS

There are no annual climbers that are more popular or more universally admired than Sweet Peas. They are of the easiest culture, unrivaled for cutting, delightfully fragrant, while their colors are among the brightest and daintiest in the floral world. As soon as the ground can be worked in the Spring, sow the seed in trenches at least 6 inches in depth, then as the plants grow fill in the soil about 1 inch at a time until the trenches are full, taking care not to cover the young plants. Liquid manure applied occasionally will be found very beneficial. Pick the flowers frequently, for if allowed to form seed the plants will soon stop blooming.

SPENCER TYPE SWEET PEAS

The Spencer types of Sweet Peas are a great improvement over the large flowering varieties. For cutting and exhibition purposes they are indispensable. The following varieties are a selection of the many kinds of this class best adapted for general use.

10c. per pkt. of 40 to 50 seeds, 50c. per oz.

Avalanche. Glistening white.

Bonfire. Cherry pink, cream wings.

Elegance. Giant blush pink.

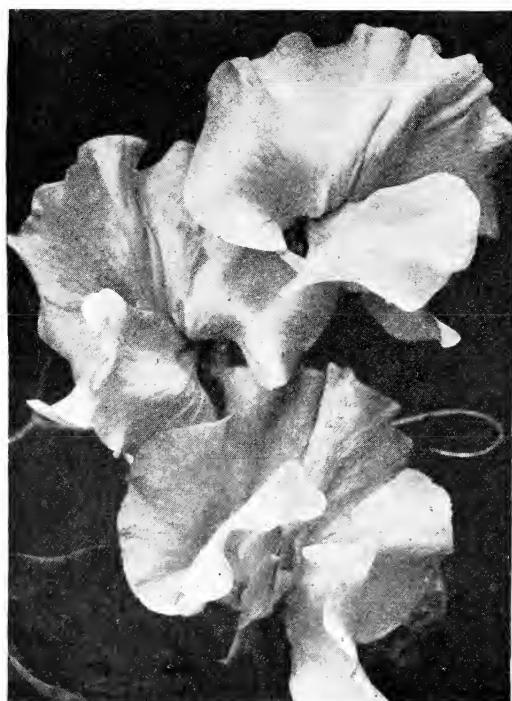
Fortune. Rich dark blue, beautifully waved.

Grenadier. Large, waved deep cerise.

Hawlmak Lavender. Clear light lavender.

Olympia. Exquisite deep rich purple.

Pinkie. Beautifully frilled giant flowering clear pink.



SPENCER TYPE SWEET PEAS

SWEET PEAS—Continued**Rosabelle.** Fine bright rose.**Supreme.** New variety, beautiful, large soft clear pink.**Tangerine Improved.** Brilliant orange, a beautiful variety.**The President.** Dazzling orange scarlet.**Matchless Mixed Spencer Hybrids.** A mixture of 75 varieties of Spencers, the grower of which was awarded a Silver Gilt Medal of the National Sweet Pea Society of Great Britain. Pkt. 10c., oz. 25c., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75c., lb. \$2.00.**SWEET-WILLIAM (Dianthus barbatus)**Hardy biennial. Showy, of easy culture; splendid for beds and borders with their rich varied flowers. $1\frac{1}{2}$ feet.**Double Flowering, Mixed.** Pkt. 10c., $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 50c.**Newport Pink.** Salmon rose pink flowers borne on long stems. Pkt. 10c., $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 75c.**VERBENA**

The Verbena is now one of the most popular flowers for bedding purposes, its vigorous growth, free blooming qualities and brilliancy of colors commanding it to all growers. Ours is a fine giant flowered strain. The following are most valuable for bedding purposes and massing.

Hybrida, Colossea. Years of continued selections have perfectly fixed this Verbena which by the mammoth size of the flowers, the richness of coloring and by the vigorous free flowering habit is constituted the leader of a distinct new type. The colossal flower heads often suggesting Hyacinth spikes are of various bright rose shades. Pkt. 35c.**Hybrida gigantea, Mixed.** A greatly improved strain producing giant florets in many colors. Pkt. 10c., $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 75c., oz. \$2.50.**Mammoth Mixed.** Includes all the finest colors. Pkt. 10c., $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 75c., oz. \$2.50.

VERBENA HYBRIDA, COLOSSEA

BODGERS CALIFORNIA ZINNIAS (Originator's Seed)

There is perhaps no better illustration of the advancement in plant breeding than the glorious Zinnias grown today. From the small flowers of a few years back have been evolved the marvels of size, color, form and wonderful freedom in flowering which is seen in the latest creations. The Zinnia is one of the most satisfactory flowers to grow through the Summer. It is extremely colorful, stands considerable heat and has few pests. As a cut flower it is unexcelled. Seed should not be sown until the soil has become warm in the Spring. Cover the sowing with a burlap and do not allow to dry out. Remove the burlap as soon as the seed sprouts.

BODGER'S GOLD MEDAL DAHLIA FLOWERED

In July, 1924, the Royal Horticultural Society of England granted an Award of Merit for the strain and a Gold Medal for the group of Dahlia Flowered Zinnias exhibited in the London Show. This official recognition of the strain meant much to its originator, the late John Bodger, who had put forth the best efforts of his last years in perfecting this type.

A Silver Medal awarded by the Royal Horticultural Society in August, 1927, is evidence that the Dahlia Flowered Zinnia is maintaining its place among worth-while strains.

The large size, fullness of petals, extraordinary color range, and good keeping qualities of this flower have all contributed to its popularity. It is easily grown, and keeps well when cut. It is at present immune from disease. Equally good as a garden flower and as a florist's specialty, its popularity should increase with years. It has been truthfully called "a new flower for the people."

To get the best results and the full benefit of the wide range of colors they should be grown in mixture.

Pkt. 25c., $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 75c., $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. \$1.25

Crimson Monarch. By far the largest and best of the red shades. Flowers often 8 in. in diameter. A marvelous production.

Dream. A fine, deep lavender turning to purple.

Eldorado (New). A fascinating shade of rose and deep salmon which does not fade in the sun.

Exquisite. By far the most pleasing in this collection. Truly Dahlia flowered in size and form. Color, light rose with center of deep tyrian rose.

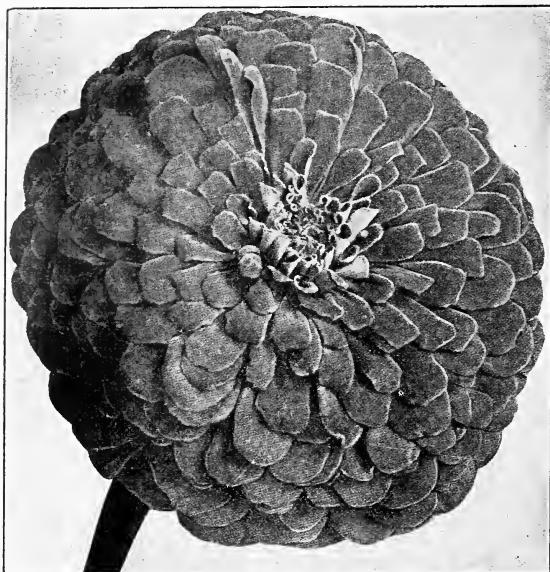
Giant Attraction. A distinct shade of brick red which forms an immense ball when in full bloom.

Golden Dawn. A beautiful golden yellow of immense size and good form; very attractive.

Golden State. A very rich orange yellow. Yellow bud turning to an attractive orange when in full bloom.

Illumination. Similar to Exquisite, but a striking self color of deep rose.

Lemon Beauty. This is next to Crimson Monarch in size and form.



ZINNIA, CALIFORNIA GIANT

DAHLIA FLOWERED ZINNIAS—Continued

Luminosa (New). This is an entirely new shade in Zinnias; a charming shade of deep bright pink with a light suffusion of salmon.

Meteor. A rich, glowing deep red and the darkest of all the reds.

Old Gold (New). Glowing, burnished deep and lighter shades of old gold.

Old Rose. This is adequately described by its name as it is of the real old rose shade; it is large and for charm and beauty ranks next to Exquisite.

Oriole. The most beautiful of its class; immense orange and gold bicolor.

Polar Bear. A very large, pure white. The best white yet seen in Zinnias.

Purple Prince. A fine, deep purple; large and well formed.

Scarlet Flame. A large, beautiful, bright scarlet with a delightful blending of orange throughout the petal. This is not a bicolor.

Youth. A beautiful, soft rose self; valuable for forcing and a good shipper, having better lasting qualities than any other variety.

All are priced at 25c. per pkt.

MEXICANA HYBRIDA ZINNIAS

In this very distinct type of Zinnia we have a novelty that deserves a place in every garden where yellow and orange shades are wanted for continuous color effect throughout the blooming season. We know of no annual that can compare with it as a "filler" for the perennial or annual border. It blooms all Summer long, thriving in all locations and bearing semi-double and double flowers in a variety of yellow and orange shades, some self colors and some striped, blotched or tipped with a contrasting color. These hybrids are of medium height, quite compact, but not stiff, and well branched. We think the world of this entirely new and distinct type of Zinnia. It will be universally grown as it becomes better known. Pkt. 25c.

ZINNIAS

GIANT MAMMOTH TYPE or CALIFORNIA GIANTS

Bodger introduced this type in 1926, being convinced it was a type that would become a favorite. This is a mutation from the Dahlia Flowered type and the general approval in the past two years has encouraged Bodger to go further into the development of this for florists and general use. The big advantage of this type is that the very large flowers are of enormous size and flat, getting away from the conical type of the Giants and eliminating the stiffness that has been so objectionable in Zinnias in the past. The flowers from the time they open are attractive, making them a good cut flower from the early bud until they are in full bloom. They are twice the size of the ordinary Giants.

Pkt.

Cerise Queen. Beautiful cerise rose	\$0.25
Enchantress. Light rose, deep center	.25
Lemon Queen. Two-tone yellow	.25
Miss Willmott. Soft pink	.25
Orange King. Burnt orange	.25
Orange Queen. Golden yellow	.25
Pink Profusion (New). Delicate shrimp pink	.25
Purity. Beautiful white	.25
Rose Queen. Striking bright rose	.25
Scarlet Gem. Glowing scarlet	.25
California Mammoth Mixed. Fine mixture of all colors	1/4 oz. 65c. .25

BODGER'S PICOTEE TYPE

Picotee Zinnia, introduced by Bodger in 1919, differs from other types in that each petal is outlined by a contrasting color which harmonizes with the body of the flower. The form and color range are similar to the Giant type, but the size is between the Giant and Pumila types. They are useful to provide variety in that portion of the garden devoted to Zinnias, but they are especially adapted for use as cut flowers. They reproduce about 70 per cent true.

Pkt.

Mixed.	\$0.25
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BODGER'S PUMILA PICOTEE DELIGHT

Finest Mixed

Delight can be classed as a Pumila type, very floriferous and of compact growth. The petals of the flowers are ruffled and curled, giving a light and dainty effect. Each petal is beautifully picoteed, making it a most striking flower. This is an excellent variety for basket work and florists' use, and we urge you to introduce it as such. The assortment of colors includes salmon shades, cream, buff, biscuit, golden yellow and lavender. Height 1½-2 feet. Pkt. 25c.

BODGER'S MEDIUM FLOWERED ZINNIA—
ELEGANS BEDDING ZINNIA

This variety is the most uniform in size of flower and plant. The flowers measure about 2 inches across, have long stems and for bouquets and vase work are both graceful and attractive. Height 2 feet.

Dwarf Mixed.	Pkt. 10c., 1/4 oz. 30c.
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BODGER'S ELEGANS, LILLIPUT

Small, double flowers for borders.	Pkt.
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Mixed.	\$0.25
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Crimson Gem. Is commonly known as Red Riding Hood.	.25
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VEGETABLE SEEDS AND PLANTS

ASPARAGUS ROOTS

150 roots will plant a bed 12x35 feet

Mary Washington. The best and most tender Asparagus for market and home use. It is earlier than Martha, produces more, has larger stalks and possesses highest rust resistance. 1 yr. Doz. 40c., 100 \$2.00, 1000 \$18.00.

BEANS

DWARF, or BUSH

1 lb. will plant 100 feet of drill, 60 to 90 lbs. will plant an acre

Beans succeed best in warm, light soil of at least average fertility. In this latitude it is not usually safe to plant much earlier than the middle of May. If planting is made earlier and is followed by especially wet or cold weather, the planter should not blame the seedsman if Beans fail to germinate. Plant the dwarf varieties in drills 2 to 3 feet apart, about 2 inches deep, and thin plants 4 to 6 inches apart. Give frequent, shallow cultivation until time of blossoming.

DWARF WAX OR BUTTER BEANS

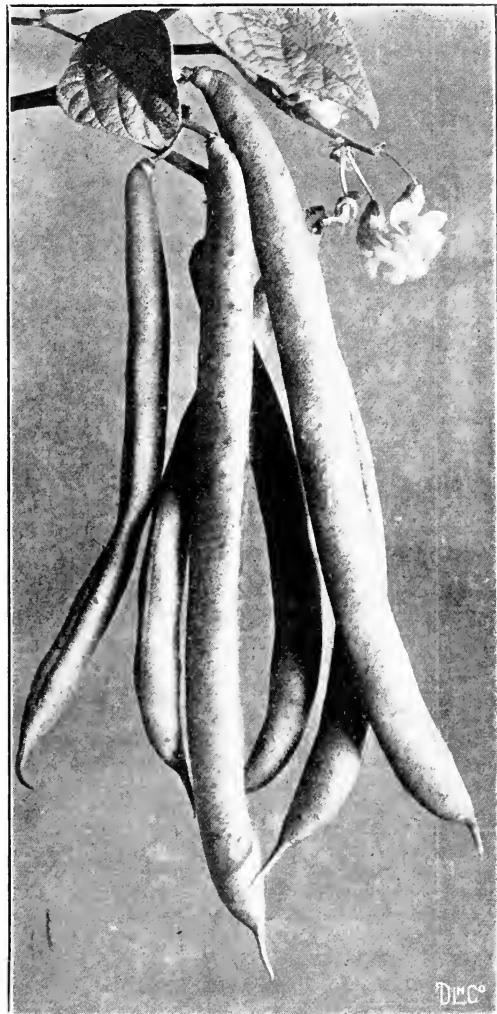
Improved Golden Wax. Pods long, nearly straight, broad, flat and very fleshy. A snap Bean of highest quality, most tender and one of the best for the home garden. When dry the Beans are white, mottled dark. Pkt. 20c., lb. 35c., 2 lbs. 65c., 10 lbs. or over, 27c. per lb.

Pencil Pod Wax. This very handsome black Wax sort is medium early, fairly hardy and productive. It is one of the very best sorts for home use and for near markets where highest quality is desired. The plants are strong growing with roughened leaves. The pods are long, $5\frac{1}{2}$ to 6 in., straight, round, fleshy and of a bright yellow color. They are tender, absolutely stringless and are produced through a long season. Seed long, round, medium sized, solid black. Pkt. 20c., lb. 35c., 2 lbs. 65c., 10 lbs. or over, 27c. per lb.

Sure Crop Stringless Wax. Splendid for either home use or market. Its strong, vigorous vines are dwarf, producing pods of extra size, measuring 7 to $7\frac{1}{2}$ in. long, more than $\frac{1}{2}$ in. wide, nearly $\frac{1}{2}$ in. thick, and of the finest quality. But this is not all. It is one of the most prolific bush Beans ever offered, and its beautiful, rich yellow pods sell at sight and taste like more. It is early, hardy, stringless, and rustproof. Pkt. 20c., lb. 35c., 2 lbs. 65c., 10 lbs. or over, 27c. per lb.

GREEN PODDED VARIETIES

Albamont Masterpiece. Campton grown, in our opinion the finest stringless green pod Bean in existence. The plant is robust in constitution, unusually prolific, bearing long, straight pods often 9 in. long, which are handsome and tender. It is a very quick grower and the table quality is all that can be desired. Lb. 65c., 2 lbs. \$1.00, 10 lbs. or over, 40c. per lb.



BEANS, BOUNTIFUL (SIX WEEKS)

Bountiful (Six Weeks). One of the most popular varieties, with pods of medium size, light green and flat. A heavy cropper of fine quality and accepted as one of the best of the flat-podded stringless sorts. Dry Beans, yellowish brown. Pkt. 20c., lb. 35c., 2 lbs. 65c., 10 lbs. or over, 27c. per lb.

Burpee's Stringless Green Pod. A very desirable dwarf podded snap sort for the home garden, and largely grown for the market. The plants are large, spreading and productive. The pods are medium green, 5 to 6 in. long, cylindrical, larger than those of Red Valentine, but are quite as fleshy, of equally high quality and remain crisp and tender longer. They mature a little later. Seed of medium size and length, yellowish brown. Pkt. 20c., lb. 40c., 2 lbs. 75c., 10 lbs. or over, 32c. per lb.

BEANS—Continued

Dwarf Horticultural. Pods thick, broad, of medium length, yellowish green splashed with red when at the stage of fitness for green shell Beans, and are then very attractive. Beans are large, oval, easily shelled and of fine quality. Pkt. 20c., lb. 35c., 2 lbs. 65c., 10 lbs. or over, 27c. per lb.

DWARF OR BUSH LIMA BEANS

1 lb. will plant 150 feet of row

We always advise planting after all danger from frost is past and eye down.

Burpee's Improved Bush. Earliest, largest and best of all, the sturdy bushes being loaded with pods that are truly enormous in size. The luscious green Beans are larger than many other Bush Limas and fully 8 to 10 days earlier. Will out-yield Burpee's Bush Lima by fully one-third, as the pods are very much larger, while the Beans, either green or dry, are nearly twice as thick. Even when of full size they are of most luscious flavor. Pkt. 20c., lb. 35c., 2 lbs. 65c., 10 lbs. or over, 27c. per lb.

Fordhook Bush. This excellent Lima is of uniformly erect branching habit, bearing tremendous crops even in a cool, wet season. Plump, well filled pods are the rule with this remarkable early sort that has so many champions. Quality unexcelled. Pkt. 20c., lb. 35c., 2 lbs. 65c., 10 lbs. or over, 27c. per lb.

Henderson's Bush. Exceedingly productive, bearing continuously until killed by the frost. Its greatest merit lies in its extreme earliness, as it comes two or three weeks earlier than any other Lima, although somewhat smaller. By all means, try this kind if you have difficulty in getting Dwarf Limas to ripen. Pkt. 20c., lb. 35c., 2 lbs. 65c., 10 lbs. or over, 27c. per lb.

POLE BEANS GREEN PODDED VARIETIES

2 lbs. will plant about 200 hills; 30 lbs. to the acre

It is best to place Poles in position before sowing seeds of any of the climbing Beans. Seeding should be done later than in the case of dwarf string Beans. Use 6 to 8 seeds to a hill well spread apart. If sown more heavily, thinning should be done. In heavy soil, it is an excellent plan to slightly raise the ground for the seeds around each pole. That popular variety Kentucky Wonder may be sown by the middle of May.

Kentucky Wonder, or Old Homestead. Pods are borne in large clusters, are of unusual length, nearly round, silvery green; when young, crisp, entirely stringless, of fine texture and flavor. Vine bears early and is very productive. Used only as a string Bean. Pkt. 20c., lb. 40c., 2 lbs. 75c., 10 lbs. or over, 32c. per lb.

“Kentucky Wonder Wax.” This Pole Bean is quite similar to the very popular green-podded Kentucky Wonder, except that the very long pods are a little broader, and of a waxy golden yellow. These are very attractive, fleshy, stringless and not surpassed in quality. The vine is remarkably vigorous and its earliness and hardiness command

the variety as one well adapted for even northern latitudes. The seed even from the most matured crop is usually somewhat shriveled. Like the green podded Kentucky Wonder, this is very productive, and we believe it to be generally superior to any other wax podded Pole Bean. Pkt. 20c., lb. 40c., 2 lbs. 75c., 10 lbs. or over, 32c. per lb.

BEANS FOR BAKING

Robust Pea Bean. An improved strain of Marrow Pea Beans which resists the mosaic disease that is often very destructive to the ordinary type of this variety. We find that the yield from Robust is nearly twice as large as from common Marrow Pea Beans. In other respects the Beans are the same. The Beans are small, round, pure white and of good quality. Pkt. 10c., $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 20c., lb. 35c., 2 lbs. 65c., 10 lbs. or over, 25c. per lb.

White Kidney. Large, white, kidney shaped Beans of the finest quality for baking. The vines are vigorous and productive. A week or 10 days later than Pea Beans. Pkt. 10c., $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 20c., lb. 35c., 2 lbs. 65c., 10 lbs. or over, 25c. per lb.

Yellow Eye. Medium size white Beans with a yellow spot or “eye.” It produces large crops and matures early and is less subject to the diseases which often attack other kinds. Pkt. 10c., $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 20c., lb. 35c., 2 lbs. 65c., 10 lbs. or over, 25c. per lb.

BEET

1 oz. will sow about 100 feet of drill, 5 or 6 lbs. required for an acre

The beet thrives best in deep, rich, but rather light soil. Sow in drills about 15 inches apart and 1 inch deep. Make the soil firm over the seed. For early use, sow as soon as the ground can be worked; for Fall use, in May; for Winter, from June 20th to the middle of July, according to the variety. Thin plants to 4 or 5 inches apart. Give frequent shallow cultivation.

Crosby's Early Egyptian Extra Selected Strain. For several years we have given this especial attention and have largely succeeded in eliminating the light-colored, coarse fleshed specimens peculiar to the Egyptian. Roots are more uniform in shape and tops are more even in growth and a little smaller. We confidently recommend it to market gardeners as an unsurpassed strain. Pkt. 10c., oz. 15c., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40c., lb. \$1.40.

Early Wonder. One of the earliest and most perfectly shaped Beets. Its beautiful, deep blood red color, globular-shaped roots, make it valuable for the home garden. The attractive appearance, uniform size, shape and color have created a very heavy demand for this variety. It is grown very extensively for late sowing. Pkt. 10c., oz. 15c., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40c., lb. \$1.40.

Detroit Dark Red. This very dark red variety is one of the best of all for market and exceptionally fine for home use. Very desirable for bunching or canning. The roots that mature uniformly globe-shaped are of splendid quality. Pkt. 10c., oz. 15c., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40c., lb. \$1.40.

BEET—Continued**SWISS CHARD**

Use a packet for 25 feet of row, 1 oz. to 100 feet, 5 to 6 lbs. per acre

Sow seed in the Spring as soon as the ground can be worked, in drills 18 to 24 inches apart. Cover the seed with 1 inch of soil. Thin to stand 8 to 12 inches apart in the rows. Cultivate freely.

Lucullus (The Cut-and-come-again Spinach Beet). 25 days. These stalks are delicious when cooked and should be served in the same manner as Asparagus. The leaf portion is heavily crumpled or savoyed and is very crisp and tender. It is cooked and served in the same manner as Spinach. Can start cutting in about 25 days. Pkt. 10c., oz. 15c., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 35c., lb. \$1.25.

MANGEL-WURZEL

6 to 8 lbs. of seed sows 1 acre

An invaluable crop for stock feeding. It is highly relished by cattle, resulting in improved health and condition, increasing the yield from milch cows.

Sow from April to June on well cultivated, deep, rich soil, in drills 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ feet apart.

Golden Tankard. A greater weight per acre may be obtained from this variety than from any other large-growing sort. It is of excellent shape and very neat habit, with bright golden yellow flesh, differing in this respect from all other varieties which cut white. Rich in saccharine matter and feeding properties. Oz. 10c., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c., lb. 75c.

Mammoth Long Red. The largest and heaviest cropper of all the long red sorts. It grows well out of the ground and is easily harvested. Color blood red. A most valuable and distinct variety, and very popular on account of its nutritious and milk producing qualities. Our seed is produced from the largest selected roots and is a most superior strain. Oz. 10c., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c., lb. 75c.



BROCCOLI, ITALIAN GREEN SPROUTING



MANGEL-WURZEL, GOLDEN TANKARD

BROCCOLI

1 oz. of seed will produce about 1500 plants, 8 ozs. to the acre

This vegetable is very similar in habit to the Cauliflower. This useful vegetable is often referred to as the hardy Cauliflower. It thrives under the same conditions which will produce good Cauliflowers. In Europe, Broccoli is in season from Autumn until early Summer, there being Autumn, Winter and Spring types. In America, its true merits are just being recognized. In addition to the white flowered types there are others producing green heads which are popular on the European continent. These are meeting with much favor here. Seeds of the various flowering Broccoli should be sown about the middle of May and treated like Cauliflowers. Plants lifted before weather becomes too severe can be planted on the floor of a cool but frost proof cellar where immature heads will develop.

Plants. Ready June 1st. Doz. 30c., 100 \$2.00.

Italian Green Sprouting. Very much prized by Italian gardeners. The head is a compact cluster of flower buds which are bluish green in color. When the main head is cut the side branches produce small, compact flower clusters. Grows very vigorously in New England. Pkt. 50c., oz. \$2.00.

Early Purple Cape. Very hardy, heads medium in size, and compact. Pkt. 25c., oz. \$1.00.

BRUSSELS SPROUTS

1 oz. of seed produces about 1500 plants, 8 ozs. to the acre

Brussels Sprouts represent one of the most interesting varieties in the Cabbage family. While young, they closely resemble common Cabbage, but as they develop their long stems, small sprouts like miniature Cabbages are thickly clustered round them. Seeds should be sown under glass in March, or not later than April 20th outdoors for best results. Late sowings will not produce plants carrying the solid sprouts so much desired. Plant out on rich land and allow a yard between the rows and as much between the plants. Planted more closely sprouts will develop poorly. In late Summer break off the lower leaves; this allows the heads to develop better and permits the easier removal of them when sufficiently hard. In order to secure the best quality of Brussels Sprouts it is all important to secure the very best strains of seed. Brussels Sprouts are very hardy and withstand quite severe frost.

Long Island Mammoth. Seed of the highest selection. Very dependable variety. Sprouts thickly set, solid, good size. Pkt. 50c., oz. \$2.00, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$6.50.

CABBAGE

1 oz. will produce about 3000 plants

Cabbage will thrive on any good garden soil, but is more successfully grown on deep, strong loam, and new soil is much preferable, as on old land the roots are more liable to be affected by the disease called club root. Especially should land be avoided upon which without two years, Cabbage, Cauliflower, Turnips or Radishes have been grown.

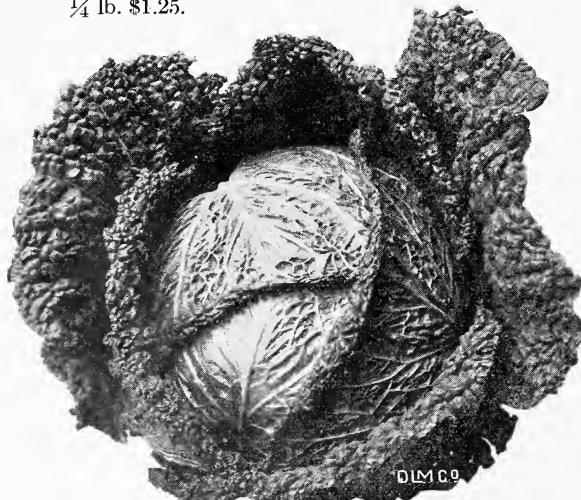
For the earliest crop, seed is usually sown in February or March in hotbeds with only moderate bottom heat, and the plants hardened by gradually exposing them to the night air and transplanted as early as the ground is in suitable condition.

Seed of the second-early, Autumn and Winter varieties, may be sown in the open ground. If a second crop is desired to follow closely the early crop, seed of some second-early sort should be sown as soon as ground can be worked. For later crops, successive sowings may be made, in this latitude, until about the middle of June, possibly some later, the time depending somewhat on the nature and condition of the soil, the season, and more on the variety.

Copenhagen Market. The best early Cabbage.

As early as the Charleston Wakefield, it fully meets the requirements of earliness expected of an extra early variety, while the heads are as large or larger than the Danish Ballhead, averaging in weight about 10 lbs. This type is remarkably well fixed, the heads perfectly ball-shaped, all maturing at the same time. The plant is short-stemmed, the heads being produced only a little above the ground. The light green, rather small leaves are saucer-shaped and always tightly folded, permitting of closer planting than usual with other varieties, having a head of equal size. No other early variety will produce so great a weight per acre, and we doubt if any of the later varieties will much surpass it in this respect. The Copenhagen Market has proven itself a valuable addition to the market garden varieties. Pkt. 10c., $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 20c., oz. 35c., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.00.

Early Jersey Wakefield. Extremely early and a first-class, medium sized conical heading sort. Very compact, solid and a sure header. Extra selected stock. Pkt. 10c., $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 20c., oz. 35c., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.25.



CABBAGE, DRUMHEAD CURLED SAVOY



CABBAGE, COPENHAGEN MARKET

Golden Acre. This remarkable Cabbage has already proved itself to be a most profitable extra early for the market. It is two weeks ahead of any other round-headed sort. Being of small, compact habit, it allows of close planting, yet the heads are so uniformly large as to be in great demand. Pkt. 15c., $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 40c., oz. 75c., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$2.50.

LATE FALL AND WINTER VARIETIES

Danish Roundhead. Round, or ball-shaped heads from 6 to 8 in. in diameter, of great solidity and intensely green color. Hardness and size of heads make it an excellent market type as well as most desirable for home use, slicing for slaw, salads, etc. Short stemmed. Pkt. 10c., $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 25c., oz. 40c., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.25.

Emperor, or Danish Ballhead. Remarkable for its hard heads which when ready for market are fully one quarter heavier than any other variety of similar size. The weight recommends it to the market gardeners as a money maker. Pkt. 10c., $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 25c., oz. 40c., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.25.

Large Red Drumhead. Heads are large, round, very solid and deep red color. We know of none superior to our strain of large Red Drumhead. Pkt. 10c., $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 25c., oz. 40c., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.25.

CABBAGE PLANTS

Plants should be set about 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 feet apart each way. April and May delivery.

100 1000

\$1.50 \$12.00

Copenhagen Market 1.50 12.00

Early Jersey Wakefield 1.50 12.00

June delivery

Golden' Acre 1.50 12.00

Danish Roundhead 1.00 8.00

Danish Ballhead 1.00 8.00

SAVOY CABBAGE

Drumhead Curled Savoy. The largest of the Savoys and a fine keeper. Pkt. 10c., oz. 40c.

CARROT

1 oz. will sow about 150 feet of drill, 3 lbs. to the acre

Modern cooking methods furnish numerous recipes in which Carrots are a most delicious dish. Creamed alone, or in combination with Peas or other vegetables, they meet the approval of the most epicurean taste. They are used extensively in the best restaurants. For home use they are deservedly increasing in popular favor, not only as a table delicacy, but because of their high food value. For stock feeding the nutritive value of Carrots surpasses most other vegetables. Every stock owner should plant at least a small acreage of Carrots to supplement his fodder ration next Winter to take the place of grain. In proportion to other costs they furnish very cheap food.

The Carrot thrives best in a light, sandy soil, free from stones, well enriched, and deeply and thoroughly worked. Make the top surface fine and smooth by raking. Sow in drills 14 inches apart and $\frac{1}{2}$ inch deep and thin plants to 3 or 4 inches apart. Sow from the middle of April to the middle of June.

Chantenay. A most excellent medium early, half long variety. It is one of the best in quality for the market and home garden, while its great productiveness and the ease with which it can be harvested make it desirable as a field sort. The tops are medium sized with small neck. The mature roots are thick, $5\frac{1}{2}$ to 6 in. in length, uniformly half long or stump rooted but tapering slightly, smooth, deep orange red in color. The flesh is very crisp and tender. Although a medium early sort, the roots are suitable for use nearly as early as any. The variety is extensively used for bunching. Pkt. 10c., oz. 20c., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40c., lb. \$1.50.

Danvers' Half Long Improved (Stump Root). The best second early for a general crop. A large yielder, and the most valuable for market gardeners. Roots orange in color, half long, tapering uniformly to a blunt tip, smooth and attractive. Being only 6 to 8 in. long, they are more easily harvested than longer sorts, yet often produce as large a bulk. The tops are of medium size. Although originated in Danvers, Mass., where the raising of Carrots is a specialty, it is now popular everywhere and in great demand by the home gardeners, market gardeners and stock raisers. Great care has been taken in the selection of the roots to be grown for this strain of seed. Pkt. 10c., oz. 20c., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60c., lb. \$1.75.

Nantes Half Long. One of the most symmetrical and handsome of the medium-sized varieties. The roots grow about 6 in. in length, are smooth, almost cylindrical in shape and are not apt to crack open while growing. Almost coreless. The flesh is bright orange, sweet and sugary, in fact, it is the sweetest of all Carrots. An excellent table sort and a very heavy cropper. Pkt. 10c., oz. 25c., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 65c., lb. \$2.00.

Oxheart (Guérande). Easily dug because of their shape. Bright orange, fine grained and very sweet. The mature roots are $4\frac{1}{2}$ to 5 in. long, very thick and broad at the top, tapering abruptly to a small tap root. When young, the roots are desirable for table use as a medium early Carrot, and when mature, they are especially good for stock feeding. Tops are small for the size root. Grows well in soil too hard for the longer growing sorts. Pkt. 10c., oz. 20c., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60c., lb. \$1.75.

Pride of Denmark. A Carrot whose bright orange scarlet color, splendid size, shape and productiveness are very much in its favor. Although a cross between the Nantes and Chantenay, it resembles the Hutchinson more than any other, but the top is not quite so green. It is quickly taking a leading place among the sorts grown for bushel sales. Try it in your garden this year. You will be pleased with its good qualities. Pkt. 10c., oz. 25c., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75c., lb. \$2.50.

CAULIFLOWER

1 oz. of seed should produce about 2500 plants, 5 ozs. to the acre

This delicious vegetable demands a rich soil like Cabbage, and if the soil is well drained it will thrive in soil which is moist during the Summer. For an early crop, seeds can be started under glass in January and the seedlings planted in frames which contain a good bed of manure below the soil. Grown in this way, splendid heads can be produced in May and early June if an abundance of water is given. Plants for field culture should go out a little later than Cabbages, as Cauliflowers are somewhat less hardy. As a rule the early outdoor plantings are at best but partially successful. Much better heads are obtained from sowings which are made in the open from May 20th to June 1st. When transplanting the seedlings, allow 24 inches between the plants and run rows a yard apart. To preserve the pure white heads, which are so much appreciated, plantings should be gone over twice a week and the leaves tied together on all plants which are developing their heads. Sometimes leaves are broken over the heads, but tying the leaves together makes a more complete protection.

Danish Giant (Dry Weather). The growth is very similar to that of Early Dwarf Erfurt, but with heavier foliage, and is less liable to blight in hot weather. It has been grown with excellent results where other varieties fail to form heads, especially in locations subjected to long droughts. Pkt. 25c., $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. \$1.25, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. \$2.25, oz. \$4.00.

Earliest Dwarf Erfurt. One of the earliest varieties; very dwarf, with large, white, compact heads of finest quality. Excellent for forcing. Pkt. 20c., $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. \$1.00, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. \$1.85, oz. \$3.50.

Early Snowball. The earliest and surest to head. Probably more largely used than all others combined. We offer an unsurpassed strain from one of the leading growers in Denmark. Pkt. 20c., $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 90c., $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. \$1.65, oz. \$3.00.

CAULIFLOWER PLANTS

Early Snowball. Plants should be set $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft. apart each way. May delivery, doz. 50c., 100 \$3.00, 1000 \$20.00. June and July delivery, 100 \$1.75, 1000 \$12.00.

CRISP CELERY

1 oz. will produce about 3000 plants, $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. of seed is sufficient to sow 1 acre

Sow early in April, transplanting about the first of June. The seed, being very small, should be covered very lightly. Comparatively few soils are suited to Celery culture. Rich, mellow soils of a sandy nature are best, while soils that settle and become hard after rain are unsuitable. Set in rows 3 feet apart, and about 12 inches between plants in the row. Some gardeners trim off the tops a little, while the plants are small, to make them more stocky. Keep down all weeds and, as Fall approaches, draw earth up to the plants, keeping the stalks well together. This earthing-up is continued at intervals, until only the leaves appear above the soil. Ready when well blanched. For Winter use it is usually placed in frames and covered with earth and litter or stored in cool cellars.

Boston Market. Unexcelled for its tender, crisp succulent stems and its peculiarly mild flavor. Forms a cluster of heads instead of a large one. To blanch, earth up for about six weeks. Pkt. 15c., $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 60c., oz. \$1.00, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$3.00.

Giant Pascal. The leading late green leaved variety, producing tall plants with broad and thick-meated leaf stalks that blanch very slowly to a beautiful yellowish white. Superior for late Fall and Winter when its crispness, and fine nutty flavor can be best appreciated. A wonderful keeper, remaining solid in good storage and retaining its quality well into the New Year. Locally grown seed. Pkt. 10c., $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 25c., oz. 40c., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.25.

Golden Plume, or Wonderful. This new variety is a result of a cross between Easy Bleaching and Golden Self Blanching. It has the hearty robust habit of Easy Bleaching and the color of Golden Self Blanching. It has a very full heart and is a blight resister. It shows the large, full plumed center so much desired. Golden Plume is a week earlier than Golden Self Blanching, is more marketable, and is fast supplanting it. Pkt. 25c., $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. \$1.00, oz. \$1.75.

CELERIAC—Turnip-rooted Celery

Sow seed and treat in first stage of growth as directed for Celery. Set in rows 2 feet apart and 6 inches apart in the row. As the roots only are used, no banking is necessary. When roots have reached a size of 2 inches in diameter they are ready for use. These are boiled, sliced and eaten with vinegar. To keep through Winter, roots should be packed in moist sand or earth.

Large Smooth Prague. An improved sort with nearly round roots which have but few side roots. Pkt. 10c., oz. 25c., 2 ozs. 45c., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 80c.

CELERY PLANTS

	100	1000
Boston Market	\$1.00	\$8.00
Giant Pascal	1.00	8.00
Golden Plume	1.00	8.00
Celeriac	1.00	8.00



CELERIAC—TURNIP-ROOTED CELERY

CUCUMBER

1 oz. will plant about 50 hills, $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 lbs. to the acre

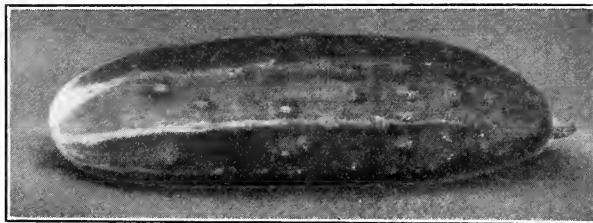
The Cucumber requires well enriched soil and should not be planted until settled warm weather, in this latitude seldom before the middle of May. Plant the early, small kinds in hills $3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 feet apart, the larger varieties 5 to 6 feet. Make the hills broad, use 15 to 20 seeds to the hill, dropping them well apart. Cover with not over an inch of earth, and firm this well with the hoe. If the young plants are attacked by the striped bugs or other insects, dust frequently with air-slacked lime, soot or ashes mixed with road dust, taking care that too much is not used at one time. When all danger from bugs is past, thin to three plants to the hill. Give frequent shallow cultivation as long as vines will permit.

Davis Perfect. Fine length, slimness, beautiful dark green color, transparentlike flesh with deliciously cool, refreshing flavor, and enjoyable crispness are distinguishing features and qualities of this the most popular of the extra long white spine Cucumbers. For indoor and outdoor planting, it is most popular. Its extremely vigorous growth makes it the best blight resister of the longer sorts. Pkt. 10c., oz. 20c., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 50c., lb. \$1.50.

Early Fortune. Early, very productive and disease-resistant. The rich, dark green fruits grow 9 in. long and $2\frac{1}{2}$ in. in diameter, slightly tapering with white, very firm, crisp flesh. Pkt. 10c., oz. 25c., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75c.

CUCUMBER—Continued

Improved White Spine. Perfection has been attained in this grand improvement in the White Spine family. It is early, prolific and produces a continuous crop of uniformly large and symmetrical fruits of an intensely rich, deep green color, faintly marked with light yellowish shading toward the tip. It runs very close to type, bearing practically no misshapen fruit or culls. It is the ideal for slicing; the flesh is compact, fine grained, sparkling white and of most refreshing and delightful flavor. The vines are vigorous, quite healthy, and mildew proof, maintaining their luxuriance and bearing abundantly from the earliest to the latest season. Pkt. 10c., oz. 20c., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 50c., lb. \$1.50.



CUCUMBER, IMPROVED WHITE SPINE

Golden Sunshine. Here's a variety that will be a money maker for the enterprising gardener—a yellow Corn of the Golden Bantam type that can compete with the first early white Sweet Corns. It fills a long, full want—a yellow variety of high quality that will be ready for the market before Golden Bantam. The ear is about the same size as Bantam, but 12-rowed instead of 8. The plant is more dwarf than Bantam and the ears closer to the ground. Think how much more can be grown in smaller space. Pkt. 20c., lb. 40c., 2 lbs. 75c., 6 lbs. \$2.00.

SWEET CORN

1 lb. of seed will plant 100 feet of drill, or about 150 hills, 12 lbs. to the acre

For a very early crop Sweet Corn can be started under glass in pots and planted out with the advent of settled weather. It is possible to secure pickings two weeks earlier in this way. The first outdoor sowing of the early varieties can be made on warm, well dried soil as early as April 20th. Only occasionally will this sowing be injured by frost; even though it should be killed, it costs but little to resow. Sowings of the tall varieties like Stowell's Evergreen may be made until early July, but the early varieties can be sown as late as July 15th and sometimes even later in the vicinity of Boston. While Corn is often sown in drills $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 feet apart according to the variety, a better plan is to sow the seed in hills 3 feet apart, as there is a better root anchorage in hill cultivation and the stalks are far less liable to blow over during moist, windy weather. Allow 4 to 5 plants to each hill. Where crows or squirrels trouble the seeds the best plan is to spread the seed in a box and treat with Stanley's Crow Repellant. The seeds thus treated will be free from the attacks of birds or animals.

Albion Burbank. Grown at Campton. We secured our original seed from Luther Burbank shortly before he died. He described it as the finest sturdy growing and sweetest yellow Corn in the world and no one can dispute it. The stalks are strong growing, about 6 ft. high and bear two or three 14- to 16-rowed ears about half again as large as Golden Bantam and sweeter than it. No other Sweet Corn equals Burbank. $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 75c., lb. \$1.25.

Golden Bantam. The most famous Sweet Corn ever produced. Because of its extremely early character, vigorous growth, and surpassingly delicious flavor it is easily the most popular. Although the dry grain is entirely free from any flinty glaze, it is exceptionally hard and firm, hence can be planted earlier than any other true Sweet Corn. 4 ft. stalks are sturdy in habit, and each bears two or three good, small ears of eight rows. Pkt. 15c., lb. 30c., 2 lbs. 55c., 6 lbs. \$1.50.

EGGPLANT

1 oz. of seed should produce about 1000 plants, 5 ozs. to the acre

Few vegetables are more tender than Eggplants and planting out is unsafe before June 5 to 15. They demand very heavily manured ground and very much better growth will be made and fruits more freely produced if two liberal forkfulls of cow manure are placed beneath each plant when setting. Plants need to be spaced 3x3 feet to permit their proper development. Sow seeds in a greenhouse or hotbed about the end of March, and prick off into flats of rich soil, or into a frame, allowing at least 8 inches each way between the plants. The plants when being set should be very carefully handled, so as to avoid checking their growth. Eggplants like a warm, well drained piece of land and prefer light to heavy soils.

New York Improved. The leading market variety; excellent and very productive. Pkt. 15c., oz. 85c., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$2.75.

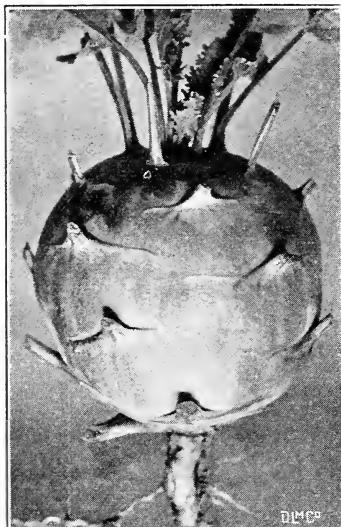
EGGPLANT PLANTS

Ready for delivery the latter part of May and June.

New York Improved. Pot grown. Doz. \$1.25, 100 \$8.00.



EGGPLANT, NEW YORK IMPROVED



KOHL-RABI, EARLY WHITE VIENNA



LETTUCE, MAY KING

KOHL-RABI

1 oz. of seed will sow 150 feet of drill, 2 lbs. to the acre

This interesting member of the Brassica family is often referred to as the "Turnip-rooted Cabbage." Seeds may be sown thinly in shallow drills in early Spring and up to August 1st for a late crop. Several successive sowings are necessary during the season as the tubers soon get hard in hot, dry weather. Their flavor resembles that of Turnips but is rather more delicate. The roots must be used while rather small and when a knife or needle will easily puncture them. The Spring and Autumn sowings yield much the best roots.

Early White Vienna (Extra for forcing). This variety is extremely early, with distinctly small tops. The bulbs are of medium size, very light green or nearly white, and are of best quality for the table if used when about 2 in. in diameter. Pkt. 10c., $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 20c., oz. 30c., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 85c.

KALE OR BORECOLE

1 oz. of seed will sow 150 feet of drill, 6 ozs. to the acre

The Kales are much the hardiest of the Brassica family and will sometimes withstand the rigors of a New England Winter. While the bulk of the varieties grown carry green foliage, the variegated section with leaves in a variety of colors is very attractive and excellent for garnishing purposes, the colors reach their greatest beauty after we have had a few frosts. The green curled varieties require several freezings to improve their flavor. They are especially good in Spring when they throw out quantities of side shoots. Sow seeds not earlier than May 15th and plant out in rows a yard apart, allowing 2 feet between the plants.

Dwarf Green Curled Scotch. Leaves bright green closely curled, very tender. Quality is improved if the plants are touched by frost before being used. Pkt. 10c., oz. 20c., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 50c., lb. \$1.75.

LETTUCE

1 oz. will produce from 3000 to 4000 plants

Lettuce thrives on nearly all soils, but because the growth should at all times be rapid to insure crispness and best flavor, the soil should be heavily enriched and well worked before planting. Lettuce being quite hardy, seed may generally be sown as soon as ground can be fitted, as while prolonged or continued freezing will kill the plants, they are but little injured by an ordinary frost. Seed may also be sown in the hotbed in gentle heat and the plants, if well hardened by having been often exposed to the air, may usually be set in the open ground very soon after the time suggested for sowing seed outdoors.

Iceberg. The unusual solidity of the heads is insured by the large white main ribs of the leaves, each of which curving strongly into the center, acts like a truss, making it impossible for the leaves to open outward and expose the center, which is consequently thoroughly blanched. The leaves are always crisp and tender. Pkt. 10c., $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 20c., oz. 30c., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75c.

May King. A new, very hardy variety of foreign origin, which owing to its hardiness, earliness and large size for a variety of this class, is coming rapidly into favor here, both for outdoor planting and for forcing. Forms compact heads, nearly, if not quite, as early as White-seeded Tennisball. Pkt. 10c., $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 20c., oz. 30c., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75c.

New York or Wonderful (Dark Iceberg). One of the largest varieties in cultivation. The heads are very solid with but little tendency to run to seed. It blanches itself naturally, is crisp, tender, and of excellent flavor, and always free from bitterness. Pkt. 10c., $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 20c., oz. 30c., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75c.

Sutton's Favourite. One of the best for Spring sowing, very popular in England. Has a hardy constitution, leaves are attractively curled, hearts are crisp and tender and extremely sweet. Grows very large. Pkt. 10c., $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 35c., oz. 60c., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.75.

SELECT ONION SEED

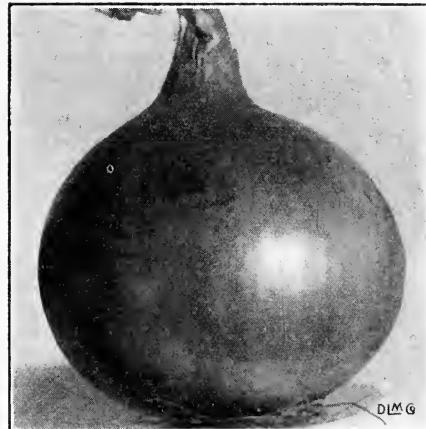
1 oz. will sow 100 feet of drill, 4 to 5 lbs. to the acre

Select a clean, rich piece of land upon which Onions were grown the previous year, if possible. Scatter broadcast a heavy dressing of well rotted manure, and plow 6 or 7 inches deep as early in the Spring as the ground can be worked; harrow and take down to a fine even surface. Sow about 4 lbs. of seed per acre in drills about a foot apart and a quarter of an inch deep. If a seed drill is used it should be provided with a good roller to press the earth firmly upon the seed, particularly if the soil is very dry. Sow as early as possible. A few days' delay often makes a marked difference in the crop. Unless the plants stand very thick together, they need not be thinned out much, if any, as Onions will crowd each other and find room to grow. Never allow the weeds to get ahead of the young plants. The weeds must receive early attention. Use a scuffle or wheel hoe between the rows and pull out the weeds not reached by the hoe. When the tops are all down, and the Onions well formed, they may be pulled and left on the ground for a fortnight or longer to dry (unless the weather is unfavorable), turning them occasionally with a wooden rake. If extra large Onions are wanted, sow seeds in hotbeds or indoor boxes and transplant into paper pots to increase the root development before pricking out in the open. By this method such varieties as Ailsa Craig and Prizetaker can be grown to extraordinary size. By means of Onion sets, delicious Onions can be had in a few weeks after planting, or large bulbs in July. They, however, should be set as early as the ground can be worked in the Spring.

Large Red Wethersfield. The standard red variety, being the largest, heaviest yielder and best keeper of all reds. Smooth and glossy. Skin of a deep purplish red. Flesh white, lightly tinged with pinkish rose. The large, solid Onions keep well for late Winter markets. Pkt. 10c., $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 20c., oz. 30c., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.00.

Prizetaker. Of the largest size, form nearly globular; skin thin, light straw color. Quite certain to bottom, but is later in maturing than any of the preceding, and though fine bulbs are often obtained from seed sown in the open ground in favorable locations, the largest and finest bulbs are grown from seeds sown in a hotbed and the plants set in the open ground when about 6 in. high. Pkt. 10c., $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 20c., oz. 30c., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75c.

Yellow Globe Danvers. This is an old favorite—the standard variety for Winter use in the Eastern markets. It produces well ripened bulbs, averaging 2 in. in diameter and nearly globe shaped. The skin is a light golden brown or pale yellow, and the flesh is pure white, crisp, and mild in flavor. The plants have very slender necks and consequently the bulbs keep well over Winter. They ripen up uniformly, which characteristic recommends the variety to market growers. Although not quite so truly globe shaped as the Southport Yellow Globe Onion, they are somewhat earlier. On account of their attractive shape and color and their excellent keeping qualities they always bring a good price in the markets. Selected strain. Pkt. 10c., $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 20c., oz. 30c., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75c., lb. \$2.75.



PRIZETAKER ONION

PARSLEY

1 oz. will sow about 150 feet of drill, 3 lbs. to the acre

For a very early crop Parsley should be started in the hotbed or coldframe and planted out about May 1st. Seeds can be sown outdoors very early in Spring or as late as June. Thin plants to stand 8 to 9 inches apart or if you want extra fine leaves, 12 inches will be better. Plant only the specially heavy curled varieties. Parsley is an excellent garnishing plant and it is also used in soups and stews. Parsley sauce is very popular for use with fish. Plants may be carried over Winter outdoors by covering with leaves and standing a box over them. Roots may also be lifted and planted in a coldframe or in a box in the cellar for Winter use.

Triple Curled. A dwarf, dark green variety that is densely curled. Excellent for table and edgings. Pkt. 10c., oz. 50c., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.50.

PARSNIP

1 oz. will sow 200 feet of drill, 6 lbs. are required for an acre

The Parsnip thrives on any soil which is deep, mellow and moderately rich, but best on that which is rather light or sandy. Avoid the use of fresh manure, as when used, roots are more inclined to be coarse, spongy and ill-shaped. Seed germinates slowly, should be sown fairly early and immediately after ground is prepared—that is, before the soil has become dry. Sow in rows 18 inches apart, cover with $\frac{1}{2}$ inch of soil and make latter firm by rolling or with back of hoe. Thin plants to 3 inches apart.

Of each variety we offer a choice, selected strain
Each, pkt. 10c., oz. 20c., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 50c.

Arlington Long Smooth. Roots very long and smooth, with full crown, desirable for deep soil and, owing to the full crown, is less liable to rot if left in the ground through the Winter than the Hollow Crown.

Hollow Crown. Roots of medium length, thicker at the top or shoulder than the preceding; succeeds better on shallow or stiff soil; crown slightly depressed; does not, on this account, keep so well in the ground through the Winter as the Arlington Long Smooth, but is more easily harvested and more extensively grown.

GARDEN PEAS

1 lb. will plant about 100 feet, 76 to 85 lbs. an acre

Peas of the extra early, smooth class are the very first thing to be planted in the garden in the Spring. The wrinkled sorts follow a little later, as they are not quite so hardy. The tall, late varieties need brush, wire or some other support. Though light, warm soil is desirable for the extra early varieties, Peas generally produce a much larger crop on soil which is moderately heavy. By making the proper selection of varieties and planting frequently for succession, one may have a full supply of the choicest green Peas during the entire season.

Plant the early and dwarf varieties in drills 2½ feet apart and 3 or 4 inches deep, but cover with only 1 inch of soil and fill the trench gradually as plants grow. Plant the taller and later varieties in rows 3 to 4 feet apart and 5 to 6 inches deep, covering as already suggested. The tall, late varieties may be planted in double rows, thus using the supports, which may be set between for both rows.

Peas by Parcel Post

The prices here are for Peas at our counter or by express or freight at customer's expense. If these are wanted in quantities, over 1 lb. by Parcel Post, remit extra for postage at zone rates.

EXTRA EARLY DWARF VARIETIES

Extra Early Blue Bantam. The best first early dwarf wrinkled Pea. It is unequalled for combination of extreme earliness, superb quality and unusual productiveness. The dwarf, vigorous vines average 15 in. in height and carry really enormous crops of large, deep bluish green pods. The pods measure 4 to 4½ in. long and are tightly packed with 8 to 10 large, deep bluish green peas. These peas are not only large in size, but of most luscious flavor. Pkt. 20c., lb. 40c., 2 lbs. 75c., 10 lbs. or over, 30c. per lb.

Gradus or Prosperity. The most popular early variety among both private and market gardeners in this locality. Pods large pointed and uniform in shape; Peas of fine flavor. Vines from 2½ to 3 ft. in height. Lb. 35c., 2 lbs. 65c., 10 lbs. or over, 25c. per lb.

Laxtonian. A grand early dwarf Pea. The pods of Laxtonian are very large and are produced on a low growing, sturdy vine, without support of any kind. Unlike many of its class, Laxtonian fills to the full its ample pods with large, luscious Peas. The flavor is just as rich and good as any of the later varieties, which entitles it to a permanent place in every garden. It is ready for use just about a week later than the very early sorts and is incomparably good in quality. It is admirable for private gardens, where its abundant crop, produced so early in the season, is extremely welcome. The plant is only 1½ ft. high, branching in habit. Pkt. 20c., lb. 35c., 2 lbs. 65c., 10 lbs. or over, 25c. per lb.

Laxton's Progress. This is the earliest of the large podded dwarf varieties. The pods are as large as Laxtonian, 4 in. long, broad and pointed, deep green in color, containing eight large dark green Peas of very high quality. The vines are 15 to 18 in. in height and are very productive. Laxton's Progress will mature Peas four days earlier than Laxtonian or Blue Bantam. Pkt. 20c., lb. 40c., 2 lbs. 75c., 10 lbs. or over, 30c. per lb.

Sutton's Excelsior. The best of the dwarf varieties. The vine is of more vigorous growth than the Nott's Excelsior, a little taller, fully as productive and matures its crop nearly as early, while both pods and peas are decidedly larger. In quality, equal to any of the dwarf varieties, all of which compare favorably with the larger and later sorts. Pkt. 20c., lb. 35c., 2 lbs. 65c., 10 lbs. or over, 25c. per lb.

SECOND EARLY AND LATE VARIETIES

Admiral Beatty. The finest of all the second early varieties. Very heavy cropper, the sturdy vines grow to a height of 4 ft., literally covered with long pointed pods which contain 8 to 10 delicious Peas. Pkt. 20c., lb. 40c., 2 lbs. 75c., 10 lbs. and over, 30c. per lb.

Champion of England. One of the very best; exceedingly productive; blunt end type following Telephone in season. Grows 4 to 5 ft. Known everywhere as one of the richest, best flavored Peas grown. Pkt. 15c., lb. 35c., 2 lbs. 65c., 10 lbs. and over, 25c. per lb.

Telephone. This is the recognized late Pea for the home garden. Vines are heavy and vigorous, 4½ ft. high, with large, coarse, medium green leaves and producing an abundance of attractive medium green, broad, straight, pointed pods 4 to 5 in. long, containing eight large, tender, light green Peas; sugary sweet, and of an excellent flavor. Pkt. 20c., lb. 35c., 2 lbs. 65c., 10 lbs. and over, 25c. per lb.

PEPPERS

1 oz. of seed should produce about 2000 plants, 4 ozs. to the acre

Seeds of the various Peppers should be sown in heat between March 15th and April 5th. Seedlings should be transplanted into flats of light rich soil and gradually hardened off and planted outdoors about June 1st. Avoid giving them very rich soil. This will promote a rank growth but practically all flowers will drop instead of setting fruits. Ground well manured the previous year will give a much better and heavier crop of Peppers than one manured just prior to planting. After the fruits are set, an application of commercial fertilizer stirred in will improve the quality of the fruits.

Harris Early Giant. In more northern latitudes, where formerly only one or two of the smaller early types could be grown with any certainty of securing a crop, this new variety will mature large fruits, 4½ to 5 in. high and 4 in. thick, with very thick, sweet flesh. Pkt. 25c., ½ oz. \$2.00, oz. \$3.50.

Squash, or Pickling. Extensively used in Boston markets; the most popular variety with the market gardener. Plants are quite dwarf and mature fruit earlier than most other varieties. We have taken especial care in the selection of the fruit for seed of this very productive sort. Pkt. 10c., ½ oz. 35c., oz. 60c., ¼ lb. \$2.00.

Sweet Mountain (Mammoth or Improved Bull-nose). A very popular and desirable sort. Fruit large, with thick, mild flesh; bright red when ripe. Oz. 75c., ¼ lb. \$2.50.

PEPPER PLANTS

Earth band grown; the above 3 varieties. Doz. 75c., 100 \$5.00.

PUMPKIN

1 oz. will plant 50 hills

Albarnont Nantucket. A small, warted sugar Pumpkin. The finest, sweetest Pumpkin that grows; keeps extra well, still good in March when most other Pumpkins are gone. Pkts. only, 25c. each.

Small Sugar. The popular variety in New England for pies; fine grained and sweet. Pkt. 10c., oz. 15c., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 35c., lb. \$1.00.

RADISH

1 oz. will sow 150 feet of drill

Radishes are now grown the entire year, and may be sown when desired in hotbeds with moderate heat, either in rows 6 inches apart or broadcast. Soil should be light and rich, preferably new soil and fine rotted turf and commercial fertilizer. Seed may be sown outside very early, as soon as ground can be worked, in rows, 6 to 12 inches apart, as desired, and $\frac{1}{2}$ inch deep. For our own use, we prefer that plants shall be thick, commencing to use roots when twice the size of a large Pea and only thinning when plants are so crowded as to prevent the formation of roots of a size suitable for use. Grow in this way and used from the size noted to that of a small marble, roots are tender and crisp and never have the thick skin so generally a feature of those found in our markets.

Early Scarlet Globe. A very early globe shaped Radish suitable for forcing or open ground. The Radishes are of handsome shape, attractive bright red, and are crisp, solid and of the finest quality. They grow so rapidly that under favorable circumstances they may be pulled 20 days from sowing the seed. This is the most popular variety for forcing. Our seed is of the very finest strain grown from transplanted roots and will be found unsurpassed. Pkt. 10c., oz. 15c., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 45c., lb. \$1.25.

Long Brightest Scarlet White Tip. Matures in 25 days from planting and remains crisp until full grown. Oz. 15c., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 45c., lb. \$1.25.

Oliver Shaped Deep Scarlet. Early, fine for open ground. Pkt. 10c., oz. 15c., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 45c., lb. \$1.25.

SPINACH

1 oz. will sow 100 feet of drill, 14 to 16 lbs. to the acre

For Spring and Summer use sow in drills 1 foot apart and 1 inch deep, as early as the ground can be worked, and every two weeks for a succession. For Winter and early Spring use, sow in September in well manured ground; cover with straw on the approach of severe cold weather. The ground cannot be too rich.

King of Denmark. Also known as "Antvorskov." This new variety is undoubtedly the most valuable introduction of Spinach in recent years. Although the plants are ready for use almost as soon as the medium early sorts, they remain in good condition for a week or two weeks after other varieties have gone to seed. The plants are of rapid growth, resemble the Long Season in type, but leaves are more crumpled or blistered and are of darker green color. The leaves are thick, stand well after cutting and are of good quality. Pkt. 10c., oz. 15c., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c., lb. 75c.

Princess Juliana (New). The best second early variety. Plants grow close to the ground and have dark green, crumpled leaves which retain their crispness for a long time after being cut. Pkt. 10c., oz. 15c., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c., lb. 75c.

New Zealand. Thrives during the hottest Summer weather in any soil, rich or poor, a single plant covering a space about 4 ft. square. The tender tips may be cut every few days; after cutting, the plant puts out new growth and continues till frost. Pkt. 10c., oz. 15c., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 35c., lb. \$1.25.

TENDER GREEN or JAPANESE MUSTARD SPINACH

A new, quick growing vegetable of Oriental origin. It remains tender long after ordinary Spinach has gone by, especially in dry weather. It is virtually an all season plant. It withstands Summer heat and cold weather too. The leaves which are a rich dark green have a very small center rib and are cooked just like Spinach. Pkt. 10c., oz. 25c., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 65c., lb. \$2.00.

SQUASH

1 oz. will plant from 10 to 25 hills

Squash seed should be planted at about the same time and in the same manner as Cucumbers and Melons. The hills should be 9 feet apart each way, slightly elevated and highly manured. Bush varieties may be planted closer together. Use plenty of seed, as the bugs will destroy some plants.

Blue Hubbard. The Symmes Blue Hubbard is an entirely distinct variety resembling the Warted Hubbard in shape. It is a pale light blue color, very thick meated, dry and very sweet; its eating qualities cannot be surpassed. The Blue Hubbard is an exceptionally heavy cropper, producing an extraordinary number of Squashes, which, though not of the largest, are of even size, thus making it very easy to handle and market. It has excellent qualities, keeping with proper storage, much longer than the Delicious. Pkt. 10c., oz. 30c., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 90c., lb. \$3.25.

Delicious. A Fall and Winter variety. Color, usually dark green, but sometimes lighter in color and mottled; shell, moderately hard but very thin; flesh, thick, very fine grained, sweet and of finest flavor. Even when not quite mature is in condition for use and of good flavor. Pkt. 10c., oz. 20c., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 50c., lb. \$1.75.

Giant Straightneck Summer. Liked by market gardeners because their straight necks permit of nicer packing. Their lemon color is pleasing to critical trade which associates this shade with tenderness and quality, in both of which this variety excels. Will eventually replace all other Summer kinds. Pkt. 25c., oz. 60c., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$2.25, lb. \$7.50.

Green Hubbard. A well known and favorite Winter variety, more largely grown than any other. We offer a choice strain, considered by some of our customers to be superior to the popular Chicago Hubbard. Pkt. 10c., oz. 20c., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 50c., lb. \$1.75.

Italian Vegetable Marrow. Vines of bush habit, producing large, much elongated fruits. Dark green at first, but becoming marbled with yellow as they mature. The young fruits, when fried in oil, constitute a vegetable delicacy very popular. Pkt. 10c., oz. 20c., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 50c., lb. \$1.75.

QUALITY TOMATOES

1 oz. will product about 2000 plants

Tomatoes yield enormously, are exceedingly appetizing, wholesome and rich in vitamins. What is more attractive on a hot day than fresh ripe Tomatoes by themselves or as a salad? Green, they can be used as delicious pickles. Is it any wonder then that they are considered a necessity in every garden?

The seed may be sown in hotbeds, in February or March, and when the plants are 2 or 3 inches high, transplant into other frames. Set the plants out in open ground not earlier than the last week in May, or when danger from frost is over. Choose a light sandy or gravelly loam, in a well sheltered situation, as early fruit is especially desirable. Set about 4 feet apart each way, enriching each hill. Scatter cut worm killer about each newly set plant, for it is so palatable the worms will be attracted to it in preference to your plants. If troubled with flea beetles that eat numerous small holes in the leaves, spray with Pyrox.

Albamont Wonder. Our own creation. Parentage, Bonny Best X Essex Wonder, an outstanding Scotch variety. It has the earliness of Bonny Best and the extra heavy production of Essex Wonder. The fruits are rich red, large and borne in clusters which form at each leaf joint. It is a strong grower, mildly acid and very solid. We consider it equal to any Tomato that grows and superior to most of them. Seed very limited. Pkts. only, 25c. each.

Bonny Best. This Tomato has been tested and found 8 to 10 days earlier than the Chalk's Early Jewel, which ripens about with the Earliana. Very strong grower and the fruit is uniform and smooth; ripens evenly all over; excellent shipper. Pkt. 10c., $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 25c., oz. 40c., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.25.

Marglobe. Recently introduced by the U. S. Dept. of Agriculture as a rust and wilt resisting sort. The scarlet fruit, being of medium size, solid and with a smooth skin, makes it a favorite with market gardeners. The strong vines bear their fruits in clusters of 5 to 7, give heavy yields, thus making this variety a profitable sort. Pkt. 10c., $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 30c., oz. 50c., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.75.

TOMATO PLANTS

We offer the above three varieties.

We make a specialty of growing Tomato plants and can furnish the following varieties after May 10 in fine, strong, stocky plants.

Plants sent by express only, purchaser paying transit charges.

We advise ordering pot grown plants for express shipments, as they stand shipment better.

Box-Grown: Bonny Best. Doz. 35c. If packed for shipment by express, doz. 45c., 100 \$3.50, 1000 \$30.00.

Pot-Grown: Doz. \$1.00. Pot-grown Tomatoes can be transplanted without checking the growth and at Campton we set out these plants about June first and are getting ripe Tomatoes by July 10th and until frost comes.

Earthband Grown Tomatoes: A new idea. Almost as good as pot-grown plants. Doz. 75c., 100 \$5.00, 1000 \$40.00.

TURNIP

1 oz. will sow 200 feet of drill; if sown in drills, 1 lb. is required for an acre; if sown broadcast, less seed is sufficient if sown evenly

For early, sow seed of flat varieties in open ground in Spring in drills 1 foot or more apart, using seed sparingly. Thin to 3 or 4 inches apart. For succession, sow every two weeks until June. For Fall and Winter, sow in July and August. A good crop may often be grown by scattering seed thinly in the Corn field at last cultivation. For Rutabagas, sow seed in seed bed in Spring and transplant to good warm soil, in rows at least 2 feet apart and 8 or 10 inches apart in the rows, or sow in open ground during June and early July. Take up the roots just before Winter, top and store in cool cellar, or pit outdoors.

Early Snowball. A nearly round, medium sized Turnip of fine appearance, with a smooth white skin, maturing very early, being ready in 6 to 8 weeks. The pure white flesh is very sweet, fine grained and tender. The tops are scant and short. Pkt. 10c., oz. 20c., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60c., lb. \$1.75.

Extra Early Purple Top Milan. The earliest grown, being ready two weeks sooner than any other. Of medium size with very much flattened, round roots, smooth and white with a purple red top. Leaves short and few. Flesh white and of splendid quality. Well adapted to Spring and Fall planting, or early forcing. Pkt. 10c., oz. 20c., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60c., lb. \$1.75.

RUTABAGA

(SWEDISH or RUSSIAN TURNIP)

The Swedish or Rutabaga varieties should be sown in drills 15 to 18 inches apart at any time from June 1st to the middle of July, using about 1 lb. of seed per acre. The plants should be thinned to about 6 or 8 inches apart.

Long Island Improved. This is undoubtedly the finest variety of Purple Top Rutabaga. It grows much larger than other American varieties, is, therefore, desirable for stock, but equally desirable for the table and market, as it is tender and sweet and of very attractive appearance. Pkt. 10c., oz. 15c., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 35c., lb. 90c.

Macomber Improved White Rock. A reliable keeper, 90 days. This fine grade white Rutabaga is an American variety and in all sections it has long had an enviable reputation as an extra good cropper and reliable keeper. Roots large, nearly globe shape, small neck, firm and sweet, with a shade of green or bronze at the top; flesh white. Matures in 90 days. It is equally desirable for table purposes or for stock feeding. Pkt. 10c., oz. 15c., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 50c., lb. \$1.25.

Shamrock. Yellow flesh, solid as a rock, and of remarkably fine flavor. Neck short. A very heavy cropper and one of the best. Oz. 25c., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75c., lb. \$2.00.

White Cape. The white Rutabaga raised by all Cape Cod folk. A fine grained, large, solid Winter sort. Pkt. 10c., oz. 15c., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 50c., lb. \$1.25.

FLOWERING SHRUBS

When right selections are made, the shrub border will show striking flower or foliage effects from early Spring until Autumn. Even in Winter shrubs are attractive for the gracefulness and color of their stems and branches. The following list comprises sorts which have been found of value in this climate. Most varieties may be planted with equal success in either Spring or Autumn. In general, for massed effects, the dwarf and small growing shrubs should be set 2½ feet apart; medium and large growing, 3 to 5 feet apart.

We offer only shrubs which are hardy in northern New England.

Except as noted, each 75c., for 5 or more of 1 variety, each 65c.

BERBERIS (Barberry)

B. thunbergi (Thunberg's Japanese Barberry). June. A species from Japan, with round, drooping habit; leaves of a fine, brilliant green in Summer, taking on, from early Autumn till December, the most glowing colors. After the leaves fall, the branches are seen to be loaded with scarlet crimson berries. Unexcelled as a hedge plant, being thickly set with spines and never growing bare.

	Each	10	100
12 to 15 in.....	\$1.50	\$10.00	
15 to 18 in.....	2.00	12.00	
18 to 24 in.....	\$0.35	3.00	18.00
24 to 30 in.....	.50	4.00	30.00



BERBERIS THUNBERGII (THUNBERG'S JAPANESE BARBERRY)



BERBERIS THUNBERGII (THUNBERG'S JAPANESE BARBERRY)

B. thunbergi atropurpurea (Redleaved Japanese Barberry). Similar in every respect to the greenleaved variety except that foliage is rich bronzy red. This color remains brilliant all through the Summer. When planting, it must be given full exposure to the sun, in order to bring out its best colors.

	Each	10	100
15 to 18 in.....	\$0.90	\$8.00	18 to 24 in..... \$1.00
2 to 2½ ft.....			\$9.00 1.25 12.00

CALYCANTHUS

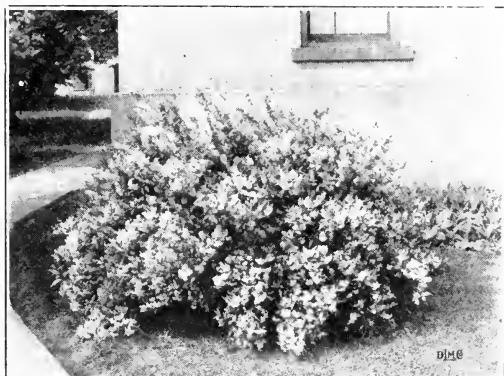
C. floridus (Sweet or Strawberry Shrub). A very pretty shrub flowering during May. The flowers are double, chocolate colored and strawberry scented.

DEUTZIAS

Well known, profuse flowering shrubs blooming in early Summer.

D. gracilis lemoinei. A great favorite, dwarf, covered with spikes, of pure white flowers in early Summer. 2-2½ ft.

D. Pride of Rochester. A fine, tall growing, double, white flowering variety.



DEUTZIA GRACILIS LEMOINEI

FORSYTHIA (Golden Bell)

The earliest of our Spring flowering shrubs, blooming in April before the leaves appear. They reach a height of 6 to 8 feet, some are upright and stiff in habit of growth, while others, *F. suspensa* in particular, are drooping and graceful.

F. spectabilis. The finest of them all. Large flowers cover the whole stems.

F. fortunei, Golden Bell. April. One of our best hardy shrubs. Bears its bright yellow flowers in great profusion early in April, before the leaves appear. Foliage deep green and handsome. Grows vigorously in any sunny situation.

HYDRANGEA

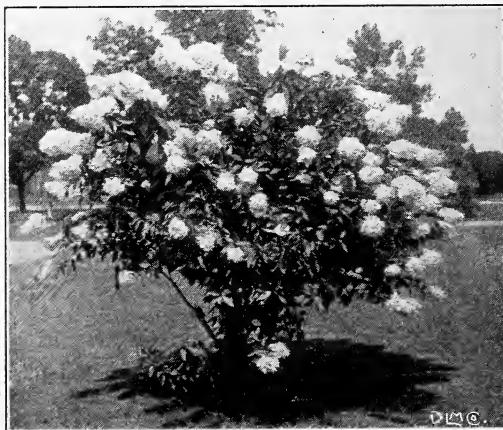
Old favorites which should be included in every shrub collection. They bloom late in the season and the heads of flowers remain until after cold weather sets in. They do well in dry soil; severe pruning in early Spring is necessary if profusion of bloom is sought.

H. arborescens grandiflora (Snowball Hydrangea). Bears spherical heads of pure white flowers in July.

H. paniculata, var. grandiflora. September. Bears immense cone shaped heads of white flowers, turning later to shades of pink and red. Given plenty of water and hard pruning every Autumn, its heads of bloom attain immense size.

H. paniculata grandiflora, Standard or Tree Form.

Branched 2 to 3 ft. above the ground, the total height being 5 ft. or more. A pleasing small tree for lawn or border. Each \$1.50.



HYDRANGEA PANICULATA VAR. GRANDIFLORA

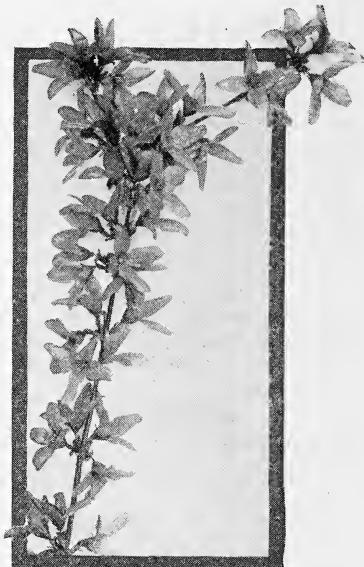
LIGUSTRUM (Privet)

While the Privets are usually thought of as being particularly for hedging purposes, they also become attractive flowering shrubs when given room to develop.

L. amurense (Amur River Privet). A large shrub with upright branches, growing 8 to 12 ft. tall. Native of China. Leaves dark green and lustrous, tardily deciduous. Splendid for hedges. Sizes offered, 18 in. to 3 ft. Each 10 100
18 to 24 in. \$0.30 \$2.50 \$15.00
2 to 3 ft.40 3.00 18.00

L. ibolium. This is one of the newer varieties with shiny leaves, like the California Privet and the hardiness of the Amur River Privet.

	Each	10	100
2 to 3 ft.	\$0.40	\$3.00	\$18.00
3 to 4 ft. ....	.50	4.00	24.00

FORSYTHIA SPECTABILIS
(Golden Bell)

L. ibota (Japanese Privet). July. A Privet of the most beautiful character. Dark, oval foliage, contrasting well with the prominent racemes of white, fragrant flowers. One of our best hardy hedge plants. Sizes offered, 18 in. to 3 ft.

	Each	10	100
18 to 24 in.	\$0.30	\$2.50	\$15.00
2 to 3 ft. ....	.40	3.00	18.00

L. ovalifolium (California Privet). Very broad, oval shaped leaves which remain on well into the Winter. One of the most universal of hedge plants and one of the best growing, doing especially well at the seashore.

	Each	10	100
18 to 24 in.	\$0.20	\$1.50	\$10.00
2 to 3 ft. ....	.25	2.00	12.00



PHILADELPHUS CORONARIUS (See page 31)

PHILADELPHUS (Mockorange)

This old-fashioned sweet-scented shrub has long been a close rival of the Lilac in popularity.

P. coronarius. This is a popular tall variety; large white flowers.

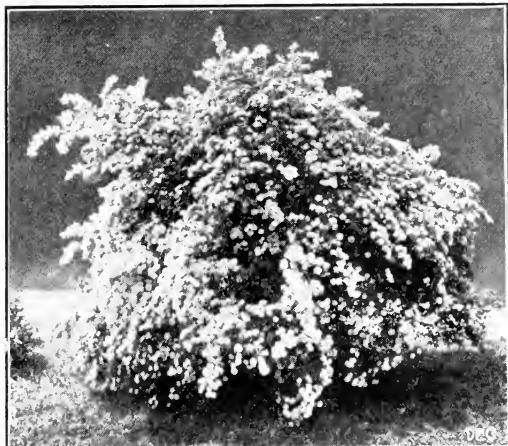
P. foliis aureis (Golden Syringa). July. Of medium dense growth with golden yellow foliage. A fine shrub for contrast with dark foliage.

P. grandiflorus (Large Flowered Syringa). June. Large, creamy white flowers, not fragrant. Strong growing.

SPIRAEA (Meadowsweet)

S. Anthony Waterer. Color bright crimson. It is of dwarf, dense growth, never exceeding 30 in. in height and blooms the entire Summer and Fall, if the old flowerheads are removed.

S. vanhouttei (Vanhoutte Spirea). June. The finest and most satisfactory of all Spireas, either singly or among other shrubs. It forms a round and graceful bush with arching branches, which are set with beautiful white blossoms.



SPIRAEA VANHOUTTEI (Vanhoutte Spirea)

VIBURNUM (Arrowwood)

These hardy native shrubs supply us with some of our best planting material. They will grow in partial shade and will stand exposure to cold winds.

V. plicatum (Japanese Snowball). A handsome shrub with showy flowers and beautiful foliage. The large, globose flower clusters are 3 to 4 in. across, and consist of sterile radiant white flowers. Each 90c., 10 \$8.00.

WEIGELA

Free blooming, old fashioned shrubs without which no shrub planting is complete. Their color ranges from white to very dark red, with a variegated leaved variety which is one of the best of that type.

W. candida (White Weigela). Vigorous and fine in habit; the long, tubular, white flowers are produced from June all through the Summer.

W. floribunda (Crimson Weigela). June. Deep crimson flowers, freely produced.

W. rosea (Pink Weigela). June. A reliable and fine variety. Rose colored flowers.

W. nana variegata (Variegated Dwarf Weigela). Of dwarf habit, and possessing clearly defined, silver, variegated leaves; flowers nearly white.

W. Eva Rathke. One of the best of the Weigelas, the plant having a vigorous habit and bearing freely, well shaped, large, crimson red flowers.



VIBURNUM PLICATUM (Japanese Snowball)



SPIRAEA ANTHONY WATERER

PACHYSANDRA (Japanese Spurge)

P. terminalis. An attractive evergreen trailing plant, thriving in almost any location. A most desirable cover plant for shaded spots. Each 25c., doz. \$2.50, 100 \$18.00.



WEIGELA

CLIMBING VINES

AMPELOPSIS

A. veitchi (Japan or Boston Ivy). Used generally, notably in Boston, to cover walls, its fine shoots extending to the roofs of tall buildings. In the Autumn the leaves assume the most gorgeous and varied tings. 3 yr. plants, each 60c., 10 \$5.50, 100 \$60.00; pot grown plants, each 75c., 10 \$7.00.

ARISTOLOCHIA (Pipe Vine)

A. siphon (Dutchmans-pipe). A vine with immense, heart shaped leaves, very dense, and when established, of most rapid growth. Its brown flowers are shaped like a pipe. Each \$1.50.

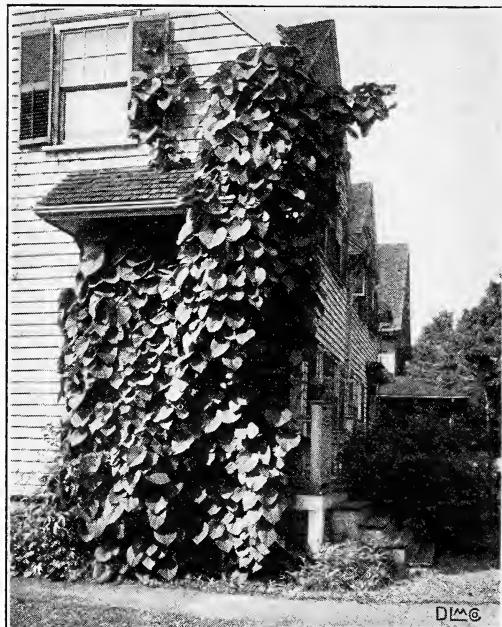
LONICERA (Honeysuckle)

L. halliana (Hall's Evergreen Honeysuckle). All Summer. More generally used than any other variety. Deep green foliage, which is almost evergreen through the Winter, the fragrant yellow and white flowers blossoming from Midsummer until frost. 3 yr. plants, each 50c., 10 \$4.00, 100 \$30.00.

CELASTRUS (Bittersweet)

C. orbiculatus (Oriental Bittersweet). A tall and vigorous climber, with bright green leaves and crimson fruit, very handsome in the Autumn and Winter. Each 50c., 10 \$4.00.

C. scandens (Roxbury Waxwork). This beautiful old shrubby climber is brilliant through Autumn and Winter, filled with its clusters of orange and crimson capsule fruit. The leaves are glossy and fine. Good in any situation. Each 50c., 10 \$4.00.



ARISTOLOCHIA SIPHO (Pipe Vine)

HARDY EVERGREENS

Nothing approaches in richness a properly arranged mass planting of hardy evergreens. Many striking combinations of color, height, and varied foliage are possible; best of all, they are as effective in Winter as in Summer. We furnish many other varieties that are worthy of use in this locality; but the following we recommend as most reliable for general planting.

These evergreens are all growing in our gardens at Albamont where you may come and make personal selection if you wish.

ALBAMONT EVERGREENS

PICEA pungens (Colorado Spruce). No evergreen tree is more hardy or more vigorous.

15-18 in.....	each \$3.50
18-24 in.....	each 5.00
24-30 in.....	each 6.00

P. pungens glauca (Colorado Blue Spruce). Grows similar to above but foliage is a rich blue or sage color.

15-18 in.....	each \$5.00
18-24 in.....	each 6.50
24-30 in.....	each 8.00
30-36 in.....	each 10.00

P. pungens glauca, from Koster Seed. Grows similar to above, foliage silvery blue; the bluest strain that can be selected.

15-18 in.....	each \$9.00
18-24 in.....	each 12.00
24-30 in.....	each 15.00



PICEA PUNGENS GLAUCA (Colorado Blue Spruce)

**CHAMAECYPARIS (CYPRESS), or
RETINOSPORA**

A very hardy race free from any kind of disease, dark green and golden foliage; make fine specimens.

C. pisifera (Sawara Retinospora). A fine, graceful, pyramidal form, feathery light green foliage.
18-24 in. each \$3.00
24-30 in. each 4.50

C. pisifera aurea (Golden Sawara Retinospora). A bright golden form of preceding variety.
15-18 in. each \$2.25
18-24 in. each 3.00

C. pisifera filifera (Thread Retinospora). Slender, bright green foliage drooping in long filaments.
15-18 in. each \$2.40
18-24 in. each 4.00

C. pisifera plumosa (Plume Retinospora). A graceful, plumelike tree, conical habit, with glaucous or bluish foliage.
15-18 in. each \$2.00
18-24 in. each 3.00
24-30 in. each 4.00

C. pisifera aurea (Golden Plumed Retinospora). A strikingly fine form of the above, brilliantly golden throughout the year; very hardy.
15-18 in. each \$2.00
18-24 in. each 2.75
24-30 in. each 3.50

C. pisifera squarrosa (Moss Retinospora). A beautiful steel colored Japanese form, fine and feathery.
15-18 in. each \$3.00

C. obtusa gracilis. A beautiful perfectly hardy evergreen, dark green foliage.
12-15 in. each \$2.25
15-18 in. each 3.00

C. obtusa crispi (Crips Golden Cypress). A beautiful golden form.
12-15 in. each \$2.50
18-24 in. each 4.00

C. lawsoniana, Triumph of Boskoop. Fine blue Cypress.
12-18 in. each \$2.50
18-24 in. each 4.00

THUJA (Arborvitae)

T. occidentalis globosa (Globe Arborvitae). Has thick attractive foliage and grows in low globe form.

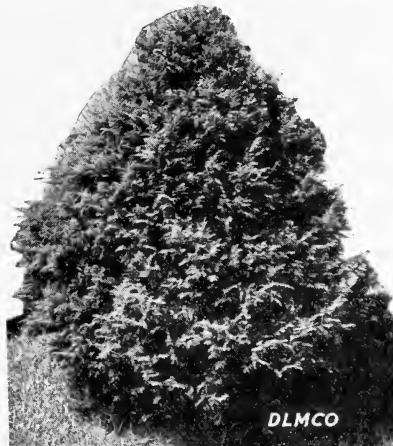
12-15 in. each \$2.00
15-18 in. each 2.50
18-24 in. each 3.00

T. occidentalis hoveyi (Hovey Arborvitae). A slow growing form with golden green foliage.
12-15 in. each \$2.00
15-18 in. each 2.50
18-24 in. each 3.00

T. occidentalis lutea (George Peabody Arborvitae). A dense growing dwarf variety holding its color all Summer.

15-18 in. each \$3.50
18-24 in. each 4.50
30 in. each 5.00

T. occidentalis elegantissima (Goldentipped Arborvitae). The tips of the young growth are golden yellow during the Summer.
12-15 in. each \$2.00
15-18 in. each 2.50



CHAMAECYPARIS PISIFERA PLUMOSA
(Plume Retinospora)

T. occidentalis Columbia (Columbia Arborvitae). A very fine variety having white or silvery tips which contrasted with the dark green, makes a most beautiful effect.

12-15 in. each \$2.50
15-18 in. each 3.50
18-24 in. each 4.50

T. occidentalis ellwangeriana (Tom Thumb Arborvitae). A dwarf, dense growing form.
18-24 in. each \$2.50
24-30 in. each 3.50

T. occidentalis veraeana aurea (Veraeana Arborvitae). A choice form with light green foliage.
15-18 in. each \$2.00
18-24 in. each 2.50

T. occidentalis wareana (Siberian Arborvitae). A very hardy, dense, low growing bluish green sort.
12-15 in. each \$2.00
15-18 in. each 2.50

T. occidentalis pyramidalis douglasii (Douglas Pyramidal Fernleaf Arborvitae). Has feathery dark green, crested foliage. Strong, upright growth.
2-3 ft. each \$3.50
3-4 ft. each 5.00

T. occidentalis woodwardi (Woodwards Globe Arborvitae). A fine, low growing globe shaped sort.
15-18 in. each \$3.50
18-24 in. each 4.50

T. occidentalis lobbi atrovirens. An uncommon and very fine sort.
12-15 in. each \$2.00
15-18 in. each 2.50

T. occidentalis recurva nana (Little Gem Arborvitae).
8-12 in. each \$1.50
12-15 in. each 2.00

T. occidentalis rosenthalii. The hardiest Columnar Arborvitae. Will withstand the most intense cold. Of very fine, upright growth.
15-18 in. each \$3.00
18-24 in. each 4.00

Most losses when transplanting evergreens are due to lack of sufficient water. Give them a good soaking when planted and regularly once or twice a week until well established and in dry weather always water them well.

HARDY LILIES

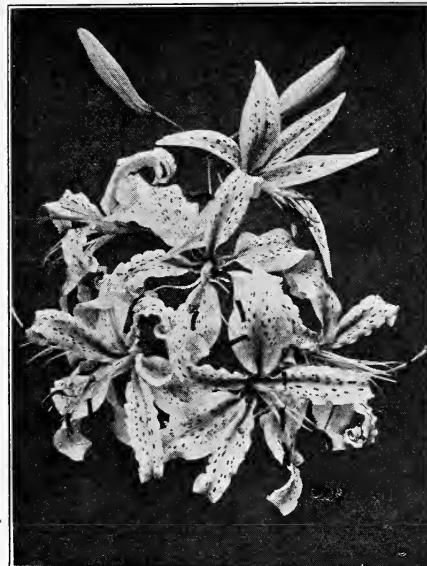
Lilies are among the most beautiful and ornamental of cultivated bulbous plants, their stately habit and variously-colored flowers (which are in many cases, highly perfumed) render them indispensable subjects for greenhouse decoration and for the hardy flower garden.

The commoner and more plentiful species may be effectively employed for grouping or naturalizing. Many of them are excellent for border plants when in flower, being extremely attractive in mixed arrangements, if properly placed in respect to height. Many of the strong growing Lilies are well adapted to planting among shrubs, where the latter are not too thickly placed. By growing a selection of species in pots to flower at different times, a valuable addition to greenhouse decoration is secured over a long period in Autumn and Winter. In the hardy border Lilies should always be planted not less than three in a clump thus . . .

Delivery of imported Lily bulbs depend upon the season. Many varieties arrive after the ground is frozen in which case we hold them in cold storage for Spring delivery.

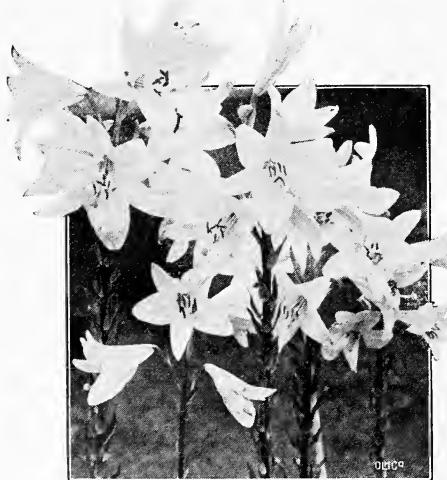
We will only ship Lily bulbs in the late Autumn when we receive specific instructions to do so. Bulbs, otherwise, will be carried through the Winter in cold storage and shipped early in the Spring.

L. auratum (Goldbanded Lily of Japan). Immense, fragrant flowers of pure white, each petal of which is marked with a broad, golden yellow, central band and thickly dotted with reddish brown spots. It grows to a height of from 3 to 5 ft. and bears during July and August heads of from 5 to 20 blooms. Bulbs, each 60c., doz. \$6.00, 100 \$50.00.



LILUM AURATUM (Goldbanded Lily of Japan)

L. auratum pictum. Another fine form of Auratum with beautiful, large blooms like the former, except that the band becomes bright red toward the tip of the petals and the entire flower is generously spotted with reddish brown. The habit is similar to that of Auratum. Bulbs, each 60c., doz. \$6.00, 100 \$50.00.



LILUM CANDIDUM (Madonna or Ascension Lily)
(See page 35)

L. auratum platyphyllum (macranthum). An improved form of the well known Auratum with larger flowers showing a wider expanse of gold and less copiously spotted. The plant has a more robust habit; the stems are stouter, the leaves broader, and it attains a greater height, producing an immense head of gigantic blooms. Bulbs, each 60c., doz. \$6.00, 100 \$50.00.



LILY HENRYI (The Yellow Speciosum) (See page 35)

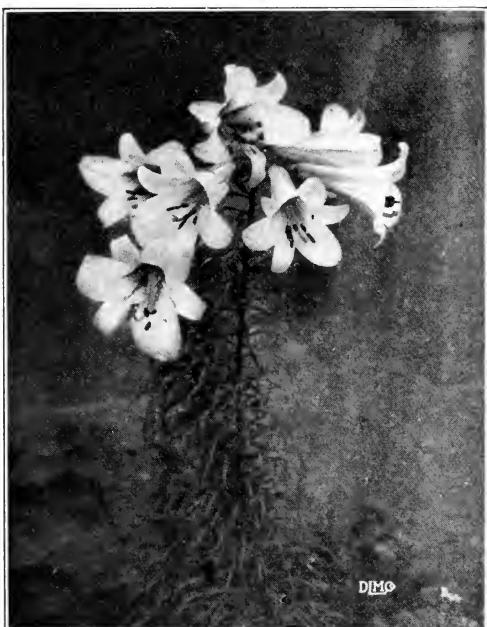
HARDY LILIES—Continued

L. canadense. One of our most common native Lilies growing to a height of from 2 to 5 ft. and bearing in late June and July from 3 to 10 pendulous blooms varying in color from bright reddish orange to yellow, spotted dark brown and with reddish anthers. An excellent Lily for planting among shrubs. Bulbs, each 25c., doz. \$2.50, 100 \$20.00.

L. candidum (Madonna or Ascension Lily). Beautiful, delicately fragrant blooms of pure waxy white, borne, during June and July, on strong plants 3 to 5 ft. in height. They are of easy culture, growing in almost any soil and location and are excellent Lilies for the hardy border; where, in combination with other tall growing flowers such as Blue Delphiniums, they give a striking and delightful effect. Dormant bulbs are only available from August on through the Autumn months. Bulbs, each 50c., doz. \$5.00.

L. henryi (The Yellow Speciosum). A splendid Lily, the flowers of which resemble closely the Speciosum varieties in form, growing to a height of from 4 to 8 ft. and bearing, in August, from 5 to 20 flowers of bright orange yellow, slightly spotted brown, with a green band at the base of each segment. One of the best and most satisfactory of Hardy Lilies, growing in almost any location and having a strong, rugged habit. The color is best when grown in semi-shade. Bulbs, each 75c., doz. \$7.50.

L. regale (Regal Lily). This Lily is undoubtedly one of the finest of hardy varieties. Growing to a height of from 3 to 6 ft., it bears in July from 1 to 12 immense, fragrant, trumpet-shaped flowers of pure white with a yellow flush at the base of the petals and reddish brown anthers. The outside of the flower is flushed with deep rosy red. Very hardy and easily grown. Mammoth bulbs, 7 to 8 in. circum., each 65c., doz. \$6.50, 100 \$50.00.



LILUM REGALE (Regal Lily)



LILUM SPECIOSUM MAGNIFICUM (Oriental orchids)

L. speciosum magnificum (Oriental Orchids). Words cannot describe the beauty of this variety. Frosted white, spotted, clouded and bordered with deep pinkish crimson. A much superior variety to the Roseum, Rubrum or Melpomene of the Speciosum type. For the border, among hardy plants or naturalized among Rhododendrons, this is an equal favorite with the handsome *Lilium auratum* offered above. Splendid for pot culture as well. Blooms outside during August. Bulbs, each 50c., doz. \$5.00, 100 \$40.00.

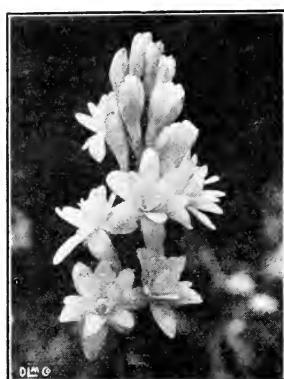
L. speciosum melpomene. A lovely Lily of rich, rosy red color with deep, blood red spots and narrow, rowly edged white. Bulbs, each 60c., doz. \$6.00—100 \$50.00.

LILIES FOR SPRING PLANTING

Growing in 5 inch pots, are ready June first. \$1.50 per pot

TUBEROSE

Delivery February to May



TUBEROSE

Double Pearl Excelsior. Summer flowering bulbs producing tall spikes of fragrant, double white flowers. Use rich loam and start in hotbed or in house during March or April or in the open ground when all danger from frost is past. Each 15c., doz. \$1.50, 100 \$10.00.

Tuberoses started in pots are ready June 1st. Each 35c., doz. \$3.50.

NEW AND CHOICE CANNAS DORMANT ROOTS

The wonderful size of flowers, depth of coloring and graceful habit of plants in the modern Canna have greatly increased its usefulness to the garden lover. It is much to be regretted that we occasionally observe mass plantings at railroad terminals and at some of our public institutions of the old Indian Shot. The modern Cannas we offer on this page are so far superior in every way that we feel certain that in a few years hence they will not only be used extensively for mass planting in beds, but will also be used in hardy borders, particularly for their foliage and color effect.

Dormant roots of Cannas should be potted in 4- or 5 inch pots or planted in shallow boxes in March or April, and kept in a warm place to start them into growth. The started plants may be planted out about May 20th to June 10th in the vicinity of New York; earlier in the South and later in the North. They should be set about 2 feet apart.

Delivery January to April

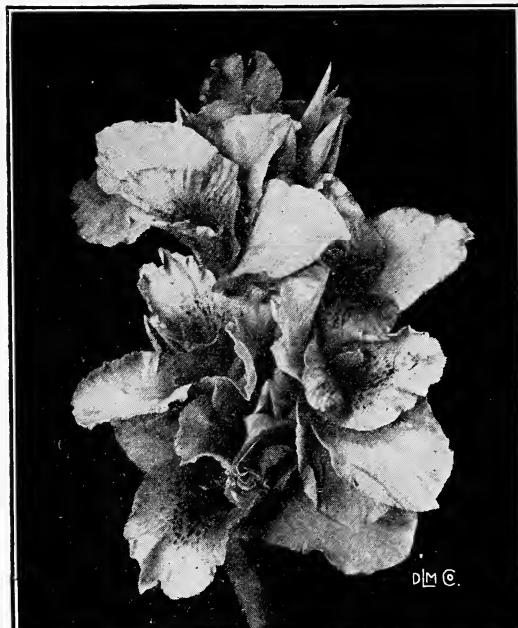
**Strong, 2 to 3 eye dormant roots, doz. \$1.50,
100 \$10.00**

City of Portland. This variety and Hungaria might easily be called the best two pink Cannas. It is a trifle taller in growth than Hungaria and of a deeper tone of salmon pink, with beautiful green foliage. Height 4½ ft.

Florence Vaughan. 5 ft. The most famous yellow Canna. Introduced by us in 1892, it still remains indispensable in its class.

Hungaria. The ideal pink bedder. Flowers large, in good trusses; color not unlike that of Paul Neyron Rose. One of the best of the newer introductions. The finest pink bedding Canna as yet introduced. Height 3½ ft.

King Humbert. Of superlative beauty and by far the finest of all bronzeleaved Cannas. The enormous trusses are made up of flowers that measure 6 in. across and are a rich salmon scarlet, distinctly and numerously flecked with deep crimson markings. It is a free bloomer and with its rich coppery bronze, massive foliage, it produces an effect both bold and striking. Height 5 ft.

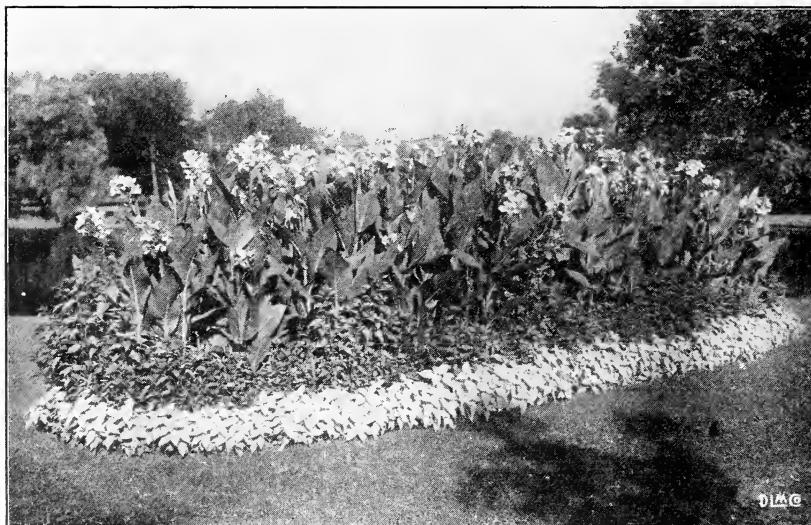


CANNA KING HUMBERT

King Midas. Very large, beautifully formed. A true Canna aristocrat and the leading brilliant pure yellow Canna up-to-date. Height 5 ft.

The President. In color a rich, glowing scarlet, and the immense, firm, rounded flowers, 7 in. across when open, are produced on strong, erect stalks well above the large, rich green foliage. "The President" is superior to any other red variety in quantity and quality of bloom and the firm flowers resist drought and heat to a remarkable degree. Height 5 ft.

Yellow King Humbert. A sport of that most popular of all Cannas, King Humbert, producing large flowers in most beautiful shades of yellow, lightly spotted red. Green foliage and bears five and six clusters of flowers at a time. Height, 5 ft.



GLADIOLUS

LARGE FLOWERED VARIETIES

None of the Summer flowering bulbous plants have the great popularity enjoyed by the Gladiolus. They are everybody's flowers because everybody can grow them. Their adaptability to garden decoration or to use as cut flowers during the Summer and early Autumn is surpassed by no other flower we know of. In cutting Gladiolus, it is best to cut the spikes as soon as the first flower has opened, always leaving from 4 to 5 leaves when cutting. The remainder of the blossoms will open in the house and last much longer. The simplicity of its culture is one of the most important qualifications of this splendid flower.

In presenting to you the following Gladiolus, we wish to state that our list has been carefully revised. We have been growing Gladiolus at Albamont for the past 15 years. Our entire selection is based on varieties which have proven their merit. You will not be disappointed in any one of them. They are selected as having vigorous spikes with many flowers open at one time, but more especially for their value in clearness of color. Considerable care has also been exercised in selecting those bulbs which have a great deal of vigor. The following descriptions of Gladiolus have been made as concise as possible.

Northern New England bulbs are considered the very best flowering bulbs on the market.

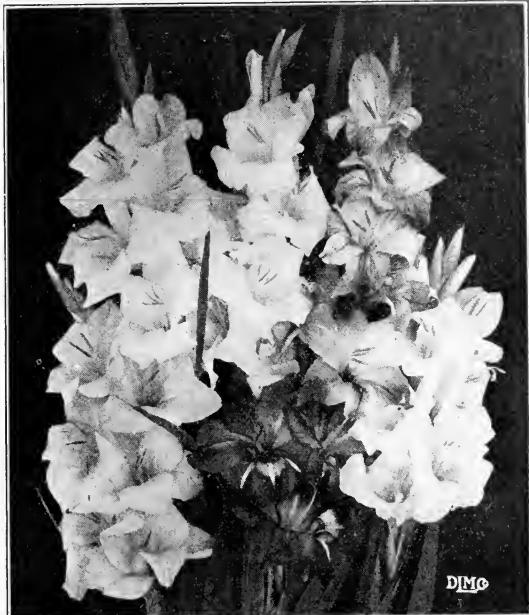
We have just the right conditions of soil and climate to put an abundance of health and strength into our Gladiolus bulbs which makes them stand out in sharp contrast in your garden compared with bulbs grown in other sections.

Cultural Directions—Any good garden soil will grow Gladiolus provided they are planted in a sunny location. Bulbs should be planted 6 inches deep and from 4 to 6 inches apart. We recommend an application of sheep manure or a mixture of ground bone and wood ashes when extra good blooms for exhibition purposes are desired. Otherwise, no extra or special attention is at all necessary. Bulbs may be planted as early as the ground is dried out in the Spring, and planting may continue until the middle of July with good results. In the Autumn when the leaves begin to turn brown, or after the first two or three pronounced frosts, the bulbs should be lifted, the stalks cut off and they should be stored in a cool, dry place. Before planting dust the bulbs with Semesan. Full information on request.

Bulbs at the single or dozen prices sent postpaid. Not less than 6 sold at the dozen rate, which is 10 times the single rate and not less than 25 bulbs will be sold at the 100 rate which is 7½ times the dozen rate

Each

Aida.	Very deep blue with small reddish throat blotches. Extremely early. The finest dark blue on the market.....	\$0.75
Ali.	Fine lavender blue.....	.15
Annie Laurie.	Ruffled light pink overlaid rose pink.....	.15
Anthony B. Kunderd.	A beautiful, intensely ruffled variety; deep cream overspread blush pink.....	.20
Anthony Zonker.	Deep salmon rose, extra tall.....	.35
Balboa.	Salmon orange, yellow throat.....	.35
Betty Nuttal.	The coloring is new, light coral with pale orange throat and a light feathering of carmine.....	.50



LARGE FLOWERED GLADIOLUS

Each

Break o'Day.	Soft cream over cream ground; low yellow with red lines.....	\$0.10
Beatrix Michelena.	Fiery orange, lighter center.....	.25
California Canary.	Tall, fine yellow.....	.35
Capt. Boyton.	Lavender, over white ground.....	.15
Cardinal Prince.	Clear cardinal red.....	.25
Carmen Sylva.	Pure white.....	.10
Catherine Coleman.	Pink, blending to old rose.....	.30
Charles Dickens.	Royal purple with purple blotch.....	.50
Charles Fairbanks.	Brilliant scarlet.....	.35
Coryphee.	Very beautiful, large shell pink, with white throat.....	1.00
Cowee's Scarlet Wonder.	Large, brilliant red.....	.15
Crown of Gold.	Yellow.....	1.00
Cymbeline.	Fine bright red.....	.10
Del Oro.	Salmon, feathered yellow.....	.15
Del Rosa.	Bright scarlet, light throat.....	.15
Diana.	Blood red.....	.10
Dr. Elkins.	White, large blue blotches.....	.30
Dr. Nelson Snook.	Deep tyrian rose.....	.40
Dr. F. E. Bennett.	Peach red, white throat dotted.....	.15
Duchess of York.	Blue purple, lighter center.....	.20
Elena.	Improved Elora.....	.20
Elora.	White, pink throat.....	.15

GLADIOLUS—Continued

	Each	Each
Fay Lamphier. Soft rose pink.....	\$0.15	
Fern Kyle. Large, ruffled, cream white.....	.20	
Flaming Sword. Brilliant red, orange over-tone.....	.15	
Flora. Sulphur yellow.....	.10	
Fontaine. Soft ruffled peaches and cream.....	.20	
Gertrude Errey. Bright pink edge, whitish throat.....	.30	
Geo. J. Jorg. Salmon pink, dark throat.....	1.00	
Geraldine Farrar. Light lavender violet.....	.35	
Glendale. Deep purple.....	.10	
Glorious. Tints of cream and apricot.....	.20	
Gold. Yellow, throat deep yellow.....	.15	
Gold Eagle. Deep clear yellow.....	.50	
Golden Dream. Very clear yellow, tall spike.....	.40	
Golden Measure. Large golden yellow.....	.15	
Halcyon. Rose pink.....	.50	
Heavenly Blue. Clear blue, silvery sheen.....	1.00	
Helga. Salmon rose, cream throat.....	.10	
Henry Ford. Royal purple, deeper center.....	.40	
Henry C. Goehl. Large white, slightly pink.....	.20	
Herbstzauber. Wonderful orange salmon.....	.50	
Imperator. Creamy white to pure white.....	.50	
Iwa. Light rose, red blotch.....	.35	
Immensity. Bright salmon, full spike.....	.35	
J. A. Carbone. Orange salmon.....	.20	
J. V. Beijeren. Light purple.....	.20	
Jenny Lind. Clear light salmon, one of the very finest pinks.....	.20	
Joe Coleman. Ruffled red, darker blotch.....	.10	
King George. White, throated deep red.....	1.00	
Kirchoff's Violet. Violet blue.....	.50	
Kiva. Yellowish pink.....	.35	
Kunderd's Yellow Wonder. Clear yellow.....	.35	
Lilac Wonder. Tall clear lilac lavender.....	.35	
Longfellow. Large La France pink.....	.25	
Louise. Lavender pink to purple.....	.10	
Loyalty. A perfectly clear yellow; the finest yellow.....	1.00	
Maurice Fuld. Rich rose, white throat.....	.50	
Marie Kunderd. White, pink line lower petals.....	.20	
May Love. Rose, blotch apricot red. One of the most beautiful Gladiolus we have ever seen.....	.20	
Miss China. Porcelain blue.....	.60	
Miss Madison. Light pink.....	.20	
No. 3 Miss Spokane. Ruffled orange salmon.....	.15	
Minuet. Clear light lavender.....	.50	
Mrs. F. C. Peters. Light lavender, pink tinting.....	.10	
Mrs. F. C. Hornsberger. Large white.....	.35	
Mrs. Frank Pendleton. Bright rose, crimson blotches.....	.10	
Mrs. H. E. Bothin. Light pink, heavily ruffled.....	.10	
Mrs. J. C. Bruggen. Deep pink, clear white throat.....	.20	
Mrs. Leon Douglas. Rose, flecked scarlet.....	.15	
Mrs. P. W. Sisson. Creamy white pink.....	.35	
Mrs. W. E. Olmstead. Strong growing, buttercup yellow.....	1.50	
Mrs. W. Richardson. Dark red.....	.10	
Madame Van Konyenburg. Tall, medium light blue.....		\$0.50
Muriel. Pale violet blue, purple blotch.....		.15
Odin. Salmon.....		.10
Orange Queen. Yellow suffused copper orange.....		.15
Osalin. Coral pink with soft orange shading in throat; makes a fine spike.....		.20
Paul Pfitzer. Reddish purple.....		.35
Pearl of California. Tall La France pink.....		.50
Persia. Very deep red, almost black.....		.15
Pfitzer's Fortuna. Large soft clear yellow.....		1.00
Pfitzer's Triumph. Brilliant salmon, deep blotch.....		.50
Pres. Harding. Soft deep Amer. Beauty color.....		.20
Primrose Princess. Yellow, lower petals darker.....		.50
Purple Glory. Velvety maroon, dark blotches.....		.15
Purple Queen. Deep violet purple.....		.50
Pythia. Giant red.....		.20
Rajah. Giant dark red.....		.15
Rev. Ewbank. Porcelain blue, cream throat.....		.15
Richard Diener. Salmon pink, cream throat.....		.15
Rita Beck. Clear shell pink with scarlet lines.....		.75
Rose......		.10
Rose Luisante. Rose pink, lighter center.....		.10
Royal Lavender. Deep lavender shading lighter toward the center. Heavy penciling of a darker shade on lower petals. A very fine shade of lavender.....		1.00
Scarlet Princeps. Bright red.....		.10
Schwaben No. 1. Light yellow, thin ruby spear.....		.10
Sidney Plummer. Large cream yellow.....		.15
St. Thomas. Large salmon rose, tinged red.....		.20
Sweet Lavender. Soft lavender, purple spear head.....		.15
Taro. Cerise, wide flowers, long spikes.....		.15
The Beauty. Pure white, cream throat.....		.10
Triumph. Light yellow, deeper throat.....		.40
Tycko Zang. Salmon pink, white throat.....		.10
Venus. Pink, silvery white shading.....		.10
Virginia Hale. Refined creamy rose.....		.20
W. H. Phipps. Light rose salmon.....		.20
Yvonne. Pale rose, deep rose blotch.....		.50

ALBAMONT DE LUXE MIXTURE

Contains many fine varieties in a wide range of colors. We believe this is as fine a mixture as can be obtained anywhere and we are sure it will please anyone who buys it. We do not include any of the usual.

Doz. 75c., 50 bulbs \$2.50, 100 bulbs \$4.50

STANDARD ALBAMONT MIXTURE

All fine colors, but not such a wide range of varieties as our De Luxe Mixture.

Doz. 50c., 50 bulbs \$1.75, 100 bulbs \$3.00

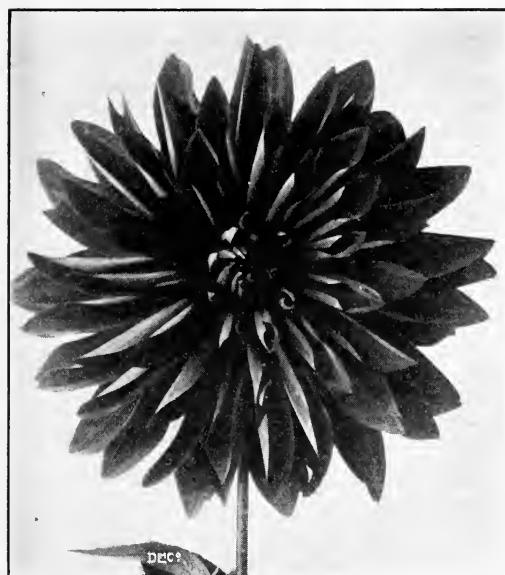
DAHLIAS

Until a few years ago the Dahlia was looked upon as a flower grown entirely for the show table. The more recent introductions have brought forth a totally different class of plant with a habit of growth and a profusion of flowers that produce a marvelous display of color in the garden and if suitable varieties are used to harmonize with the color scheme they help greatly to maintain, in the Autumn, the brilliance of colors when so many other plants are fading. Large groups or beds may be introduced on grass plots. In the herbaceous border where there are narrow borders, single plants may be placed, or in the shrubbery borders between the shrubs they will be found invaluable to enliven the border. In the formal garden it is also quite possible to use the Dahlia with telling effect.

We offer strong, dormant tubers at following prices; dozens at 10 times the single price

CHOICE EXHIBITION DECORATIVE DAHLIAS

	Each
Bonnie Brae. Cream, shaded blush pink... \$0.50	
Calvin Coolidge, Jr. (Dec.) Beautiful and stately Dahlia. Large flowers of lovely rose pink, suffused salmon and tipped with gold. A vigorous grower and free bloomer.....	Doz. \$15.00, 1.50
City of Lawrence (Dec.) Strong growing and free blooming variety. Large flowers of bright canary yellow.....	Doz. \$7.50, .75
Edna Story. A good, reliable pink and white.	.50
Francis Larocco (Dec.) One of the finest large, pure yellow, Decorative Dahlias in existence, and perfect in form. Vigorous grower with fine stems and of profuse blooming qualities. A Dahlia that should be in everybody's garden.....	Doz. \$20.00, 2.00
Glory of New Haven. Clear lavender pink..	.50



DAHLIA, MINA BURGLE



DAHLIA JERSEY'S BEAUTY

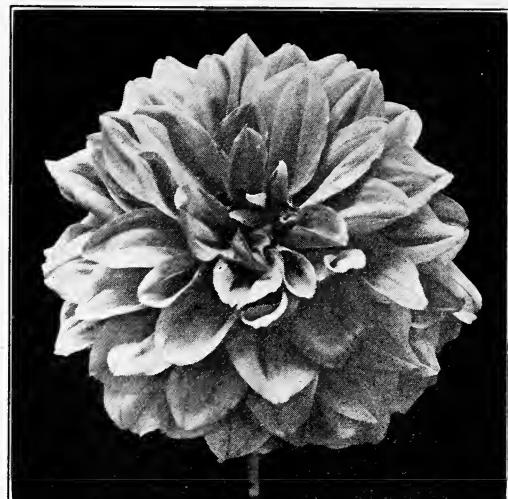
	Each
Jane Cow. One of the few outstanding exhibition Dahlias in 1928 and 1929. Deep, massive blooms of a bronzy buff and old gold, blending darker toward the perfect center. A stem of unusual strength holds this giant Decorative over a plant of ideal growth, while the foliage is the thick, leathery kind that insects seldom injure.....	Doz. \$20.00,\$2.00
Jersey's Beacon (Dec.) This fine novelty is Chinese scarlet, paler on the reverse, giving a two-toned effect. It is a great favorite and a real "beacon of the garden." Large; free bloomer; vigorous grower.....	Doz. \$5.00, .50
Jersey's Beauty. This is, without a doubt, the finest true pink Decorative Dahlia yet introduced. The beautiful large, pink flowers are of perfect form and are supported on long, straight, stiff stems, held well above the foliage. As a cut flower, it is a wonderful keeper and is instantly admired. A splendid exhibition Dahlia, and equally valuable for garden decoration. Owing to a good supply of tubers, we are able to offer this fine Dahlia at a reasonable price this year.....	Doz. \$5.00, .50
Jersey's Radiant. An exceptionally appropriate name; a radiant Dahlia of bittersweet orange, produced on long, stiff stems held well above the foliage. A fine exhibition variety.....	1.00
Jersey Rose. Tyrian rose.....	.75
Mina Burgle. A glowing brilliant scarlet....	.25
Lily P. Hathaway. The coloring is a clear lemon chrome, blending to deep orange toward the center, giving a general impression of light orange yellow.....	.50

DAHLIAS—Continued

	Each
Mrs. Carl Salsbach. A strong, vigorous grower, color a lively shade of solferino-pink with white suffusion which intensifies its color.	\$0.50
Market Queen. Brilliant scarlet red tipped white. . . . .	.75
Mrs. I. de Ver Warner. One of the best known of recent introductions and it is truly a remarkable Dahlia. It is a refined mauve pink, beautifully formed, exquisite shade. Large blooms carried on long, strong, wiry stems, flowering early and continues to produce quantities of them until the end of season, attracting attention wherever grown or exhibited. Acknowledged by all Dahlia experts who have had the pleasure of growing it to be one of the finest Dahlias produced. . . . .	.50
Oregon Beauty. Beautiful oriental red. . . . .	.50
Robert Scott. Golden buff; fine deep giant flower.	1.00
Patrick O'Mara. Considered the best Autumn shade variety in existence. The color is a pleasing shade of orange buff, slightly tinged with Neyron rose. . . . .	.75
Paul Michael. Deep orange buff shaded to old rose on reverse of petals. . . . .	.75
Pride of California. Dark rich crimson of pleasing form and large size. Flowers held erect on splendid stems. . . . .	.50
Radio. American Beauty blended with gold.	1.00
Sagamore. An exceptionally fine exhibition or cut flower of a golden color, shaded toward the center with warm salmon rose or orange buff. Stems straight and stiff and wonderful keeping qualities when cut make this flower most desirable. . . . .	.75
Sequoia Gigantea. A very large buttercup yellow, lightly suffused with red, cutting and exhibition Dahlia. Strong grower, free bloomer, with good stem. . . . .	.75



POMPON DAHLIAS



DAHLIA, SAGAMORE

	Each.
The Millionaire. Very large, regular Decorative form. Lavender pink tinting to white at center.	\$0.50
Wm. H. Slocombe. The largest and best yellow. . . . .	.75
Wizard of Oz. A mammoth flower of soft shades of rose and salmon. Has an enviable prize winning record. Very free bloomer on splendid stems.	Doz. \$7.50, .75
SHOW DAHLIAS	
Elsie Burgess. Lavender pink of good size and form. A general favorite.	\$0.35
Maude Adams. The color is a pure snowy white very effectively overlaid clear delicate pink. . . . .	.35
Rosebud. The color is white, effectively edged with rose pink. . . . .	.50
Vivian. A great favorite. The color is white, effectively edged rose violet. . . . .	.35
Yellow Duke. A splendid primrose yellow of good form and strong stem. . . . .	.50

POMPON DAHLIAS

We offer below a select list of these beautiful Pompon Dahlias, a miniature form of the Show Dahlias, having the same, ball-like form, but much smaller in size. The plants are also smaller, of branching habit, and produce an endless profusion of flowers, which are invaluable for table decoration and boutonnieres.

Amber Queen. Rich, clear amber, shaped apricot.
Darkeye. White, deep lavender center.
Douglas Tucker. Yellow with crimson center.
Golden Queen. Fine deep rich yellow.
Jessica. Yellow, edged red.
Lassie. Yellow base, with rose tips.
Leader. Yellow, tipped purple.
Montague Wootan. Wine red, extra fine.
Vivid. Brilliant scarlet.

**Any of above Pompon Dahlias, each 30c.,
doz. \$3.00**

HARDY PERENNIAL PLANTS

The Hardy Perennials supply us with some of the most beautiful and interesting plants available for out-of-door culture. In this group of plants, flowers of almost every type, color and height may be found, and by judicious selection a succession of bloom may be enjoyed from early Spring right through to hard frosts. Among the Hardy Perennials a wonderful range of color exists, and then it must not be forgotten that these hardy plants are suited to plantings of widely varying types. Our list contains many hardy plants that are admirably suited to the rock garden. Others are of a tall and strong growing type, suited to massing in the back of the border; and still others, like Phlox, are suitable for planting in masses or in small groups or individual specimens in the garden beds.

Throughout the list we have tried to make the descriptions as accurate as possible in order to make selection of varieties easy.

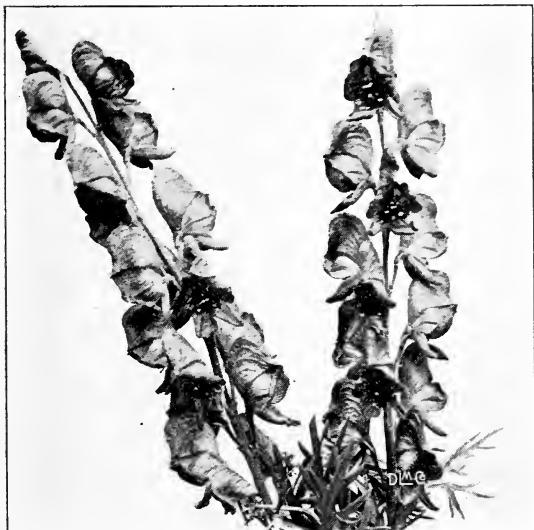
ACONITUM (Monkshood)

A stately group of plants for the wild garden, shrubbery borders and in shady spots, where they do well. They grow 3 to 5 feet high, producing large spikes of blue, white, and purple flowers not unlike the Delphiniums.

Autumnale. Dark blue. October. 5 ft. Flowers in September and October. Each 50c., doz. \$5.00.

Napellus. June to September. Flowers dark blue. 3½ ft. Each 40c., doz. \$4.00.

Napellus bicolor. Large blue and white flowers. Each. 40c., doz. \$4.00.



ACONITUM (Monkshood)



ANCHUSA (Bugloss) ITALICA DROPMORE (See page 42)

ALYSSUM

Saxatile compactum (Dwarf Goldentuft). April to June. 1 ft. Broad, velvety gray foliage surrounded by elegant, small, fragrant yellow flowers in heads. Each 30c., doz. \$3.00.



ASTILBE (Spirea) HYBRIDS (See page 42)

ANCHUSA (Bugloss)

Italica Dropmore. An improvement on the old Italian Alkanet; grows 5 ft. high and produces its pretty gentian blue flowers throughout the entire Summer. Each 40c., doz. \$4.00.

ANEMONE (Windflower)

All, each 30c., doz. \$3.00

The Anemone is one of the finest perennials for the Autumn. Should be planted in a sheltered position as it flowers very late. Spring is the best time to plant.

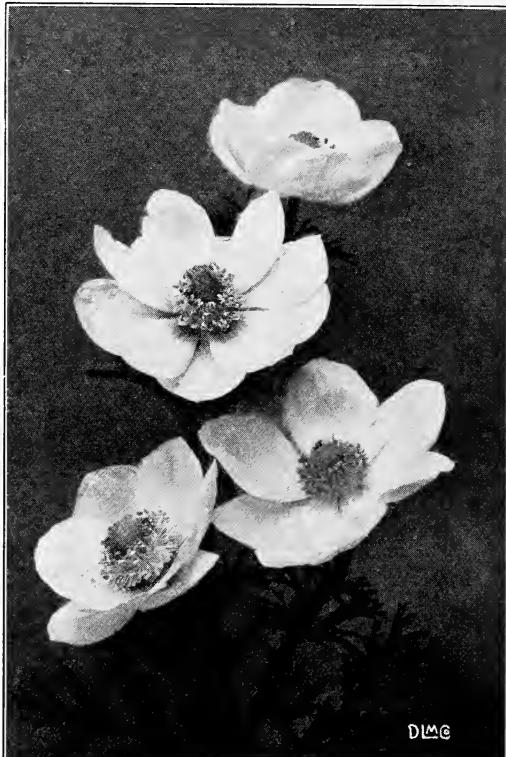
Japonica. September until frost. 3 to 4 ft. It is of vigorous growth with handsome foliage, and the flowers of a pinkish red are freely produced on long stems and are of great merit for cutting.

Japonica alba. September to November. Pure, large white flowers with yellow stamens. The latest flowering perennial we have and equaled by few hardy plants. This and the pink form should be protected by a heavy mulching of leaves.

Japonica, Queen Charlotte. The finest of all Anemones. It blooms much earlier than the old varieties. The flowers are rose pink. 2 to 3 ft.

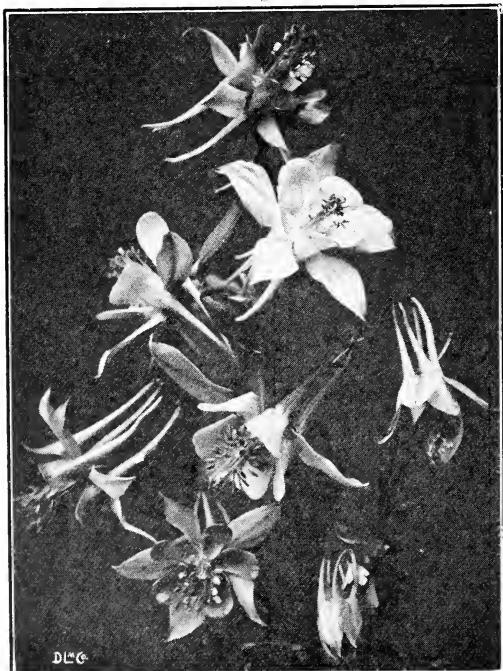
ANTHEMIS

Tinctoria, Perry's Variety. A profuse bloomer and very showy. A good border plant. Daisylike flowers from June until frost. Lemon yellow. 2 ft. Each 30c., doz. \$3.00.



DLMG

ANEMONE JAPONICA



DLMG

AQUILEGIA (Columbine)

AQUILEGIA (Columbine)

Beautiful, hardy perennials, producing graceful, spurred flowers on 2-foot stems. One of the most important of our early hardy flowers and should be grown in quantity, being easy to establish and thriving in almost any situation.

All, each 30c., doz. \$3.00

Chrysanth. 3 to 4 ft. May-August. Yellow, long spurred.

Coerulea (Rocky Mountain Columbine). 1 to 2 ft. April-July. One of the most beautiful of our native American flowers. Sepals, deep blue; petals white.

Dobbie's Imperial Hybrids. A wonderful hybrid mixture. Contains every conceivable shade.

Mrs. Scott Elliott's Strain of Long Spurred Hybrids.

The blooms are of large size and the spurs very long. The colors range through shades of lavenders, mauves, blues, purples, whites, creams, yellows, pinks, reds, etc. The whole form a most harmonious mass of coloring seldom seen in other flowers.

ASTILBE (SPIREA) HYBRIDS

Will thrive in good soil. Should be well watered during growing season. Flowers in large panicles. Each 50c., doz. \$5.00. Extra large \$1.00 each.

ASTER (Michaelmas Daisy)

Now fill a most important place in all hardy flower gardens, lighting up the borders and shrubberies with their masses and clouds of dainty and brightly colored blossoms throughout the Autumn months up to November when other flowers are scarce.

Novae-angliae. Good sized flowers in September and October. Height 4 ft. Color, violet purple. Each 30c., doz. \$3.00.

CAMPANULA (Bellflower)

All, each 30c., doz. \$3.00

Carpatica (Carpathian Bellflower). June to September. 9 in. This forms neat, compact tufts, covered with large, blue flowers; useful as an edging, bedding, or border plant.

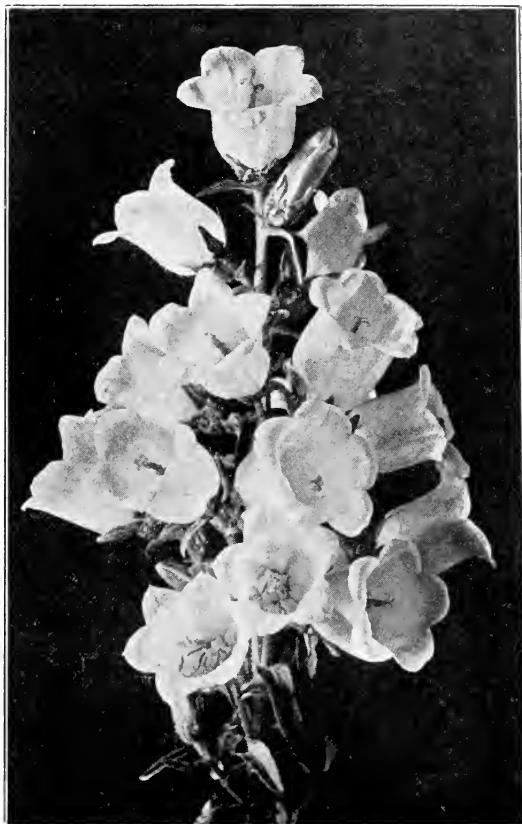
Carpatica alba (White Carpathian Bellflower). June to September. 9 in. Similar to above but with pure white flowers.



ASTER (Michaelmas Daisy)

Medium calycanthe-ma (Cup-and-saucer). Biennial. July. Calyx is colored like the flower, giving a cup-and-saucer effect. Pink, blue and white.

Medium (Canterbury-bell). Biennial, 2 to 3 ft. high; flowers blue, pink, white, rose and mixed colors; corolla very large and bell shaped, bright and attractive.



CAMPANULA CARPATICA ALBA
(White Carpathian Bellflower)



CHRYSANTHEMUM MAXIMUM (Shasta Daisy)

Persicifolia. June and July. 3 ft. Broad, purple, bell shaped flowers arranged along a tall flower spike. A good border plant.

Pyramidalis (Chimney Campanula). July and August. A noble plant for back of the herbaceous border, forming a pyramid composed of numerous stems, 4 to 5 ft. in height, each stem being crowded with large blue, Salvia-like flowers.

CHRYSANTHEMUM MAXIMUM

(Shasta Daisy)

The improved varieties of Chrysanthemum maximum, all allied to the field Daisy, are among the most useful of our garden flowers. They have been greatly improved in size and form and now include early and late flowering types. Invaluable for vase decoration.

Mrs. C. Lowthian Bell. One of the most beautiful of this class, with enormous white flowers. Very late. 2 ft. Each 30c., doz. \$3.00.

COREOPSIS (Tickseed)

Lanceolata grandiflora. 2 ft. June-October. Large orange yellow flowers on long, graceful stems. About the best yellow cut flower blooming incessantly. Each 30c., doz. \$3.00.

DELPHINIUMS

An Albamont Specialty—We have
About 300,000 Plants

WHERE THE BLUES BEGIN

Delicate Tints and Exotic Hues in this
Cycle of Blues

We have finally reached the zenith of perfection in the cultivation and hybridization of Delphiniums. These highly desirable and popular perennials bear ponderous blooms of giant florets showing marvelous shadings and tints. They will readily lend themselves to the esthetic taste of the most discriminating flower connoisseurs and enhance the judgment of those who use them for cut flowers.



**Part of a Block of 24,000 Delphiniums Blooming in our
Gardens at Albamont**

Note the stakes are 2 in. x 4 in. and stand 4 feet above the ground. Many of the plants in comparison to the stakes are 8 to 9 feet tall.

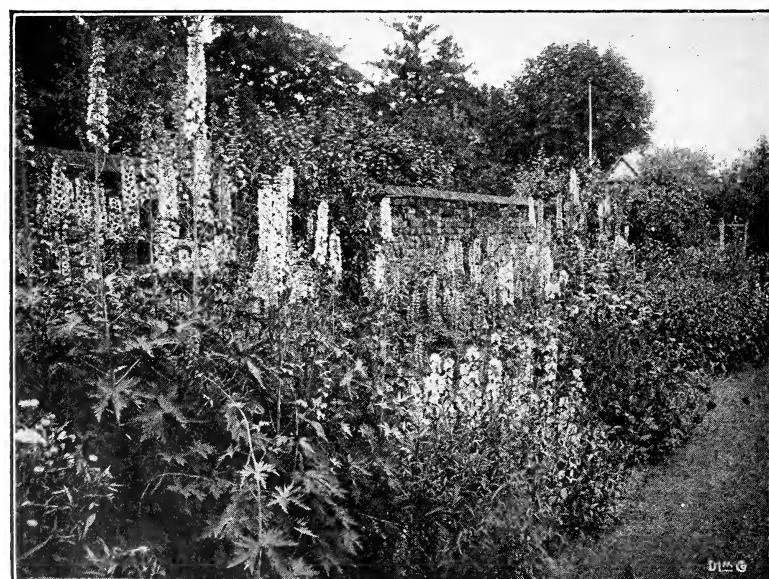
Albamont Mixture. Choice run of husky plants, a blend of all the best strains. Each 35c., doz. \$3.50, L. 100 \$25.00.



Albamont Hybrids. The choicest double and semi-double flowers of the famous Hollyhock (Wrexham) type. All shades of blue borne on tall, pyramidal spikes. Here at Albamont they grow 8 and 9 ft. high, with individual flowers up to 3 in. in diameter; rarely less than 2 in. in diameter. Regular run of extra strong, husky plants. Each \$1.00, doz. \$10.00, 100 \$75.00.

Personally selected plants marked at blooming time and of exceptionally quality. Each \$2.50 to \$10.00.

English Hybrids. The world's finest mixture (Blackmore & Langdon). Strong, 2 year old plants. Each 50c., doz. \$5.00, 100 \$37.50.



There are
no better
Delphiniums
than those
grown at
Albamont
Gardens

There are
no better
Delphiniums
than those
grown at
Albamont
Gardens



DICENTRA SPECTABILIS (Bleedingheart)

DICENTRA (DIELYTRA)

Spectabilis (Bleedingheart). April to July. Flowers heart-shaped in long racemes, rosy crimson. Fine for borders. 2 ft. Each 60c., doz. \$6.00.

DIGITALIS (Foxglove)

All, each 30c., doz. \$3.00

Ambigua. June and July. 2 to 3 ft. A yellow flowered Foxglove, quite hardy and easily grown.

Gloxiniaeflora. June and July. 3 ft. An excellent variety ranging in color from white to deep pink.

Maculata superba. Beautifully spotted. June-July. 3 ft.

Monstrosa (Mammoth Foxglove). Long spikes, enormous flowers, mixed colors.

Purpurea. June and July. 2 to 3 ft. Elegant spikes of beautiful tubular flowers of various shades of purple to white and with variously colored, spotted throats.

Purpurea alba. June and July. 2 ft. Pure white.

Rosea. Pink. July. 3 ft.

DORONICUM (Leopardbane)

Caucasicum. Large yellow, Margueritelike flowers in early Spring. May. 1½ to 2 ft. Each 50c., doz. \$5.00.

EUPATORIUM (Thoroughwort)

Coelestinum (Mistflower). Light blue flowers similar to Ageratum. September. 2 ft. Each 35c., doz. \$3.50.

GAILLARDIA (Blanketflower)**PERENNIAL VARIETIES**

The perennial varieties of this family are grown in most hardy borders. They thrive in any position or soil, require little or no protection and take care of themselves. If sown early, they begin flowering in July, and continue to be a mass of bloom until cut down by frost; fine for cutting. Height 2 feet.

All, each 30c., doz. \$3.00

Grandiflora Mixed. Composite flowers, variegated with shades of red and yellow.

Dazzler. Large, golden yellow flowers with rich maroon center.

Burgundy. Shining wine red flowers about 2½ in. in diameter, on long, stiff stems, from June until Fall.

GEUM

Lady Stratheden. Large double flowers, a rich golden yellow from June to September. 2 ft. Each 35c., doz. \$3.50.

Mrs. Bradshaw. Splendid variety. Double, dark red flowers. Blooms all Summer. 2 ft. Each 35c., doz. \$3.50.

GYPSOPHILA (Babysbreath)

Paniculata. When in bloom during August and September, it forms a symmetrical mass 2 to 3 feet in height, and as much through, of minute pure white flowers, forming a beautiful gauzelike appearance. When cut it is exquisite in combination with other flowers. Each 30c., doz. \$3.00.

Paniculata florepleno, Bristol Fairy. The flowers of this variety are very large. It makes an exceedingly handsome plant, and usually flowers two weeks earlier than the old variety. It is practically everblooming as a new crop of flowers will appear when the old flower stocks are cut off. Each 75c., doz. \$7.50.



GEUM

GERMAN IRIS

German Iris is among the most desirable and most easily grown of our Spring flowering hardy plants, producing in May showy flowers of exquisite coloring, combining the richest and most delicate tints. For best results plant in a well-drained, sunny position, barely covering the roots. German Iris needs sweet soil

We know of no class of hardy plants which will repay the owner with such a wealth of bloom, in so many varied colors or during a longer period than a well arranged planting selected from the list offered below; while not as aristocratic individually as the Exhibition varieties, they far surpass them in freedom of bloom and are well termed the Garden Varieties.

Each 25c., doz. \$2.50, 100 \$20.00. Collection of 1 each of the above 20 Garden Varieties for \$3.50

Alcazar. Standards, soft bluish violet overlaid bronze; falls, dark nigro-sin violet with white markings at base of petals and bronzy purple veins. It bears profusely flowers of mammoth size which are well poised on strong, rigid stems. Height 3 ft.

Archeveque. Standards, a rich shade of reddish purple; falls, dark velvety purple; very free.

Bridesmaid. Standards, pale lavender; falls, white, reticulated lavender.

Edouard Michel. One of the finest; flowers of large size, beautifully poised on 3 ft. high stems. The standards are broad and frilled, of a distinct shade of reddish violet; the falls, slightly deeper in color.

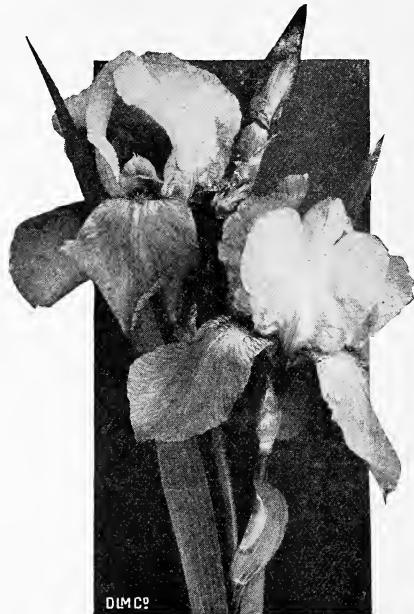
Eldorado. Standards, bronzy violet, passing to a yellow with brown reticulation at base; falls, light violet purple, lip overlaid with bronze; base yellow with brown pencilings. Very free flowering. Height 2½ ft.

Florentina Alba. Very free flowering, white.

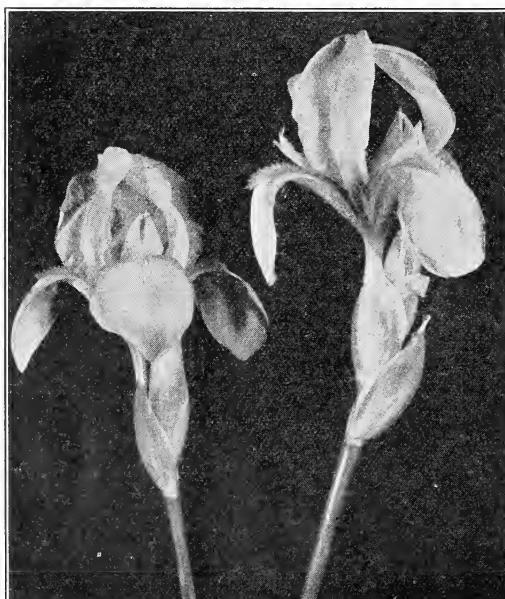
Foster's Yellow. Standards and falls, creamy yellow.

Honorabilis. Standards, golden yellow; falls, rich mahogany brown.

Isoline. Standards, vinaceous lilac suffused with bronze; falls, light purple overlaid with bronze; base of petals yellow with brown reticulations; golden yellow beard. Height 2½ ft.



GERMAN IRIS



IRIS SHERWIN-WRIGHT

King of Iris. A striking variety, with flowers of perfect form, the standards clear lemon color; falls, deep satiny brown, with a broad border of golden yellow. 2 ft.

La Tendresse. Standards and falls of an even Ageratum blue; of compact habit.

Lohengrin. Foliage and flowers of gigantic size, with petals 2 in. wide, of a deep violet mauve.

Loreley. Perfect shaped flowers; falls, of a deep ultra marine blue, more or less veined with creamy white, and bordered sulphur yellow, making a beautiful contrast.

Mme. Chereau. Standards and falls, pure white, daintily edged with light blue.

Nuee d'Orage. Standards, grayish lavender; falls, lavender violet with bronzy suffusion.

Parisiana. Standards, Chinese violet shot with white at center; falls, white reticulated and spotted with Chinese violet at edges; very free. Height 30 in.

Princess Victoria Louise. Standards, sulphur yellow; falls, rich plum, bordered cream.

Queen of May. Pleasing soft rosy lilac.

Rembrandt. Standards, light lavender blue; falls, of a deeper blue; early flowering.

Sherwin-Wright. Flowers most profusely, color a rich golden yellow without markings or shadings. The best and showiest yellow for mass planting.

HESPERIS

Matronalis (Sweet Rocket, Evening-scented Stock). Belongs to the Wallflower family. Deliciously sweet scented flowers for garden or cutting. 2-3 ft. June-August. Each 30c., doz. \$3.00.

HOLLYHOCK

Few hardy plants are more worthy of cultivation than Hollyhocks. For interspersing among shrubbery or planting in rows back of lower growing plants they are most valuable.

Double. In colors carmine, pink, red, salmon, white, yellow. Each 25c., doz. \$2.50.

Double Imperator Improved. 4 to 5 ft. Flowers measure 5 to 6 in. across with an entirely new formation. The blooms are composed of a very broad collar of frilled and fringed petals in a kaleidoscopic variety of color hitherto unknown in the genus. Very vigorous branching type. Each 35c., doz. \$3.50.

LIATRIS (Kansas Gayfeather)

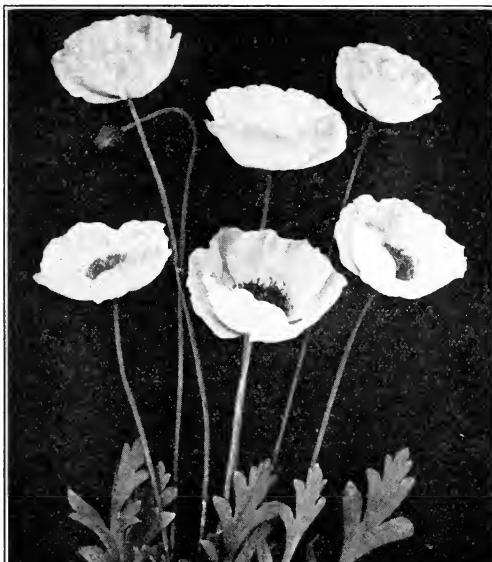
It grows in long spikes, 4 to 5 feet tall and densely covered with slender, grasslike leaves of a light green. The small flowers are light rosy purple; a peculiar habit of the Liatris is that the succession of bloom is from the top downward rather than from the lowest blooms up to the highest as in all other spike flowers.

Pycnostachya. One of the choicest and boldest species. Flowers deep rosy mauve, in dense spikes which bloom a long time. Foliage thick and grasslike; excellent for masses in the border. 4 to 5 ft. July-August. Each 30c., doz. \$3.00.

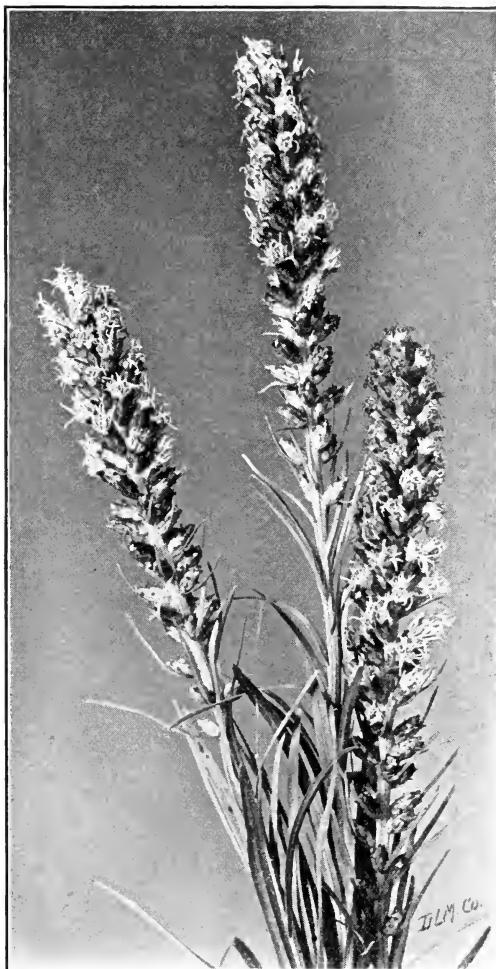
LUPINUS (Lupine)
Each 30c., doz. \$3.00

Polyphyllus. June and July. 2 to 5 ft. Deep blue, pea-shaped flowers in long spikes.

Polyphyllus albus. July and August. 4 ft. The white variety. Fine, bold, showy.



PAPAVER NUDICAULE "EL MONTE"



LIATRIS (Kansas Gayfeather)

Polyphyllus rosea. Strong spikes of soft rose pink flowers. 3 ft.

Sutton's Pink. New, strong spikes of salmon pink flowers.

PAPAVER (Poppy)

There is no class of hardy plants which has risen so much in public favor as the perennial Poppies, all of which are most striking and useful. They flower from the beginning of June to October.

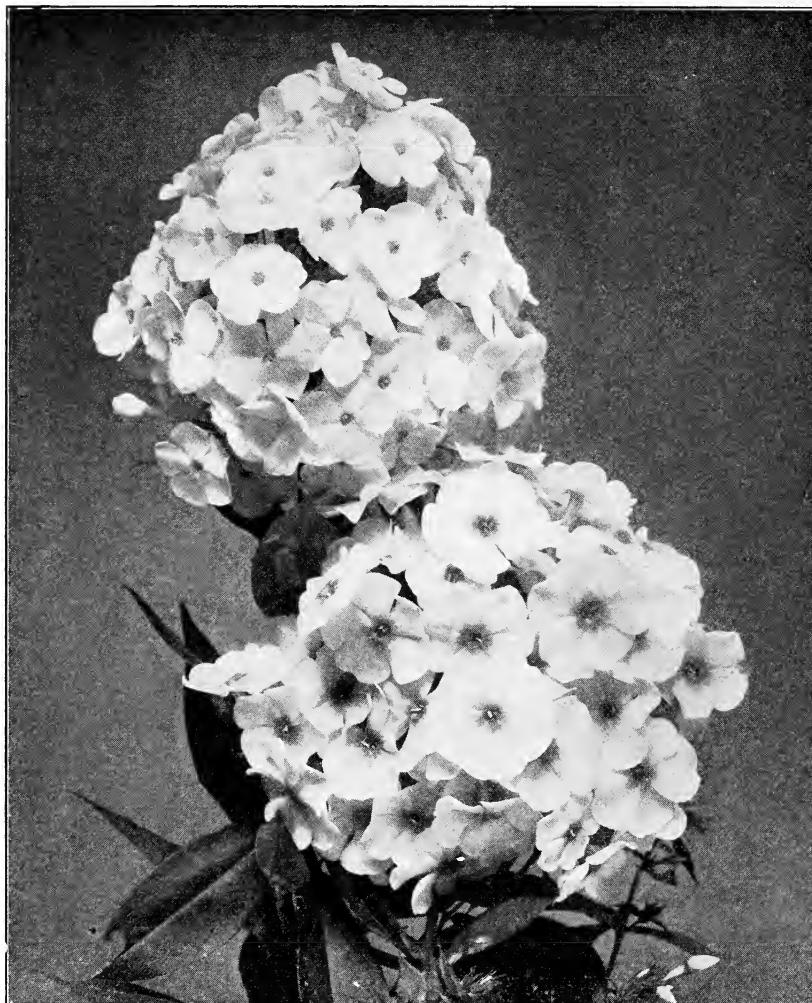
Each 30c., doz. \$3.00

Nudicaule (Iceland Poppy). All Summer. Flowers of a bright cheerful yellow. 1 ft.

Nudicaule, El Monte (Iceland Poppy). Perennial. An enchanting tangerine orange that can be brought into flower from seed within six months. Promises to be as popular as the Gerbera, now accepted as a florist cut flower. Originator's seed. Pkt. 50c.

Oriente. June. 3 ft. The large Oriental Poppy. A bold and showy perennial, producing numerous slender stems, 2½ ft. high, with large, crimson scarlet flowers.

August is the best time for transplanting these Poppies.



HARDY PHLOX

All, except where marked, each 30c., doz. \$3.00

Annie Cook. Pale lavender with rose eye; late.
Beacon. Brilliant red. Each 35c.

B. Comte. Rich French purple. Light.

Bridesmaid. White with crimson eye; late.

Elizabeth Campbell. Light with salmon pink center. Each 35c.

Enchantress. Bright salmon pink with dark red eye. Each 35c.

Ferdinand Cortez. Deep crimson.

Commander. Brilliant crimson red with deeper eye.

Deutschland. Rich bright orange scarlet.

Champs Elysee. Bright rosy magenta.

Le Mahdi. Large velvety purple. Each 35c.

Mrs. Scholten. Enormous dark lavender pink.

Mme. Prosper Laugier. White and dark red. Each 35c.

Firebrand. Bright brilliant scarlet with deeper center; large trusses, very strong growing. Each 35c.

Riverton Jewel. Beautiful mauve rose with brilliant carmine red eye.

Rosen Kavalier. Lively rose, large individual flowers in massive heads. Very new. Each 50c.

Rijnstroom. Carmine rose.

R. P. Struthers. Brilliant rosy crimson, claret red eye.

Thor. Deep salmon pink, analine red eye.

Von Hochberg. Brilliant red.

Miss Lingard. Early pure white.

OTHER VARIETIES OF PHLOX

Divaricata (Blue Phlox). Each 30c., doz. \$3.00, 100 \$20.00.

PACHYSANDRA

Terminalis. 4 to 6 in. Small, whitish flowers in May which are insignificant; deep green, evergreen foliage, after the Helleborus type, but much smaller; unsurpassable where an evergreen carpet is required. Looks well on graves, around shrubs and under trees, thrives anywhere. Greatly used for planting under trees or any place where grass will not grow. Each 25c., doz. \$2.50.

PHYSALIS (Chinese Lantern Plant)

Francheti. Hardy perennial forming dense bushes about 2 ft. high, producing bright orange scarlet, lanternlike fruits. May be had in flower first year from seed if sown early; the fruits are often displayed in florist shops and are very interesting, and of splendid decorative value. Each 25c., doz. \$2.50.

PLATYCODON (Chinese Bellflower)

Very handsome border plants of the Campanula family, the flowers in bud having the appearance of inflated balloons; they flower from June to September.

Each 30c., doz. \$3.00

Grandiflorum. 1-2 ft. Large, handsome, deep blue flowers.

Album. White.

PRIMULA (Primrose)

Vulgaris (English Primrose). An old favorite, and should be found in every garden; one of the earliest Spring flowers; of bright canary yellow; very fragrant. Each 30c., doz. \$3.00.



PLATYCODON (Chinese Bellflower)



PACHYSANDRA TERMINALIS

PYRETHRUM (Feverfew)

Double Hybrids. Double flowers including all shades of pink and white. Each 75c., doz. \$7.50.

Roseum. They include all colors from deep red, various shades of pink to pure white. Each 30c., doz. \$3.00.

SCABIOSA

(Pincushion)

To those who are familiar with the annual sorts of Scabiosa we need only say the perennials resemble the annuals except that the perennials have shorter florets at the center, while in the annual sorts the flowers are made up of florets of more uniform length.

Caucasica Perfecta.

Light blue flowers, prettily fringed on long stem; fine for cutting. 18 in. June-October.



PYRETHRUM (Feverfew)

House's New Giant Hybrids. 18 in. June-October. Large flowers in various shades of blue and lavender.

Columbaria rosea. Flowers measure 2 in. across, very freely produced, of a beautiful shape somewhat smaller than Scabiosa Caucasica, of a deep rosy mauve, almost a rose. Deeply laciniated foliage.

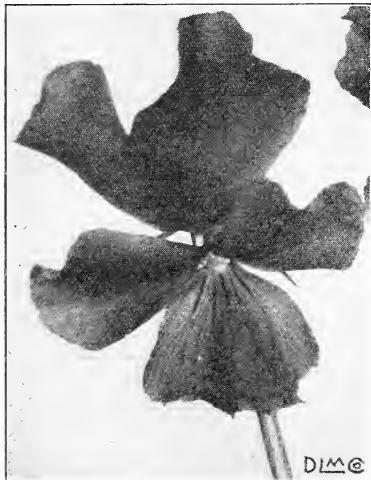
All, each 35c., doz. \$3.50

RUDBECKIA (Coneflower)

Laciniata, var. **Golden Glow**. It is a strong, robust grower, attaining a height of 5 to 6 ft. and produces masses of double golden yellow Cactus-Dahlia-like flowers from July to September. Each 25c., doz. \$2.50.

SWEET-WILLIAM (Dianthus barbatus)

Sweet-williams look well in solid beds of masses and require a good, rich, well manured soil to grow them to perfection. Excellent border plants and fine for cut flowers. Plants grow 18 to 24 inches high. Each 25c., doz. \$2.50.



VIOLA CORNUTA BLUE GEM (JERSEY GEM)

PRIMULA VULGARIS (English Primrose)
(See page 49)

Newport Pink. A distinct, new color which originated in one of the far-famed gardens at Newport, R. I. In color it is what florists call water-melon pink or salmon rose; strikingly brilliant and beautiful. The flowers are borne in massive heads, on stems 18 in. high. For midseason mass bedding it has no equal. It is also very effective for cutting. Each 30c., doz. \$3.00.

VERONICA (Speedwell)

Hardy, herbaceous perennials belonging to the Foxglove order. They vary in height from a few inches to 3 or 4 feet, and bear blue or white flowers in terminal spikes or racemes. Showy plants for sunny borders, and all of easy culture.

Longifolia subsessilis. August and September. 2 ft. Flowers in dense, erect spikes, a foot in length and from 4 to 5 in. in circumference, of a deep, rich blue. Each 40c., doz. \$4.00.

Spicata. June to August. 2 to 3 ft. Long spikes of small blue flowers. Each 30c., doz. \$3.00.



VERONICA LONGIFOLIA SUBSESSILIS

VIOLA CORNUTA
All, each 30c., doz. \$3.00, 100 \$20.00

Blue Gem (Jersey Gem). The flowers are a very pleasing shade of deep violet blue, with an occasional very slight variation in tint, and may be relied on to come about 70 per cent. true from seed. A great feature of this fine new variety is its wonderful power of resisting drought, the plants continuing to throw up flowers long after other varieties are withered up. Height 4 in.

Apricot Gem. An unusually fine shade, blending into a deep orange center. It is of recent introduction and proved merit, and should become as popular as Jersey Gem, with which it should be grown, thus producing in our opinion, an effect impossible to surpass with any other combination of Violas.

SUMMER BEDDING PLANTS

Grown cool in our modern greenhouses at Campton, and hardened off so they will do well in northern New England.

Large, strong, pot grown plants, ready in May and June

All from 3 3/4 in. pots, unless noted otherwise

AGERATUM (Flossflower). Grows well in light loam.

Lamrose. The newest dwarf blue. Each 35c., doz. \$3.50.

Blue Perfection. Dwarf blue, from 2 1/4 in. pots. Doz. \$1.50, 100 \$10.00.

ALYSSUM, SWEET.

Little Gem. Dwarf white, for edging. From 2 1/4 in. pots. Doz. \$1.00, 100 \$7.00.

ANTIRRHINUM (Snapdragon).

Newest Giant Flowered. In pink, scarlet, white, dark red and yellow. From 2 1/4 in. pots. Doz. \$1.50, 100 \$10.00.

ASTERS

Improved California Sunshine Asters.

Pink	Light Blue
Crimson	Dark Blue
Deep Rose	Lilac

Improved Crego Giant Asters.

White	Azure Blue
Shell Pink	Crimson
Deep Rose	Purple

Giant Comet Asters

Light Blue	Crimson
Dark Blue	Deep Rose
Dark Violet	Blue, bordered White

Moreton Pink Aster.

Extra Early Mammoth.

Light Blue	Crimson
Dark Blue	Rose

All in boxes of 12 each at 50c. per box

BEGONIA

Gloire de Chatelaine. Pink. Each 35c., doz. \$3.50.

Mrs. Patten. Rose. Each 35c., doz. \$3.50.

Tuberous Rooted Single Flowered. Separate colors or mixed. Each 50c., doz. \$5.00, 100 \$40.00.

Tuberous Rooted Single Frilled. Separate colors and mixed. Each 60c., doz. \$6.00, 100 \$50.00.

Tuberous Rooted Double Flowered. Separate colors and mixed. Each 60c., doz. \$6.00, 100 \$50.00.

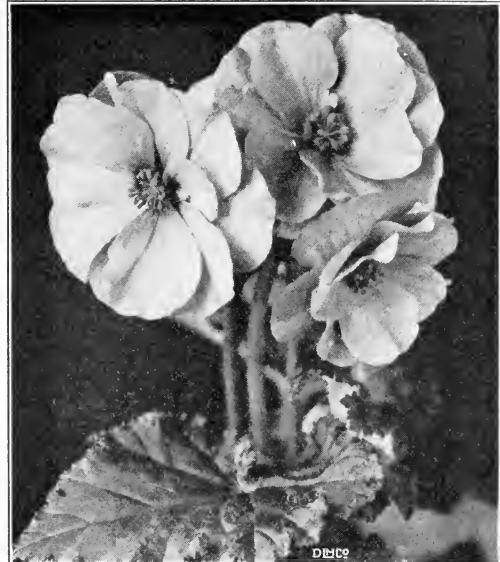
Hanging Basket Begonias. Fine large plants. 5 in. pots, each \$1.00 and \$1.50.

BELLIS perennis (English Daisy).

Finest Mixed. 2 1/4 in. pots. Doz. \$1.50, 100 \$10.00.

CALADIUM (Elephant's-ear).

Each 35c., doz. \$3.50.



TUBEROUS ROOTED BEGONIA, SINGLE FLOWERED

CALENDULA (Pot-marigold).

Campfire. Brilliant orange, very large.

Radio. Dark orange, quilled petals.

Ball's Gold. Deep golden yellow, extra large.

Ball's Supreme. Rich light orange, dark center.

Giant Orange. Very deep orange, extra fine.

All from 2 1/4 in. pots at Doz. \$1.50, 100 \$10.00, or grown 12 in a box, 50c. per box

CANNAS.

City of Portland. Deep rose pink, green foliage. 3 1/2 ft.

King Humbert. Orange scarlet, bronze foliage. 5 ft.

The President. Enormous glowing scarlet flowers; green foliage. 4 ft.

Doz. \$3.00, 100 \$18.00

CENTAUREA (Dusty-miller).

candidissima Silvery foliage.

cyanus (Bachelor Button). Blue. Very double.

From 2 1/4 in. pots, doz. \$1.50, 100 \$10.00

Also **Double Blue Bachelors Button.** Box of 12, 50c.

COLEUS (Flame Nettle). From 2 1/4 in. pots. Doz. \$1.50, 100 \$10.00.

COSMOS.

Giant Early Flowering. White, pink, and red.

Extra Early Crested Double. White, pink and red.

From 2 1/4 in. pots, doz. \$1.00, boxes of 12 each, 50c.

DRACAENA indivisa. Fine for centers of beds or urns. Choice selected plants, each 35c.; larger plants, each \$1.00.

FUCHSIA.

Various Colors, Double and Single. 12 \$3.50, 100 \$25.00.

Pride of Orion. New double white. Does not drop its flowers. 3 3/4 in. plants, each 50c., doz. \$5.00.

GERANIUMS—Doz. \$3.50, 100 \$30.00.

Alphonse Ricard (Semi-double). Bright vermillion scarlet.

Improved Beaute Poitevine (Semi-double). Light salmon pink; a great favorite.

Blossom Hill (Semi-double). Pale salmon pink; our own fine special seedling.

La Favourite. The finest double white, continuous bloomer.

Mme. Salleroi. Variegated leaved; dwarf, for borders and edging.

Radio Red (Double). Dazzling, dark scarlet.

Rycroft's Surprise (Ive-leaved). Clear rose pink. Also red.

S. A. Nutt (Double). Rich, dark crimson, free flowering.

Sweet Scented.

American Beauty. American Beauty rose color.

Fiat. New; one of the finest rich salmon pinks ever introduced.

HELICHRYSUM, Choicest Colors Mixed. Boxes of 12 each, 50c. per box.

HELIOTROPE.

Dark Blue. Very fine.

Royal Fragrance. Very fragrant old favorite.

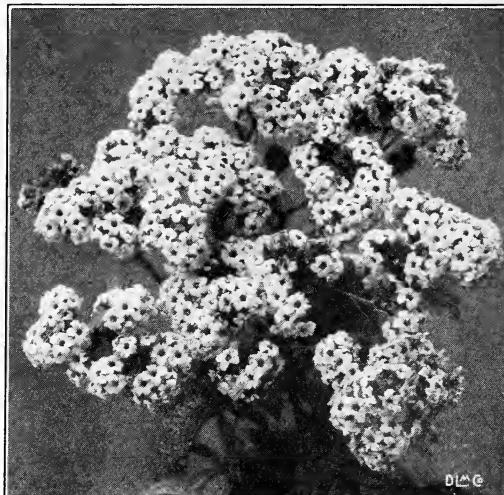
From 3 3/4 in. pots, each 35c., doz. \$3.50

IVY. A specialty with us. We have the finest collection in the United States.

Hardy English Ivy. 2 1/4 in. pots, doz. \$1.50; 3 3/4 in. pots, each 75c.; large plants, each \$1.00 to \$3.00.

New Japanese Miniature Leafed Ivy. The daintiest Ivy that grows. Also a fine house plant. 2 1/4 in. pots, each 25c.

New Hagenburger's Variegated Ivy. A wonderful color combination. We received a silver medal for it at the 1931 Spring Flower Show at Mechanics Bldg., Boston. Has two shades of green and white. Same sized leaf as English Ivy. Very decorative. Fine, 3 3/4 in. pot plants, each \$1.00 and \$1.50 according to size.



HELIOTROPE

Very New Miniature Leafed Variegated Ivy.

3 3/4 in. pots, each \$1.00.

New Vitis rhomboidea or **Japanese Grape.**

Sometimes called Japanese Ivy. A very choice new house plant, much better than the common Ivy. Ready about September 15th. We are headquarters for this fine novelty. 3 3/4 in. plants, each \$1.00.

Parlor Ivy for Window Boxes. Quick growing, green Ivy, not hardy. Each 25c., doz. \$2.50.

LANTANA. Assorted colors. Each 35c., doz. \$3.50.

LARKSPURS. New and exceptional varieties.

Tall Branching Double Stock Flowered Mixed

Blue Spire. Blue.

Carmine King. Deep carmine rose.

Exquisite Pink Improved. Pink.

Exquisite Rose Improved. Rose.

La France. Salmon pink.

Los Angeles. Brilliant rose on salmon ground.

Lilac Spire. Lilac.

Miss California. Rich deep pink on salmon ground.

White Spire. White.

All in boxes of 12 each, at 50c. per box

LOBELIA

Crystal Palace Compacta. Dwarf dark blue from 2 1/4 in. pots. Doz. \$1.50.

Double Kathleen Mallard. From 2 1/4 in. pots. Doz. \$1.50.

MARGUERITE. White or yellow. Each 35c., doz. \$3.50.

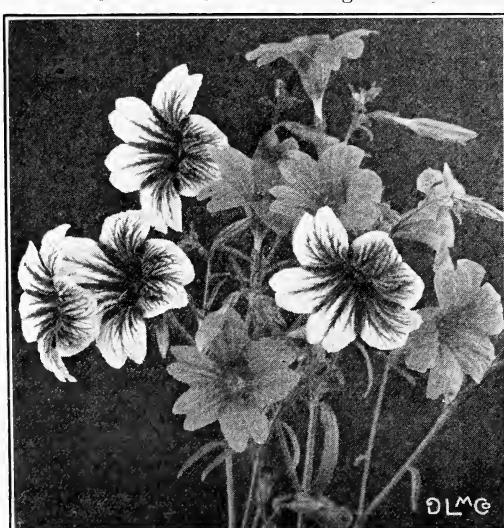
MARIGOLD

Dwarf French. All the choicest new double dwarf varieties.

New Dwarf Giant African. Lemon or orange double.

From 2 1/4 in. pots, doz. \$1.50, 100 \$10.00

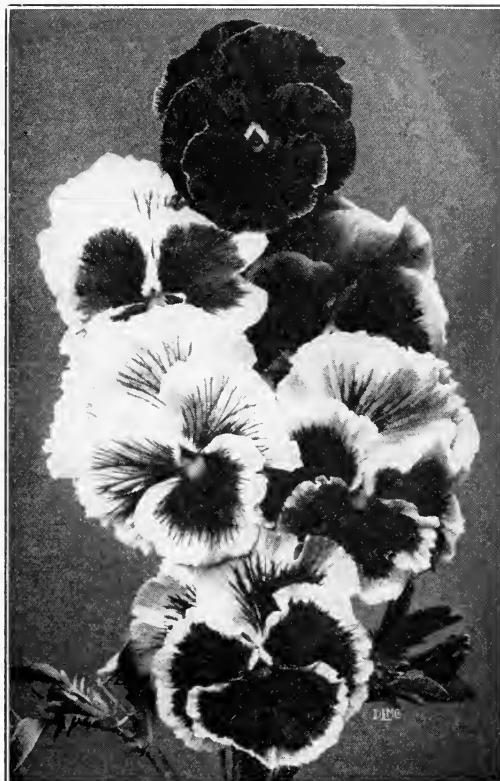
Boxes of 12, each 50c.



SALPIGLOSSIS (See page 53)

MESEMBRYANTHEMUM (Iceplant).**Pink.** $3\frac{3}{4}$ in. Each 35c., doz. \$3.50.**New Orange.** $3\frac{3}{4}$ in. Each 35c., doz. \$3.50.**New Purple.** $3\frac{3}{4}$ in. Each 35c., doz. \$3.50.**MIGNONETTE.****Machet Sweet Scented.** $2\frac{1}{4}$ in. pots, doz. \$1.50.**MYOSOTIS** (Forget-me-not). Beautiful blue, hardy Campton outside grown. Basket 50c.**PANSIES.** We have the finest variety of unusual colors in New England. They are very strong plants, growing outside here at Campton through the past Winter. There are no finer larger Pansies anywhere.**Giant.** Mixed or in colors. Baskets, each 35c.; or personal selection from our beds, baskets 50c.**PELARGONIUM****Easter Greeting.** (Martha Washington Geranium). Very ornamental and showy, producing in early spring large trusses of bright glistening flowers. Plants in $3\frac{3}{4}$ in. pots, 50c. each; 5 in. pots, \$1.00 each.**PETUNIA—Each 35c., doz. \$3.50.****California Ruffled Giants.****New Double Lavender Lady.****New Double Pink.****Steely Blue (New).****Theodosia** (New). Ruffled pink, yellow throat.**Velvety Violet** (New).**PETUNIA—All from $2\frac{1}{4}$ in. pots at: Doz. \$1.50, 100 \$10.00.**

Countess of Ellsmere	See descriptions under Seed Section in this catalog
General Dodds	
German Empress	
Lord Courtenay	
Romany Lass	
Rosy Morn	

Rose of Heaven.....**PHLOX drummondii.** Choicest colors, from $2\frac{1}{4}$ in. pots. Doz. \$1.50, 100 \$10.00.**SALPIGLOSSIS superbissima.** Grand mixture from $2\frac{1}{4}$ in. pots. Doz. \$1.50, 100 \$10.00.**SALVIA** (Scarlet Sage). Very large plants, sure to bloom profusely in northern New England.**splendens, Extra Choice Strain.** Bright scarlet.**splendens, Bonfire.** Bright scarlet.**splendens, Harbinger.** Bright scarlet.**All from $3\frac{3}{4}$ in. pots, doz. \$1.75, 100 \$12.00****SCABIOSA, Finest Mixed.** From $2\frac{1}{4}$ in. pots. Doz. \$1.50.**STOCKS** (Cut-and-come-again).**Giant Perpetual.** In colors, from $2\frac{1}{4}$ in. pots. Doz. \$1.50.

GIANT PANSIES

VERBENA**Mammoth Mixed**, or in separate colors. From $2\frac{1}{4}$ in. pots, doz. \$1.50, 100 \$10.00.**Cerise Beauty of Oxford.** The finest Verbena that grows. $3\frac{3}{4}$ in., each 35c., doz. \$3.50; $2\frac{1}{4}$ in., each 20c., doz. \$2.00.**Pink Beauty of Oxford.** Superior to Mayflower. $3\frac{3}{4}$ in., each 35c., doz. \$3.50; $2\frac{1}{4}$ in., each 20c., doz. \$2.00.**VINCA** (Periwinkle). In great demand for hanging over edge of vases or window boxes. Each 35c., \$3.50 per doz.**ZINNIA, Bodger's Gold Medal Strains** exclusively. Far superior to usual sorts.**Boxes of 12, each 50c.****Giant Dahlia Flowered Crimson Monarch.****Giant Dahlia Flowered Exquisite.****Giant Dahlia Flowered Mixed.****Giant Mammoth Zinnias, Enchantress.****Giant Mammoth Zinnias, Mixed.****Elegans Lilliput.** Small double flowers for borders, mixed.**Elegans Lilliput, Red Riding Hood.****Medium Flowered or Elegans Bedding Zinnia Mixed.** Fine for cut flowers.**Pumila Picotee Delight, Mixed.** Petals are ruffled and curled.

ALBAMONT EVERGREEN LAWN GRASS

Suggestions for Making and Caring for Lawns

The ground for a lawn should be dug at least a foot deep and liberally enriched with well rotted barnyard manure, dug well under, and the surface pulverized and made perfectly smooth.

The seed should be a mixture of hardy, dwarf grasses, free from seeds of weeds, and for light soils, a little white Clover should be added, say one-half pound to the bushel.

The seed should be broadcast evenly, lightly raked in, and the ground rolled to make the surface firm.

Perhaps the best time of the year to sow a new lawn is September; the natural seeds of weeds which are present in every soil do not start then, and the grass gets a season's growth in advance of the weeds. The next best time is in early Spring, the earlier the better, so that the grass may get as much growth as possible before the weeds interfere.

The care of a lawn is also important. It should be cut regularly, otherwise the coarser grasses will grow up and choke out the finer sorts, destroying the smooth, velvety surface so much desired. It should be regularly top-dressed with good commercial lawn fertilizer, fine ground bone, unleached wood ashes, etc. Lawn dressings composed entirely of chemicals should be used cautiously and applied only when the grass is dry. Barnyard manure should not be used to top-dress lawns if other material is available. It usually contains seeds of noxious weeds from the hay, which are difficult to exterminate.

Every Spring the lawn should be raked with a steel rake, which will take out dead grass and scratch the ground somewhat. A little lawn grass seed should be scattered over bare or thin spots and the surface rolled even and firm.

ALBAMONT "SPECIAL" LAWN GRASS MIXTURE

Albamont "Special" Lawn Grass Mixture produces a perfect as well as permanent, lawn of luxuriant richness. It quickly forms a closely interwoven, firm and elastic turf ready for cutting in about 6 weeks from time of sowing. This "Special" Mixture is the result of years of experimenting and is composed of the proper proportions of fine leaved, deep rooting, perennial grasses which will thrive under varied conditions of soil and climate; maintaining a succession of growth during the different seasons of the year, thus insuring a rich, deep green, smooth and velvety lawn, free from clumps.

This is a scientifically blended mixture, containing only the highest grade of reeleaned seeds of Red Top, Kentucky Blue, Chewing's Fescue, and Perennial Rye grasses, blended in proper quantities.

Price: Lb. 70c., 5 lbs. \$3.25, 20 lbs. \$12.00, 100 lbs. \$60.00

ALBAMONT REGULAR LAWN GRASS MIXTURE

Albamont Regular Lawn Grass Mixture still maintains a high place in the esteem of those who desire an even, dense growth of permanent sward very early in the season. This mixture contains no annual grasses so detrimental to a permanently good lawn. Only grasses of lasting value and extreme hardiness are used in this popular mixture and we exercise great care to use only the purest seed in the proper proportions in its blending. This Mixture is recommended to those who desire a popular priced mixture for average conditions and requirements.

1 lb. will sow 20x20 feet (400 square feet); 5 lbs. 40x50 feet (2000 square feet); 120 lbs. one acre.

Price: Lb. 50c., 5 lbs. \$2.10, 20 lbs. \$8.00, 100 lbs. \$40.00

ALBAMONT "SHADY PLACE" LAWN GRASS MIXTURE

Usually it is quite difficult to obtain a satisfactory growth of grass under trees and in shady places; for sowing in such places we recommend the use of this special mixture. It will quickly produce an abundant and even growth of beautiful green grass. The grasses used in making this special mixture are only those adapted for growing in shade. It has been successfully used on some large operations where a green sward was desired on land partially shaded by old trees.

Price: Lb. 70c., 5 lbs. \$3.25, bu. 20 lbs., \$12.00, 100 lbs. \$60.00

FLOWER POTS AND SAUCERS, WINDOW BOXES, ETC.

Neponset Paper Pots

Diam.	Doz.	100	1000	Diam.	Doz.	100	1000
2 1/4 in.	.10	\$0.55	\$3.40	4 in.	..	\$0.25	\$1.50
2 1/2 in.	.12	.65	3.90	5 in.	..	.35	2.25
3 in.	.15	1.10	5.30	6 in.	..	.45	3.00
3 1/2 in.	.20	1.25	6.90				17.90

Not less than 1000 at 1000 rate

Neponset Black Flower Pots

Especially adapted for growing plants.			
Diam.	Doz.	100	1000
2 in.	.12	\$0.65	\$4.40
2 1/4 in.	.12	.75	4.55
2 1/2 in.	.15	1.00	5.20

Not less than 1000 at the 1000 rate

CLAY POTS AND SAUCERS

(Inside measurements, width and depth equal)

Packing charged extra

Hew's Flower Pots, Earthen

(Height and diameter are the same)

Dia.	Each	Doz.	100	Dia.	Each	Doz.	100
2 1/2 in.	\$.03	\$0.25	\$1.25	9 in.	\$.40	\$4.25	\$38.00
3 in.	.04	.35	2.50	10 in.	.60	6.50	50.00
4 in.	.05	.45	3.75	12 in.	1.25	13.00	100.00
5 in.	.09	.85	6.80	13 in.	1.30	....	....
6 in.	.12	1.25	10.00	14 in.	1.70	....	....
7 in.	.18	2.10	17.00	15 in.	2.65	....	....
8 in.	.30	3.25	24.50				

HIGH GRADE FERTILIZERS

Prices f.o.b. Campton. Subject to change without notice

We do not offer mixed fertilizers except for local use in our neighborhood. Following are what we consider the best materials for general garden use.

Acid Phosphate. High grade; 16 per cent. A. P. A. For top dressing and mixing with other fertilizers. 100 lbs. \$2.00, ton \$32.00.

Ammonium Sulphate (Sulphate of Ammonia).

A nitrogenous plant stimulant, very quick in action and tending to make soil acid, also increasing leaf growth. For top dressing lawns, apply 1 oz. per sq. yd., or 350 lbs. per acre. As a liquid stimulant for plants, dissolve 1 oz. in a gal. of water and apply to the roots. 10 lbs. \$1.00, 25 lbs. \$1.50, 100 lbs. \$5.00.

Bonemeal Fertilizer (3 per cent. Ammonia, 50 per cent Bone Phosphate of Lime). We have a high grade of this valuable fertilizer prepared especially for us. It is useful for all crops, but especially for grass lands and fruit trees. 5 lbs. 90c., 10 lbs. 75c., 25 lbs. \$1.25, 50 lbs. \$2.25, 100 lbs. \$3.50, ton \$6.00.

Fine Ground Peat or Mull. Soft, light, has great absorbent properties, quickly decays, so that it is available for plant food. Will absorb 7 to 8 times its own weight of water; valuable as a fertilizer carrier for lawns, propagating, golf courses, and as a soil lightener. As a mulch for Rhododendrons, Kalmias and Evergreens of all sorts it cannot be too highly recommended. Rose growers find it invaluable as a Summer mulch, retains moisture and keeps down the growth of weeds. Standard bale, weight about 140 lbs. (makes about 20 bus.) each \$4.00.

Round Seed Pans, Earthen

Diam.	Each	Doz.	100
6 in.	\$0.12
8 in.30 3.25 24.50
10 in.60 6.50 50.00

Saucers, Earthen

Dia.	Each	Doz.	100
3 in.	\$.04	\$0.35	\$2.25
4 in.	..	.05	.40 2.80
5 in.	..	.06	.50 3.75
6 in.	..	.08	.75 5.00
7 in.	..	.10	1.00 7.00

Tin Bouquet Holders

Each	Doz.
Lightweight Green Painted	..... \$0.20 \$2.00

Redwood Window Boxes

Unpainted, shipped knockdown, but galvanized nails supplied with each box. Made from 1 inch clear heart dry California Redwood, well milled—the ends to fit into the sides and bottoms to fit into the ends. Furnished in 3 sizes. Each

2 ft. length, 8 in. wide, 8 in. high	..... \$2.00
3 ft. length, 8 in. wide, 8 in. high	..... 2.75
4 ft. length, 8 in. wide, 8 in. high	..... 3.00

Tankage, Blood (12 per cent. Ammonia). Blood Tankage is valuable in greenhouse or outdoors to heighten color of blooms and foliage. 100 lbs. \$7.00.

Tankage, Fine Ground (9 per cent. Ammonia, 20 per cent. Bone Phosphate of Lime). 100 lbs. \$4.00.

Vigoro. A superior combination of plant foods that meets nature's most exacting requirements. When Vigoro is used, no supplementary substances are required. If applied to plants grown on benches or in pots, it should be worked into the soil and the plants then watered. For top dressing the lawn in Spring, use 50 lbs. for a lot 30x125 ft., 25 lbs. \$2.00, 50 lbs. \$3.75, 100 lbs. \$6.00.

POT PLANT FERTILIZERS

Barrie's House-Plant Food. A highly concentrated, odorless fertilizer for house plants. May be used in the natural powdered form or can be mixed with water at the rate of one teaspoonful of Barrie's Plant Food to each quart of water. Apply once or twice a week until vigorous growth is promoted and throughout the blooming period. 12 oz. can 50c.

Stim-U-Plant. Stim-U-Plant tablets are designed for use by all who grow plants—home gardeners, market gardeners, small fruit growers, fruit growers, florists, and farmers. Stim-U-Plant tablets are packed in two sizes as follows: Small size 25c., 100 tablets 75c.

INSECTICIDES AND FUNGICIDES

There are many good brands, but we list only a few which we feel will produce good results.

Note—Articles prefixed by an asterisk (*) must be shipped by express—cannot be mailed

***Arsenate of Lead** (Powdered). A remedy for the Elm tree beetle, gypsy moth, brown tail moth, etc. It adheres well to the foliage and does not readily wash off with the rain. $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 35c., lb. .50c., 4 lbs \$1.50, 10 lbs. \$3.00, 25 lbs. \$7.00.

***Arsenate of Lead.** A pure Arsenate of Lead containing 33 per cent. arsenic oxide, absolutely chemically combined with lead and the lowest percentage of "free" or water soluble arsenic. It is the ideal compound for spraying Potatoes because it has the quality of quick poisoning. Its superior suspension gives even application; it is absolutely safe from "burning." It covers thoroughly and sticks to the foliage. It mixes easily and readily in water. No working up to prepare for the spray tank. No straining. It is only necessary to shake the proportional amount into the spray tank. By using the same weight each time you spray, your mixture is always the same strength. 1-lb. pkge., each 35c.; 5-lb. pkge., per lb. 25c.; 25-lb. pkge., per lb. 20c.

“Black Leaf 40.” A concentrated solution of Nicotine sulphate. Active ingredient, Nicotine 40 per cent. For spraying fruit trees to destroy soft-bodied sucking insects. Each sucking insect must be "hit" by spray to be affected. A highly efficient remedy for poultry vermin; applied with brush direct from can to the hen roosts. One fluid ounce "Black Leaf 40" to 6 gals. water. Keep solution well stirred while spraying. Full directions for all uses attached to every can. 1-oz. bottle, each 35c.; $\frac{1}{2}$ -lb. can, each \$1.25; 2-lb. can, each \$3.25.

***Bordeaux Mixture** (Powder). Ready for use by simply adding water. An indispensable fungicide for black rot, mildew, rust and seab on fruit trees and plants. Lb. 40c., 5 lbs. \$1.75, 10 lbs. \$3.25, 25 lbs. \$8.00.

***Cyanogas A-Dust.** For ants, moles, rats, woodchucks. Grade "A" Cyanogas is recommended because of its ease of application and high efficiency. *Ants*—Place pinch in nest opening sufficient to close. *Moles*—Blow dust in runway with duster. *Rats*—Plug all holes except one and blow in dust with duster. *Woodchucks*—Place heaping teaspoonful in closed burrow. Dust only, in $\frac{1}{2}$ -lb. tins, 45c.; 1-lb. tins, 75c.

***Ever Green.** Kills cut worms. Non-poisonous. Will not burn or injure the tenderest crop. Does not injure the soil in any way. Will not gum sprayers. Pleasant and easy to use. No unpleasant odor. When undiluted, Ever Green retains its strength indefinitely. To kill cut worms, use 1 part of Ever Green to 100 parts of water. Spray around plants, wetting ground thoroughly. Cut worms coming in contact with the solution will come to the surface and die. Keep ground around plants moist. Do not use soap. Ever Green can also be used to control aphis, leaf hoppers, cabbage worms, mealy bug and many other insects, killing practically all sucking and chewing insects. 1-oz. bottles, 35c.; 6-oz. bottles, \$1.00; 16-oz. bottles, \$2.00; 32-oz. bottles, \$3.50.

***Formaldehyde.** This solution is used to prevent fungoid diseases such as potato scab. The dilution for most purposes is 1 lb. Formaldehyde to 15 to 20 gals. of water. Lb., liquid, 60c.

***Fungtrogen.** Destroys mildew and controls black spot on Roses and at the same time supplies an essential fertilizer that promotes color in the foliage. $\frac{1}{2}$ pt. 75c., pt. \$1.25, qt. \$2.00.

***Lime-Sulphur** (Dry). For dormant spraying of fruit or shade trees and bushes against San Jose and oyster shell scale, also Peachleaf curl and brown rot of Peaches. Lb. 35c., 5 lbs. \$1.50, 10 lbs. \$2.50, 25 lbs. \$4.50.

***Scalecide.** A reliable, simple and economical spray for San Jose scale, brown scale, red scale, cottony maple scale, pear psylla, rust mite, white fly, and many other scale and soft-bodied sucking insects. Scalecide is not an emulsion, but a soluble miscible oil that mixes instantly with cold water and stays mixed. Spray thoroughly or not at all, using finest nozzle. Fogging is better than drenching. Full directions for use accompany each package. Qt. cans, each 75c.; 1-gal. cans, each \$1.75; 5-gal. cans, each \$6.25.

***Semesan Bel.** An effective control for potato scab and certain other diseases of the potato. Easy to mix; the cut or uncut seed may be dipped in the solution, dried off, and planted. 1 lb. Semesan Bel in solution treats 16 to 20 bushels seed potatoes. 4 ozs. 50c., lb. \$1.75.

Snarol. Cut worms, slugs, snails, grasshoppers and other annoying pests are quickly exterminated by this amazing new preparation. Snarol is a ready prepared meal that you simply broadcast on the ground—under the flowers and plants. Water will not harm it. 1-lb. carton, 45c.; 3-lb. carton, 95c.

Sulphur, Flowers of. Used to prevent and cure mildew on plants. 1 lb. 12c., 100 lbs. \$8.00.

ARTICLES AND VARIETIES WANTED		PRICE	
LEAVES of this C. BLANK	Quantity Wanted	UNIT, i.e. Pkt., Lb., Oz., Etc.	

111

Amount Forward from first page

TOTAL AMOUNT OF ORDER	

TOTAL AMOUNT OF ORDER

LEAVE THIS SPACE BELOW BLANK

Albamont Gardens

CAMPTON
New Hampshire

Leave Blank for Office Record

General Order Blank

Name in Full

Street and number or R. F. D.

Town or City

State

AMOUNT ENCLOSED

\$

Mark with X Shipping Instructions: *Parcel Post* *Express* *Freight*
Shipping Address (*if different from above*)

NOTICE.—We give no warranty, express or implied, as to the quality and durability of the plants or articles offered, and any seeds, nursery stock, or plants we sell, and will not be in any way responsible for the crop.

ALBAMONT GARDENS.

LEAVE
THIS
BLANK

ARTICLES AND VARIETIES WANTED

PRICE

FOR BALANCE OF ORDER USE OTHER SIDE

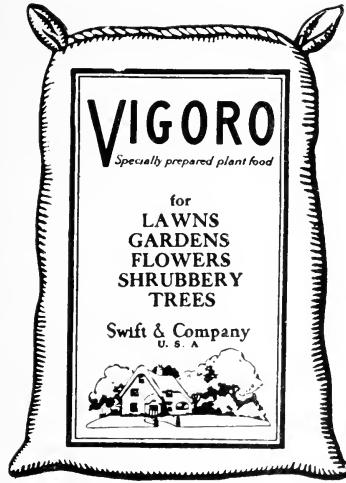
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VIGORO

Specially prepared plant food

Grows Beautiful Lawns and Flowers

You will find that **Vigoro**, the ideal plant food, gives a quick, vigorous start—more velvety green grass, better flowers, crisp, succulent vegetables.



Vigoro is complete, properly balanced, clean, odorless, and pleasant to handle. It can be sown by hand like grass seed.

Vigoro contains all the elements that plant life requires for healthy growth. Professional gardeners and home owners alike have come to rely upon **Vigoro**, and recommend it enthusiastically.

5 lb. package.....	\$0.60
25 lb. bag.....	2.00
50 lb. bag.....	3.75
100 lb. bag.....	6.00

Full directions in every bag

How Much Vigoro Does Your Home Need?

A lot 30 ft. x 125 ft.	needs 75 lbs. Vigoro
A lot 50 ft. x 125 ft.	needs 150 lbs. Vigoro
A lot 75 ft. x 150 ft.	needs 250 lbs. Vigoro
A lot 100 ft. x 150 ft.	needs 350 lbs. Vigoro
A lot 150 ft. x 150 ft.	needs 675 lbs. Vigoro

(Sold only in original packages—never in bulk)

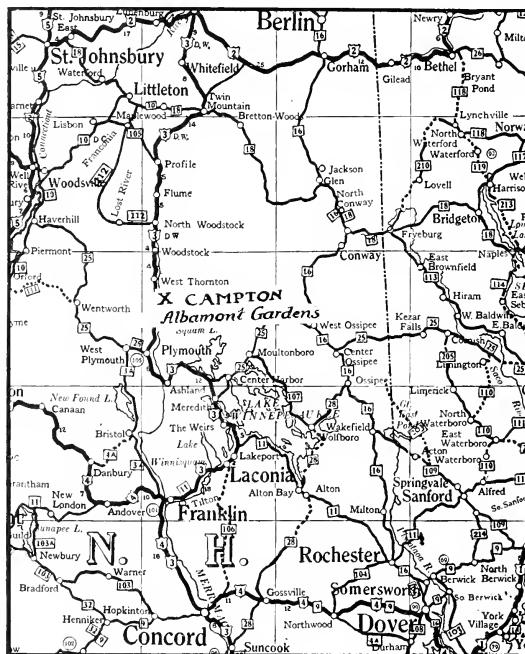
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ROAD MAP

Showing how to reach

ALBAMONT GARDENS



ALBAMONT GARDENS are located one-half mile
North of the Campton Station on the Pemigewasset Valley Branch of the Boston & Maine R. R.
